

Can: 뜻 1. _____, 2. _____

May: 뜻 1. _____, 2. _____

한글: ~해야 한다 / ~하지 말아야 한다

영어: **must** / _____

have to / _____

should / _____

* 'have to'의 반대말은 '_____ '이다.

'don't have to'는 '_____ '라는 뜻으로 '해야 한다'의 반대말이 될 수 없다.

※ [1-3] 다음 괄호 안의 동사와 **can**을 써서 빈칸을 완성하세요.

1. You _____ (use) your books during the test.

2. Martin _____ (drive) us to the train station.

3. Olivia and Peter _____ (come) over dinner tonight.

※ [4-9] 다음 괄호 안에서 알맞은 것을 고르세요.

4. You (may, must) stop at the red light.

5. We will (must, have to) get a new TV.

6. Ricky (has to, have to) take the subway to the airport.

7. He (shouldn't lie, shouldn't lies) to his parents.

8. A: (May, Must) I take your picture?

B: Sure, go ahead.

9. Simon (may, has to) like K-pop. He has lots of posters in his room!

※ [10-15] 다음 문장을 괄호 안의 지시대로 바꿔 쓰세요.

10. Stella can talk to them. (의문문)

→

11. You can walk on the grass. (부정문)

→

12. I can enter the building. (의문문)

→

한글: 틀림없이 ~일거다 / _____

영어: _____ / _____

* '_____ '는 '틀림 없이 ~ 일거다'라는 뜻이 있다.

반대말인 '_____ '은 '_____ '라는 뜻이다.

'must not'은 '_____ '라는 뜻으로 추측의 반대말이 될 수 없다.

13. We can go on a picnic tomorrow. (부정문)

→

14. They can bring some food to the party. (의문문)

→

15. Kelly can see the forest through the window. (부정문)

→

※ [16-20] 다음 빈칸에 알맞은 조동사를 써서 대화를 완성하세요.

16.

A: _____ I ask you some questions?

B: Sure, go ahead.

17.

A: My brother passed the test.

B: Your parents _____ be very happy.

18.

A: _____ I do this by next week?

B: Yes, you must.

19.

A: Does she have to write the report today?

B: No, she _____ .

20.

A: Our soccer team lost the game.

B: What? It _____ be true!

※ [21-24] 다음 두 문장이 같은 뜻이 되도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰세요.

21. I cannot find my wallet.
= I _____
find my wallet.

22. They couldn't finish the task on time.
= They _____
finish the task on time.

23. You must leave the office now.
= You _____ leave the office now.

24. Must we take off our shoes?
= _____
take off our shoes?

※ [25-28] 다음 중 밑줄 친 can과 쓰임이 같은 것을 [보기]에서 골라 기호를 쓰세요.

- [보기] ㉠ Can I have this paper?
 ㉡ Can you cook?

25. Can I ask a few questions? _____
26. They can read. _____
27. Can you give me some water? _____
28. You can bring pets here. _____

※ [29-33] 다음 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸을 완성하세요.

29. 그녀가 내 노트북을 빌려 가도 괜찮다.
→ She _____ borrow my laptop.
30. 너는 일주일에 3일은 운동을 하는 것이 좋다.
→ You _____ exercise three times a week.
31. 나는 이번 주 토요일에 일하러 갈 필요가 없다.
→ I _____ go to work
this Saturday.
32. 케이트는 자전거를 탈 수 있다.
→ Kate _____ ride a bike.
33. 윌리엄은 다른 직장을 구해야만 했다.
→ William _____ get another job.

※ [34-40] 문장에서 밑줄 친 부분을 바르게 고쳐 쓰세요.

34. How can they learned the skills?
35. You must bring not food into the museum.
36. How long will they are in Malaysia?
37. They will must wait for an hour.
38. Kim have to stay at home on Sunday.
39. He should not says things like that.
40. Angela will can speak French in 10 months.

조동사

Can: ~할 수 있다(능력), ~해도 좋다(허가),

May: ~일지도 모른다(추측), ~해도 좋다(허가)

~해야 한다 / ~하지 말아야 한다

must / must not

have to / must not

should / should not

* 'have to'의 반대말은 'must not'이다.

'don't have to'는 '안 해도 된다'라는 뜻으로 '해야 한다'의 반대말이 될 수 없다.

한글: 틀림없이 ~일거다 / ~아닐거다

영어: **must** _____ / **cannot** _____

* '**must**' 는 '틀림 없이 ~ 일거다'라는 뜻이 있다.

반대말인 '**cannot**'은 '**아닐거다**' 라는 뜻이다.

'**must not**'은 '**하지 말아야 한다**'라는 뜻으로 추측의 반대말이 될 수 없다.

[1-3]

1. can use
2. can drive
3. can come

[4-9]

4. must
5. have to
6. has to
7. shouldn't lie
8. May 9. may

[10-15]

10. Can Stella talk to them?
11. You can't[cannot] walk on the grass.
12. Can I enter the building?
13. We can't[cannot] go on a picnic tomorrow.
14. Can they bring some food to the party?
15. Kelly can't[cannot] see the forest through the window.

[16-20]

16. May[Can / Could]
17. must
18. Must
19. doesn't have to
20. can't[cannot]

[21-24]

21. am not able to
22. were not able to
23. have to
24. Do we have to

[25-28]

25. a
26. b
27. a
28. a

[29-33]

29. may[can]
30. should
31. don't have to
32. can
33. had to

[34-40]

34. can they learned → can they learn
35. must bring not → must not bring
36. will they are → will they be
37. will must → will have to 또는 will 또는 must
38. have to → has to 또는 had to
39. should not says → should not say
40. will can speak → will be able to speak