



고1_1811[기출문제] 23

다음 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?¹ [H1-1811 23번]

Chances are good, however, that you remember stories, anecdotes, and examples from the event, even if you can't think of their exact context.

In a competitive environment, such as a college admissions process or a job application situation, almost everyone has strong qualifications. (A) Almost everyone has facts in their favor. But how valuable are facts alone? (B) Think back to the most recent lecture or presentation you attended. How many facts do you remember from it? (C) If you're like most people, you can't recall many, if any. (D) The average person today is flooded with facts and data, and we let most of this pass through our brains with minimal retention or reaction— unless something makes the information stand out in a meaningful way. (E) That's where story comes in.

- ① A ② B ③ C ④ D ⑤ E

다음 글을 읽고 유추할 수 있는 내용으로 적절한 것은?²

[H1-1811 23번]

In a competitive environment, such as a college admissions process or a job application situation, almost everyone has strong qualifications. Almost everyone has facts in their favor. However, how valuable are facts alone? Think back to the most recent lecture or presentation you attended. How many facts do you remember from it? If you're like most people, you can't recall many, if any. However, chances are good that you remember stories, anecdotes, and examples from the event, even if you can't think of their exact context. The average person today is flooded with facts and data, and we let most of this pass through our brains with minimal retention or reaction—unless something makes the information stand out in a meaningful way. That's where story comes in.

- ① Even though you cannot think of the context, you may recall stories from the event.
 ② If something makes facts distinguished in a meaningful way, facts could pass through your brain.
 ③ Because we are flooded with facts, we should shed what is meaningful to us.
 ④ Since everyone has facts in their favor, we must stand out with our own story to win a competition.
 ⑤ With stories, facts could cause minimal retention or reaction.



다음 글의 밑줄 친 **That's where story comes in**이 다음 글에서 의미하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?³ [H1-1811 23번]

In a competitive environment, such as a college admissions process or a job application situation, almost everyone has strong qualifications. Almost everyone has facts in their favor. But how valuable are facts alone? Think back to the most recent lecture or presentation you attended. How many facts do you remember from it? If you're like most people, you can't recall many, if any. Chances are good, however, that you remember stories, anecdotes, and examples from the event, even if you can't think of their exact context. The average person today is flooded with facts and data, and we let most of this pass through our brains with minimal retention or reaction— unless something makes the information stand out in a meaningful way. That's where story comes in.

* retention: 기억

- ① Storytelling can keep your brain lazy.
- ② We can improve our skill by reading stories.
- ③ Making story needs more facts than we have.
- ④ Story can enhance your ability to use accurate terms.
- ⑤ Story can help us make up for the deficiency of facts.

다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?⁴ [H1-1811 23번]

In a competitive environment, such as a college admissions process or a job application situation, almost everyone has strong qualifications. Almost everyone has facts in their favor. (A)_____ how valuable are facts alone? Think back to the most recent lecture or presentation you attended. How many facts do you remember from it? If you're like most people, you can't really many, if any. Chances are good, (B)_____, that you remember stories, anecdotes, and examples from the event, even if you can't think of their exact context. The average person today is flooded with facts and data, and we let most of this pass through our brains with minimal retention or reaction—unless something makes the information stand out in a meaningful way. That's where story comes in.

*retention: 기억

- | (A) | (B) |
|----------------|-------------|
| ① For instance | however |
| ② For instance | in addition |
| ③ In contrast | as a result |
| ④ But | however |
| ⑤ But | as a result |



다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계없는 문장은? ⁵ [H1-1811 23번]

In a competitive environment, such as a college admissions process or a job application situation, almost everyone has strong qualifications. Almost everyone has facts in their favor, but facts alone are not always valuable. ⓐIf you think back to the most recent lecture or presentation you attended, you cannot recall many facts from it. ⓑChances are good, however, that you remember stories, anecdotes, and examples from the event, even if you can't think of their exact context. ⓒThe average person today is flooded with facts and data, and we let most of this pass through our brains with minimal retention or reaction – unless something makes the information stand out in a meaningful way. ⓓOur brains consist of several regions which deal with different types of functions. ⓔThat's where story comes in.

- ① ⓐ ② ⓑ ③ ⓒ ④ ⓓ ⑤ ⓔ

다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? ⁶ [H1-1811 23번]

In a competitive environment, such as a college admissions process or a job application situation, almost everyone has strong qualifications. Almost everyone has facts in their favor. But how valuable are facts alone? Think back to the most recent lecture or presentation you attended. How many facts do you remember from it? If you're like most people, you can't recall many, if any. Chances are good, (A) _____, that you remember stories, anecdotes, and examples from the event, even if you can't think of their exact context. The average person today is flooded with facts and data, and we let most of this pass through our brains with minimal retention or reaction—(B) _____ something makes the information stand out in a meaningful way. That's where story comes in.

* retention: 기억

(A) (B)

- ① similarly once
 ② however unless
 ③ therefore even though
 ④ nevertheless as long as
 ⑤ likewise if



정답

1 ④

2 ③

3 ⑤

4 ④

5 ④

6 ②