

[배점 1-13: 각 1점; 14-17: 각 1.5점; 18-30: 각 2점; 31-40: 각 2.5점; 41-50: 각 3점. 총 100점]

[1~13: 1 point each]

[1-4] Choose the one that best completes the sentence.

- The unethical researchers used a tool that they knew would \_\_\_\_\_ the results of the safety test and make the cars look safer than they really were.  
① transcend ② skew ③ compile ④ refrain
- To be sure, the nation's economic ability to \_\_\_\_\_ its expansionism is questionable.  
① sustain ② stall ③ relinquish ④ subdue
- This attack will \_\_\_\_\_ the already tense relations between the two countries.  
① exacerbate ② eradicate ③ envision ④ espouse
- Getting an A+ in English is not an easy \_\_\_\_\_ for a student who has never resided in an English-speaking nation.  
① attribute ② training ③ example ④ feat

[5-9] Choose the one that best replaces the underlined word.

- Some young people consider their nation's traditional values obsolete in this fast-changing age.  
① outdated ② absolute ③ meritorious ④ variable
- His postwar policies brought criticism upon him which could have tarnished his popularity.  
① tainted ② regained ③ perished ④ stabilized
- Patients suffering from liver disease may be susceptible to bacterial infections.  
① available ② digressive ③ prone ④ invincible
- The recent surge in airfares came as a shock to international travelers.  
① strike ② ebb ③ hike ④ recess
- The restaurant's serving staff has become redundant with the introduction of the new serving robots.  
① superfluous ② plausible ③ sarcastic ④ liable

[10-13] Choose the one that is closest in meaning to the CONTEXTUAL meaning of the underlined word.

- Although delicate in structure, spider webs are strong enough to withstand hurricane-force winds.  
① intricate ② fragile ③ sensitive ④ discreet
- This can best be done in clearly situated case studies, which yield qualitative findings.  
① surrender ② stop ③ profit ④ provide
- The violent movie received an adult-only rating from the film review board.  
① plank ② group ③ stage ④ meal
- Fried chicken smothered in hot sauce presents the sport of trying to eat it with anything fewer than four paper napkins.  
① athletics ② mockery ③ companion ④ entertainment

[14~17: 1.5 points each]

[14-15] Choose the one that is closest in meaning to the given sentence.

- There were many students marching in the parade and a lot of people watching them, myself among others.  
① I marched with many students in the parade and people watched us.  
② Many students marched in the parade and I watched them with many others.  
③ There were many people either marching with me in the parade or watching it.  
④ Many students marched in the parade with many people watching them, but I wasn't there.
- There are books of which the backs and covers are by far the best parts.  
① Even the backs and covers are good in great books.  
② You should read the backs and covers to appreciate good books.  
③ Some books are so poor that their best parts are the backs and covers.  
④ Some authors pay attention to the backs and covers to make them the best parts of the book.

[16-17] Choose the one that best completes the sentence.

- Now that \_\_\_\_\_, the province is advising that people be fully vaccinated before traveling.  
① have travel rules loosened ② travel have loosened rules  
③ travel have rules loosened ④ travel rules have loosened
- Many scientists are saying that it is difficult, \_\_\_\_\_, to calculate what impact global warming has on the ecosystem.  
① not even impossible ② though even impossible  
③ if not impossible ④ impossible even though

[18~30: 2 points each]

[18-19] Choose the one that makes the sentence grammatically INCORRECT.

- The task of ①advertisements is ②to demonstrate to people ③how few they really know ④about what they want.
- ①Creating a *hwagak* artifact is a ②complicated process ③involved a great deal of time and ④effort.

[20-21] Choose the one that is grammatically INCORRECT.

- ① Linguistics is one of the core areas of the humanities.  
② Ten years is never a short time to stay home by yourself.  
③ In university, not only the faculty but also the students are vital.  
④ The number of the infected, unfortunately, are significantly rising.
- ① The house will be ready for you to inspect in a few days.  
② The thesis includes a rather difficult argument to refute.  
③ The report was far too long to read in one evening.  
④ Her new book is definitely worth looking at it.

[22-50] Read the following passages and answer the questions.

[22-23] The concept of leadership has evolved through the ages. And this evolution has given birth to (A)many counterproductive theories and myths. For some people, leadership means assuming responsibility for everything at the workplace. Such leaders feel compelled to do everything themselves since they feel they are not good leaders otherwise. Others feel that since they are in a leadership position, they have to prove over and over that they are smarter than everyone else, thus justifying their presence at the helm of the team or organization. This is a common misconception about leadership. Intelligent leaders have learned to accept that they do not have to know everything to lead well. Leadership coaching holds in high regard skills such as the ability to (B)\_\_\_\_\_ tasks in order to tap into the unique abilities of employees and peers. An intelligent leader understands that every meaningful relationship is a unique resource and treats employees accordingly.

22. According to the passage, which of the following is **NOT** an example of (A)?
- ① Leaders assume responsibility for everything at work.
  - ② Leaders value meaningful relationships.
  - ③ Leaders do everything themselves.
  - ④ Leaders are smarter than others.
23. Which of the following best fits into (B)?
- ① dictate
  - ② disown
  - ③ diminish
  - ④ delegate

[24-25] Since the 1960s, there has been a group of musicians who have been serious about finding a breakthrough for *gugak* to make it more appealing to music fans. Their ceaseless work to entice modern listeners to Korea's traditional music finally materialized five decades later, in the mid-2010s, with the advent of what is being called '*Joseon pop*', a term coined both by industry experts and the media that implies a 'meeting of old and new'. *Gugak* musicians had been wrestling for a long time with the idea of how (A)\_\_\_\_\_. There was a consensus among musicians, as well as among the public, that *gugak* was archaic, like cultural heritage that had remained the same for centuries and had nothing to offer contemporary listeners. This negative perception of *gugak* had to be changed to make it into riveting pop music and broaden its fanbase. The unique combinations of *Joseon pop* create an irresistibly hip, new form of music. It encompasses all types of music performed by Korean fusion bands based on traditional music while adopting contemporary elements from various genres.

24. According to the passage, which of the following is **NOT** true?
- ① The fanbase for *gugak* was limited in the past.
  - ② *Gugak* has become more appealing through fusion with other genres.
  - ③ The media has partly contributed to the public impression of *Joseon pop*.
  - ④ *Joseon pop* is an overnight sensation thanks to adopting contemporary elements.
25. According to the passage, which of the following best fits into (A)?
- ① to make their music relevant to the public
  - ② to remain on the margins of the industry
  - ③ to return to their musical origins
  - ④ to resist contemporary challenges

[26-27] Why do mosquitoes buzz in your ears? The sound comes from the mosquito's wings, which make the annoying buzzing sound when they circle your head, looking for a place to land. Both male and female mosquitoes buzz, but you probably won't notice the male mosquito's buzzing sound, because they don't want to drink your blood. So they stay away from your ear, feeding on nectar instead. It's the female mosquitoes that come to annoy you. Scientists have discovered that the buzz of mosquitoes is more than just a way to annoy you. It's actually how they find suitable mates. Since female mosquitoes are larger, they flap their wings slower than males, creating a buzzing sound lower in pitch. Males use the (A)\_\_\_\_\_ pitch of the female mosquitoes' buzz to recognize them. Male mosquitoes will (B)\_\_\_\_\_ females when they are quietly resting, but when the females are flying, and therefore buzzing, they want to mate with them. Some people believe that mosquitoes that buzz don't bite. Well, that's true. As long as they're buzzing, they're flying, so they can't bite you. But as soon as they stop buzzing, (C)look out!

26. Which of the following ordered pairs best fits into (A) and (B)?
- ① attractive - lure
  - ② peculiar - bother
  - ③ distinctive - ignore
  - ④ annoying - attract
27. Which of the following does (C) imply?
- ① It is a male mosquito.
  - ② It has landed to bite you.
  - ③ It is looking for a mate.
  - ④ It has gone to look for nectar.

[28-30] Forward head posture, also called 'turtle neck syndrome', is defined as a posture where your neck slants in the anterior direction, positioning the head in front of the atlas (the first neck vertebra). This posture shifts the center of gravity forward relative to the weight of the head. Many bad habits of contemporary living can cause forward head posture. These include spending too much time looking at your cell phone or computer monitor, carrying a heavy backpack, or sleeping with your head elevated too high. Other causes may include past neck injuries, weak neck muscles, and practicing sports that (A)\_\_\_\_\_ one side of your body, such as baseball, golf, and tennis. Over time, forward head posture can be corrected by changing your lifestyle habits. Choose a pillow that supports the natural curve of your neck. Make your work station ergonomic by positioning your computer screen at about an arm's length from your head, and keeping the top of the monitor at eye's level so that you don't constantly look down at your screen. Most importantly, you should exercise regularly to improve your posture.

28. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?
- ① Causes and Treatment of Forward Head Posture
  - ② Playing Sports and Forward Head Posture
  - ③ Risks of Extended Use of Cell Phones
  - ④ How to Exercise your Neck Muscles
29. According to the passage, which of the following is true?
- ① A healthy posture is one where the head is hyper-extended.
  - ② Forward head posture may be caused by poor sleeping habits.
  - ③ Exercise is not as important as other habits to improve head posture.
  - ④ Keeping your monitor below eye level is ideal for good posture.

30. Which of the following best fits into (A)?

- ① favor
- ② heal
- ③ balance
- ④ display

[31~40: 2.5 points each]

[31-32] Intelligence is often defined as our intellectual potential; something we are born with, something that can be measured, and a capacity that is difficult to change. However, other views of intelligence have emerged. One such conception is the theory of ‘multiple intelligences’ proposed by Howard Gardner. This theory suggests that traditional psychometric views of intelligence are too limited. In order to capture the full range of abilities that people possess, Gardner theorizes that people do not have just an intellectual capacity, but have many kinds of intelligence, including musical, interpersonal, spatial-visual, and linguistic intelligences. While a person might be particularly strong in a specific area, such as musical intelligence, he or she most likely possesses a range of other abilities. Gardner’s theory has come under criticism from some psychologists and educators. These critics argue that Gardner’s definition of intelligence is too broad and that his eight different ‘intelligences’ simply represent talents and personality traits. Despite this, the theory of multiple intelligences enjoys considerable popularity with educators. Many teachers utilize multiple intelligences in their teaching philosophies and work to (A)\_\_\_\_\_ Gardner’s theory into the classroom.

31. Which of the following is the major topic of the passage?

- ① Traditional psychometric views of intelligence
- ② Different types of personal talents
- ③ Criticism against multiple intelligences
- ④ Gardner’s theory of multiple intelligences

32. Which of the following best fits into (A)?

- ① investigate
- ② invalidate
- ③ integrate
- ④ infiltrate

[33-34] Historians credit repeated locust invasions in the nineteenth century with reshaping United States agriculture west of the Mississippi River. Advised by government entomologists, farmers began to diversify. Wheat had come to nearly monopolize the region, but it was particularly vulnerable to the locusts. In 1873, just before the locusts’ most withering offensive, nearly two thirds of Minnesota farmland was producing wheat. By the last year of the invasions, the fraction had dropped to less than one sixth. Farmers learned that peas and beans were far less vulnerable to the insects, and corn was a more robust grain than wheat. In addition to planting alternative crops, many farmers turned to dairy and beef production. Although pastures were often damaged by the locusts, these lands were almost always left in better shape than the crops were.

33. According to the passage, which of the following is **NOT** true?

- ① Pastures were not as badly damaged as crops by the locusts.
- ② Farmers focused primarily on growing wheat before the recommendation by the government officials.
- ③ Peas and beans were devastated by the locusts’ invasions so that farmers began to focus on the dairy industry.
- ④ Farmers realized that wheat was more vulnerable to the locusts than corn.

34. Which of the following best describes the flow of information in the passage?

- ① Fragility then loss
- ② Challenge then adaptation
- ③ Fluctuation then despair
- ④ Dreariness then invigoration

[35-37] *Squid Game* has generated an insatiable fascination that has led to online shopping sites selling out of the villain costume and Parisian teenagers having fistfights outside a *Squid Game* pop-up shop. There is no question that the drama is compelling and the intensity of the interest, specifically among the young, is remarkable. So what’s gotten into the kids? Arguably violence and mortality hidden by bright colors and costumes have been with us since at least the middle ages, although this is a more recent style, the ‘death game genre’ in dystopian surroundings. But *Squid Game* has an unusual selling property within the death game genre. The underlying anxiety used to be environmental collapse, with post-apocalyptic backdrops, following some unknown war or weather event. Now the threat is (A)\_\_\_\_\_, a theme that has not been popular since the Victorian era. Paradoxically, this hyper-real, totally unrealistic drama highlights the anxiety behind the all-too-real mental illness of modern life. It might not be an accident that today, 10 years after a global financial crash, the entire globe is watching a drama whose core message is, “Can I ever pay back this debt? Would it not be easier to game to the death?” Maybe the kids aren’t the problem; maybe more adults should be watching it.

35. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- ① *Squid Game*: A Clichéd Death Game
- ② *Squid Game*: Anxieties of Modern Life
- ③ *Squid Game* Should Be Banned for Children
- ④ *Squid Game*’s Undeserving Global Popularity

36. According to the passage, which of the following is **NOT** true of *Squid Game*?

- ① It is set in post-apocalyptic surroundings.
- ② It has captivated young people in particular.
- ③ It appears unrealistic but deals with a realistic threat.
- ④ It has a unique selling point within the death game genre.

37. Which of the following best fits into (A)?

- ① debt
- ② war
- ③ family
- ④ natural disaster

[38-40] The recent tsunami of ransomware, stealing and locking one's data until a ransom has been paid, has brought to life the fears that cybersecurity experts have long warned about. Attacks on critical infrastructure have wreaked havoc on hospitals, schools, and even pipelines. For the industry specialists who track this threat, the increased frequency, sophistication, and destructiveness of ransomware suggest that businesses still have major gaps in their defenses. (A) A new, multi-layered approach to protection is needed to stem the damage it causes: one centered around embracing new technologies, improving security processes, and ensuring that staff know how to help curb the threat. (B) Even though many new ransomware strains now lurk in an infected computer for weeks, gathering information and stealing data, attackers still rely on old techniques such as phishing to gain access, steal credentials, and inject malware. In fact, 94% of successful malware attacks now begin with phishing, so defense begins with upgraded email filtering. (C) Organizations must use backups and regular testing of those backups to ensure they can restore quickly after an attack. (D) Asking users to think just two more seconds before they click on a suspicious email would prevent many ransomware attacks from getting a toehold in an organization.

38. Which of the following is the main theme of the passage?
- ① Malware is everywhere so organizations must keep from needless emailing.
  - ② Thinking before you click is the least important part of cybersecurity.
  - ③ Cybersecurity professionals are overly concerned about the problem of ransomware.
  - ④ Securing an organization from ransomware requires a variety of techniques.
39. According to the passage, which of the following is true?
- ① The origins of recent ransomware attacks remain similar to earlier cases.
  - ② Phishing is no longer the major source of damage in ransomware attacks.
  - ③ Backing up your systems is a sufficient defense to ransomware attacks.
  - ④ The behavior of staff has little impact on the success of a cyberattack.
40. Which of the following is the best place for the sentence below?

Making people aware of ransomware teaches them to avoid it.

- ① (A)
- ② (B)
- ③ (C)
- ④ (D)

[41~50: 3 points each]

[41-42] Humans have made about 9 billion tons of plastic since the 1950s, only 9% of which has been recycled and only 12% incinerated. The remaining 79% has accumulated in landfills or the natural environment, and even most plastics labeled 'biodegradable' don't break down in the ocean. To help lighten nature's load in the midst of this environmental crisis, researchers are now looking at alternative methods for (A)\_\_\_\_\_. One such solution comes in the form of a certain mushroom species with the ability to consume polyurethane, one of the main ingredients in plastic products. If we can find a way to harness the power of these

plastic-eating mushrooms, these natural composters could be the key to cleaning up our planet. The idea of using mushrooms to break down plastic isn't without its limitations. Releasing new organisms into new environments, in the ocean, for example, can be tricky business. One approach would be to collect the plastic debris first and let the fungus work its magic in a controlled environment. That being said, research clearly shows that these types of mushrooms can break down plastic in weeks or months, potentially producing a protein-rich food for animals, humans, or plants.

41. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?
- ① Finding the Best Natural Compost
  - ② Mushrooms that Eat Plastic
  - ③ The Fight against Waste
  - ④ Protein-rich Mushrooms
42. Which of the following best fits into (A)?
- ① discontinuing plastic
  - ② plastic reproduction
  - ③ plastic disposal
  - ④ littering plastic

[43-44] The word 'glamping' was added to the *Oxford English Dictionary* in 2016. The word is new, but the concept that glamping denotes, that of staying in luxurious tents, recreational vehicles, or other camping accommodations, is not. In the 16th century, the Scottish Earl of Atholl prepared a lavish experience in the Highlands for the visiting King James V and his mother. The Earl pitched lavish tents and filled them with all the provisions of his home. Probably the most extravagant example of palatial tent-living in history was the Field of the Cloth of Gold, a diplomatic summit in 1520 between Henry VIII of England and Francis I of France. Some 2,800 tents were erected, and fountains ran with red wine. Some 400 years later, in the 1920s, an African safari became 'the thing to do' among wealthy Europeans. But wealthy travelers, even those in search of adventure, were not willing to sacrifice comfort or luxury. From electric generators to folding baths to cases of champagne, travelers were afforded every domestic luxury while on adventure.

43. According to the passage, which of the following is true?
- ① Recreational vehicles were more popular than tents on glamping safaris.
  - ② Lavish tents and red wine were provided by James V for the Earl.
  - ③ Luxurious amenities were provided to wealthy glampers.
  - ④ Henry VIII and Francis I enjoyed solitude while glamping.
44. According to the passage, which of the following **CANNOT** be inferred?
- ① Wealthy people prefer luxurious accommodations even in the wild.
  - ② The word 'glamping' is a new way of saying an old idea.
  - ③ Glamping is cheaper than staying at a hotel on safari.
  - ④ Alcoholic beverages are part of the glamping culture.

[45-47] If you're someone who has trouble sleeping, somebody has probably already suggested white noise to you. For better or worse, our brains continue to process sensory stimuli when we're asleep, meaning that our partner's snoring, dog's barking, and even our leaky sinks can easily make us victims of restless nights. The reason noises wake us up at night is not exactly because of the noise itself, but rather the sudden change in noise. White noise works by masking these changes and allowing our brains the benefit of a more consistent sonic environment. Aside from the benefit of a better night's sleep, white noise has shown promising results related to memory and concentration. Lots of studies on sound therapy have focused on specific sonic hues like white, pink, and brown, so what exactly is the difference between them? White noise, probably the most familiar of these, sounds like a radio tuned to an unused frequency. Similar to the way white light contains all the wavelengths of the visible spectrum at equal intensity, white noise has equal power across all frequencies (A)\_\_\_\_\_ to the human ear. Pink noise is white noise, but with reduced higher frequencies. It resembles the sounds of steady rainfall or wind, and it is often considered to be more soothing than white noise. Several studies on pink noise have shown that sleeping with it can improve our memories the following day, and potentially even long-term. Brown noise lowers the higher frequencies even more. It's a bit 'rougher' than pink noise and resembles the roar of a river current or strong wind. Common benefits associated with brown noise are relaxation, improved focus, and of course, sleep improvement.

45. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- ① Differences among White, Pink, and Brown Noise
- ② Why we Overlook White, Pink, and Brown Noise
- ③ Pros and Cons of Sound Therapy
- ④ How to Sleep Better at Night

46. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

- ① Our brains stop processing sensory stimuli while we sleep.
- ② Noise change, rather than noise itself, wakes us at night.
- ③ Pink noise is white noise with increased higher frequencies.
- ④ Brown noise can improve focus but not sleep.

47. Which of the following best fits into (A)?

- ① irrelevant
- ② audible
- ③ applied
- ④ invisible

[48-50] In cases of episodic repetition, entire scenes or plot motifs are repeated, wholesale or piecemeal, sometimes with only minimal variation. Anyone raised on the Brothers Grimm knows all about episodic repetition. In *Cinderella*, when the prince takes the glass slipper on the road, searching for the foot that wore it, there's a scene where he tries it on the eldest sister's foot to no avail. This 'Foot Trial' episode is repeated twice more. The first repetition, with the second sister, is virtually identical to that of the eldest sister's trial with the exception that where the eldest sister amputates her toe to make the slipper fit, the second sister amputates her heel. Both times, the slipper fills up with blood, and the prince returns the (A)\_\_\_\_\_ to her family. The third time around, of course, it's Cinderella's turn, and the outcome and content of this episode is significantly different from the first two. Indeed, the third trial marks the culmination of the whole sequence and leads to the resolution of the tale. But this is often how episodic repetitions work: A sequence of more-or-less parallel episodes culminates in a final episode where it all works out, where the tensions generated by the preceding episodes are resolved.

48. Which of the following is the major topic of the passage?

- ① The Brothers Grimm's *Cinderella*
- ② The significance of the third repetition
- ③ Extending the culminative tensions
- ④ How episodic repetition works

49. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

- ① In cases of episodic repetition, the final repetition is more significant than previous ones.
- ② In the 'Foot Trial' episodes, Cinderella's two sisters end up going to jail.
- ③ Episodic repetition requires thoroughly changing plot motifs or scenes.
- ④ To fit in the shoe, Cinderella's second sister cuts off her own toe.

50. Which of the following best fits into (A)?

- ① brothers
- ② princess
- ③ imposter
- ④ housemaid