



고1_1906[기출문제] 21

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 어색한 것은?¹ [2019년 6월 21번]

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life @aren't so great in excess. This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. He argued that being virtuous means @finding a balance. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered gullible. For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both @deficient and excess. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being. Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the midpoint, @where someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, @neither too afraid nor recklessly brave.

*excess: 과잉 **gullible: 잘 속아 넘어가는

- ① a ② b ③ c ④ d ⑤ e

다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?² [H1-1906 21번]

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life aren't so great in excess. This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. He argued that being virtuous means finding a balance. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered gullible. For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both _____ and excess. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being. Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the midpoint, where someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, neither too afraid nor recklessly brave.

- ① contempt ② shortage ③ discontent
④ integrity ⑤ moderation



다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?³ [2019년 6월 모의고사 21번]

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- ① risks of learning moral virtue
- ② difficulties in living balanced lives
- ③ importance of being moderate in life
- ④ ways to achieve better work-life balance
- ⑤ virtue equivalent to excellence for the Greeks

다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?⁴ [19년 6월 모의 21번]

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life aren't so great in excess. This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. He argued that being virtuous means finding a balance. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered gullible. For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both deficiency and excess. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being. Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the midpoint, where someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, neither too afraid nor recklessly brave.

- ① 인맥을 넓혀야 한다.
- ② 사람을 신뢰해야 한다.
- ③ 공공예절을 준수해야 한다.
- ④ 도전적인 자세를 유지해야 한다.
- ⑤ 미덕이란 균형을 찾는 것임을 명심해야 한다.



주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?⁵

[H1-1906 21번]

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life aren't so great in excess. This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle.

(A) Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the midpoint, where someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, neither too afraid nor recklessly brave.

(B) He argued that being virtuous means finding a balance. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered gullible.

(C) For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both deficiency and excess. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes wellbeing.

① (A)-(C)-(B) ② (B)-(A)-(C) ③ (B)-(C)-(A)

④ (C)-(A)-(B) ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 어색한 것은?⁶ [19년 6

월 21번]

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life @aren't so great in excess. This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. He argued that being virtuous @means finding a balance. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become @reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered @gullible. For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both deficiency and excess. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being. Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the midpoint, @which someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, neither too afraid nor recklessly brave.

① a ② b ③ c ④ d ⑤ e



다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?7 [19년 6월 21번]

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life aren't so great in excess. This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. He argued that being virtuous means finding a balance. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered gullible. For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both deficiency and excess. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being. Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the midpoint, where someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, neither too afraid nor recklessly brave.

- ① Silence is golden.
- ② Greed has no limits.
- ③ Charity begins at home.
- ④ Virtue is its own reward.
- ⑤ Moderation is the key to life.

다음 글의 흐름으로 보아 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?8 [19년 6월 21번]

For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both deficiency and excess.

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life aren't so great in excess. (A) This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. (B) It was said that being virtuous means keeping a condition in which opposing forces are equal to one another. (C) For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become reckless. (D) People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered gullible. (E) The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being.

- ① A ② B ③ C ④ D ⑤ E



다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?⁹ [19년 6월 21번]

For some good things in our lives, there can't be too much of it. However, _____ . This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. He argued that being virtuous means finding a balance. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered gullible. For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both deficiency and excess. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being. Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the midpoint, where someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, neither too afraid nor recklessly brave.

- ① excess can be actually a virtue
- ② having too much of something is not desirable
- ③ sometimes there are things that we can never have enough of
- ④ keeping just the right amount of everything may cause a boring life
- ⑤ we are always short of discussion about what is too much and what is not

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?¹⁰ [19년 6월 21번]

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life aren't so great in ①excess. This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. He argues that being virtuous means finding a balance. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become ②reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered ③well-deceived. For each of these traits, it is best to ④pursue both deficiency and excess. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being. Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the ⑤midpoint, where someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, neither too afraid nor too brave.

- ① a
- ② b
- ③ c
- ④ d
- ⑤ e



다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 알맞은 것은?¹¹ [19년 6월 모의 21번]

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life aren't so great in excess. This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. He argued that being virtuous _____. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered gullible. For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both deficiency and excess. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being. Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the midpoint, where someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, neither too afraid nor recklessly brave.

- ① is a means of becoming gullible
- ② means seeking for excessive greatness
- ③ indicates a balance between two extremes
- ④ is a process of being brave and generous
- ⑤ means becoming either too generous or stingy

다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹² [H1-1906 21번]

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life aren't so great in excess. This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. He argued that being virtuous means _____. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered gullible. For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both deficiency and excess. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being. Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the midpoint, where someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, neither too afraid nor recklessly brave.

- ① material richness
- ② finding a balance
- ③ making a biased decision
- ④ a shortage of instant pleasure
- ⑤ running away from social pressure



다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 적절한 말을 각각 한 단어로 쓰시오.¹³ [H1-1906 21번]

For almost all things in life, there can be too much of a good thing. Even the best things in life aren't so great if you have much more than what is (A)_____. This concept has been discussed at least as far back as Aristotle. He argued that being virtuous means finding a balance. For example, people should be brave, but if someone is too brave they become reckless. People should be trusting, but if someone is too trusting they are considered gullible. For each of these traits, it is best to avoid both deficiency and excess. and strike a (B)_____ between two extremes. The best way is to live at the "sweet spot" that maximizes well-being. Aristotle's suggestion is that virtue is the midpoint, where someone is neither too generous nor too stingy, neither too afraid nor recklessly brave.
 *excess: 과잉 *gullible: 잘 속아 넘어가는

(A) _____

(B) _____



정답

1 ㉓

2 ㉒

3 ㉓

4 ㉕

5 ㉓

6 ㉕

7 ㉕

8 ㉕

9 ㉒

10 ㉔

11 ㉓

12 ㉒

13 (A) necessary / (B) balance