

2020학년도 편입생모집 영어 필답시험 문제지

2019년 12월 21일 시행

시험 과목	영 어	지원학부(과)	수험번호	성 명	
----------	------------	---------	------	-----	--

<수험생 유의사항>

1. 문제는 총 33문항입니다.
2. OMR 답안지는 우리 대학교에서 배부하는 컴퓨터용 수성싸인펜을 사용하여 작성합니다(단, 빨간색 플러스펜으로 예비마킹이 가능함).
3. OMR 답안지에 한번 표시한 답안은 수정할 수 없습니다(수정액을 사용하거나 수정된 답안은 모두 오답 처리).

I. 빈칸에 넣을 수 있는 가장 적절한 표현을 고르시오. (각 3점)

1. In his homeland, Genghis Khan's reputation needs little enhancement. There he is () as the first ruler of a united Mongolia, and his face can be found on paper currency.

- ① protected ② revered ③ driven
④ estimated ⑤ surrounded

2. () are the people who flee to adjacent or distant foreign countries to escape harsh political or environmental conditions in their own.

- ① Refugees ② Culprits ③ Barbarians
④ Migrants ⑤ Nomads

3. The developing countries have far less access to cell phones and the internet compared to the industrialized countries. This difference in the level of access has been called ().

- ① international gap ② internet conflict ③ digital divide
④ computer shortage ⑤ industrial divide

4. It is believed that elephants may sometimes () the destruction of forests by pushing down trees that later provide fuel for forest fires.

- ① duplicate ② revoke ③ initiate
④ prohibit ⑤ navigate

5. As long as a child under the age of 13 shows demonstrable adult-level skill in at least one of many different areas including music, math, chess, the arts and even humanities, s/he is considered a ().

- ① disruptor ② precursor ③ innovator
④ prodigy ⑤ prophet

6. One common characteristic of the middle children is that they are good negotiators. They come naturally into this role because they are often right in the middle, between big brother and little sister. And because they can't have Mom or Dad all to themselves, they learn the fine art of ().

- ① condemnation ② gratitude ③ compromise
④ resolution ⑤ encouragement

7. The Congress had very little power to do anything. It could not pass tax laws; it did not have the sole () to coin money for use by the states, nor could it regulate trade between the states.

- ① requirement ② determination ③ arrangement
④ investigation ⑤ authority

8. As food, water, and fuel resources become scarce, competition for control of those resources becomes more (), thereby resulting in conflict and environmental damage.

- ① adjacent ② irrelevant ③ inductive
④ reasonable ⑤ intense

9. The problem of defining poverty within communities is that () in which it may be present. For example, the luxuries and comforts which were once considered extravagant and which we do not take for granted may become necessities given the change in economics and society. Poverty needs to be related and defined against a particular society and at a particular time.

- ① it must be related to the society
② it causes serious problems to the poor
③ poverty has many different meanings
④ communities don't care about poor people
⑤ relative deprivation happens at any time

II. 밑줄 친 단어와 비슷한 의미의 표현을 고르시오. (각 2점)

10. Bacteria are an integral part of a healthy life. Most of the bacteria help with digestion, making vitamins, shaping the immune system, and keeping us healthy.

- ① trivial ② furtive ③ virulent
④ essential ⑤ abrupt

11. There is enough food to feed all the people on Earth - but not everyone gets enough to eat. This is mainly due to the way food is distributed and the challenges involved in moving food from areas of surplus to areas of great need.

- ① efficiency ② cultivation ③ nourishment
④ distribution ⑤ excess

12. A strange stone figure stands on a cliff, his back to the ocean. His stern tight-lipped expression reveals nothing as he surveys the barren land before him.

- ① strange ② serious ③ pedantic
④ vulnerable ⑤ sagacious

III. 다음 중 문법상 맞지 않는 표현을 고르시오. (각 3점)

13. Acupuncture is ①used to ②treat a variety of ③ailments, such as anxiety, depression, back pain and high blood pressure, and ④helping treat drug addiction ⑤with considerable success.

14. Those ①answered the survey ②ranged ③in age from 9 to 80. They participated in the survey ④by logging onto a website ⑤during a period between 2017 and 2018.

15. The study, ①that is the first ②to indicate laughter may help prevent heart disease, found ③that people with heart disease were 40 percent ④less likely to laugh in a variety of situations ⑤compared with people of the same age without heart disease.

16. The new British law makes ①it a criminal offense ②to give or receive money for supplying organs of either a living or dead person. It also prohibits ③acting as a broker in such an arrangement, advertising for organs for payment or ④to transplant an organ from a live donor not closely ⑤related to the patient.

IV. 다음 빈칸에 들어가기에 적절한 말로 짝지어진 것을 고르시오. (각 3점)

17. In developed countries with low birthrates, consensus statistics reveal () populations, with growing numbers of elderly people but () able to provide tax money for health care and pensions.

- ① decreasing - more exiles
- ② increasing - less children
- ③ growing - fewer youths
- ④ shrinking - fewer workers
- ⑤ smaller - more students

18. Scientists are busy altering the genes of the animals and plants we use for food. The genes of corn have been altered to create new () that are resistant to insects and to herbicides. A new, golden-colored rice, high in Vitamin A, is also the () of genetic alteration.

- ① varieties - product ② plants - characteristic
- ③ genes - condition ④ foods - environment
- ⑤ items - process

V. 다음 글을 읽고 질문에 답하시오. (각 3점, 23번-24번 4점)

[19-20] Gold, a psychologist, believes that there are several reasons siblings don't turn to each other more for instrumental help. First, since they are usually about the same age, they may be equally needy or frail. Another reason is that many people consider their siblings safety nets who will save them after everything else has failed. A son or daughter will almost always be turned to first. It's more acceptable in many societies to look up or down the family ladder for help than sideways. Finally, siblings may not turn to each other for help because of (). They may believe that if they need to call on a brother or sister they are admitting that the other person is a success and "I am a failure." Almost all of the people in Gold's study said they would rather continue on their own than ask their sister or brother for help.

19. Which is the most suitable expression for the blank?

- ① latent rivalry ② emotional turbulence ③ severe hostility
- ④ possible reluctance ⑤ independent spirit

20. Which title best describes the passage?

- ① When Siblings Need Safety Nets
- ② Why Siblings Don't Ask Each Other for Help
- ③ How Siblings Realize their Potential
- ④ What Connects Siblings Most Tightly
- ⑤ What Siblings Want in Time of Need

[21-22] According to experts, there are several things you can do to increase your chances of survival in an emergency, such as a fire and an earthquake. Preparation can be the key to survival. Be sure you have food, water, candles, and other supplies in your home. Having a backpack prepared for each family member is a good idea in case you have to evacuate quickly. Before going camping, hiking, or mountain climbing, make sure you have the proper equipment. Tents, sleeping bags, and a first-aid kit can save your life in case of bad weather, injury, or illness. () can also help you deal with any emergency situation. Swimmers, for example, sometimes get caught in strong ocean currents. If they panic, they may become exhausted and unable to swim. If they relax and swim slowly with the current, however, they will have the energy to swim to shore once they are out of the current.

21. Which is the most suitable expression for the blank?

- ① Acting wildly ② Keeping energetic ③ Staying calm
- ④ Making plans ⑤ Talking to others

22. Which is the best title for the passage?

- ① Various Types of Outdoor Activities
- ② Benefits of Learning How to Swim
- ③ Equipments Necessary for Surviving Emergency
- ④ Things to Prepare for a Family Camping
- ⑤ How to Cope with Emergency Situations

[23-25] The writers of the Constitution wanted to make sure that the people's rights would always be safe and () the central or federal government would never become too powerful. A government ought to have three major powers: to make laws, to carry out those laws, and to provide justice under law. ㉓ Should these three functions be in the hands of one person, there would be a great danger ㉔ that that person could use the power for personal profit rather than for the people. ㉕ To guard against this possibility, the Constitution established three branches of government: the legislature to make laws; the executive to carry out the laws; and the judiciary to watch over the rights of people as described in the Constitution. The powers of these three branches of the government are described carefully in the Constitution. The reason ㉖ for describing the powers of the three branches was to prevent any one branch () becoming stronger than the others. Each part of the government can only function in relation to the others. This system not only balances power between the three branches, but also ㉗ provide a check on each branch by the others. This system means that at all times the people's rights and interests are being carefully guarded.

23. Which is the best title for the passage? (4점)

- ① System of Checks and Balances
- ② Ways of Making a Powerful Government
- ③ Collaboration between Governments
- ④ People's Rights and Interests
- ⑤ Benefits of the Constitution for People

24. Which are the most suitable words for the blanks? (4점)

- ① which - to ② whether - to ③ that - for
- ④ which - from ⑤ that - from

25. Select the part grammatically wrong.

- ① a ② b ③ c ④ d ⑤ e

[26-28] Q: You say that intelligence is much more malleable than most people believe. How can we get smarter?

A: Until about 20 years ago, most scientists thought that intelligence was mostly inherited, and that the environment's impact was limited. Important findings supporting this view came from studies of identical twins who were separated at birth. Even though they were adopted into different families, the twins usually showed very similar intelligence, which indicated that genes dominated. Now scientists think that those early studies underestimated the effect of the environment. First, adoptive families probably don't vary that much - they are generally supportive and emphasize success in school. Second, other data have shown that moving kids from low-quality to high-quality schools boosts IQ scores. The secret to getting smarter is really not a big secret: (). Read the newspaper, watch informative documentaries, and find and read well-written books. Just as exercise experts advise many small changes rather than a vigorous program, I think the best way to get smarter is to put a little more learning into every day. The trick is to develop the habit of looking for those opportunities.

26. Which is most suitable for the blank?

- ① find your strengths and weaknesses
- ② engage in intellectual activities
- ③ focus on what you can do well
- ④ make friends with smart people
- ⑤ develop good habits for exercise

27. Which can best replace the underlined word?

- ① adversity ② influence ③ intention
- ④ tolerance ⑤ detention

28. According to the passage, which is NOT true?

- ① Early studies of identical twins adopted into different families showed the importance of genes.
- ② Reading newspapers and good books is helpful for enhancing our intelligence level.
- ③ Some studies report that placing children in different schools made differences in their intelligence level.
- ④ Getting smarter requires making a series of specific plans and implementing them one by one.
- ⑤ Exercise experts recommend people make many small changes instead of taking dramatic programs.

[29–31] Most visitors to Easter Island come specifically to see the 887 *moai*, enormous statues carved out of volcanic rock, ㉔ scattered around the island. *Moai* were regarded by the native people ㉕ as representations of their ancestors and powerful chiefs, living and dead. However, after a devastating civil war, only a fraction of them remain intact, and many lie half-buried in the ground. The question remains: with the average statue ㉖ weighing more than an elephant, () Writer Eric von Däniken claimed that the statues must have been built by aliens using materials from outer space. Unsurprisingly, historians are skeptical about this claim. It is more conceivable that the *moai* were simply dragged to their sites – an immense task, which accounts for many of them ㉗ being left at their quarry. Not all historians agree, however, and the riddle of the statues remains ㉘ unsolving.

29. Which is the best title for the passage?

- ① the Mysterious *Moai* ② the Biggest Statues
- ③ Beautiful Easter Island ④ Excellent Architecture
- ⑤ the Identities of *Moai*

30. Which is the most suitable expression for the blank?

- ① how old were the gigantic statues?
- ② who carved 887 statues out of volcanic rock?
- ③ how was it feasible to transport them?
- ④ why do many of them remain half-buried?
- ⑤ why did the native people make huge statues?

31. Select the part grammatically wrong.

- ① a ② b ③ c ④ d ⑤ e

VI. 다음 글을 읽고 질문에 답하십시오. (각 4점)

[32–33] In the 18th century, legal expert Jeremy Bentham developed plans for a new type of prison. He called his prison a *Panopticon*, from the Greek word meaning “all-seeing.” It was designed with a central guard tower from which every prisoner could be observed 24 hours a day, seven days a week. At any given time, prisoners could never be sure if they were being watched or not, and therefore they would be less likely to break prison rules. Bentham said that the guards might even leave from

time to time: the prisoners, thinking that they were still being watched, would continue their good behavior. Two centuries later, in 1949, a British author, George Orwell, in his classic novel *1984*, wrote about a future society where it is impossible to evade () by the authorities. In the novel, citizens are constantly reminded of the authorities’ presence by the phrase “Big Brother is watching you.” In a sense, the world of () predicted by Bentham and Orwell has already happened. Public video systems are now in use in a great many cities around the world. In Paris, for example, there are road cameras nearly everywhere to help regulate traffic, and some 2,000 cameras on city buses detect and deter crime. In Britain, cities and towns installed cameras to monitor streets and parks, public transportation, stadiums, and shopping areas.

32. Which word is commonly suitable for the blanks?

- ① protection ② command ③ registration
- ④ sustainability ⑤ surveillance

33. Which is correct according to the passage?

- ① In *Panopticon*, the guards should watch prisoners constantly.
- ② Bentham and Orwell made similar predictions about the future.
- ③ Cameras on city buses in Paris are used to regulate traffic.
- ④ Public video systems are used more often than private ones.
- ⑤ What Orwell predicted has not come to pass yet.