



고2\_1903[기출문제] 23

다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B), (C)에 알맞은 표현으로 가장 잘 연결된 것은?¹ [19년 3월 23번]

In the 1930s the work of Sigmund Freud, the 'father of psychoanalysis', began to be widely known and appreciated. Less well known at the time was the fact that Freud had found out, almost (A)\_\_\_\_\_, how helpful his 1903 was to his patients. He had only become a dog-lover in later life when Jofi was given to him by his daughter Anna. The dog sat in on the doctor's therapy sessions and Freud discovered that his patients felt much less (B)\_\_\_\_\_ talking about their problems if the dog was there. Some of them even preferred to talk to Jofi, rather than the doctor! Freud noted that if the dog sat near the patient, the patient found it easier to relax, but if Jofi sat on the other side of the room, the patient seemed less (C)\_\_\_\_\_. He was surprised to realize that Jofi seemed to sense this too. The dog's presence was an especially calming influence on child and teenage patients.

- |   |                            |               |             |
|---|----------------------------|---------------|-------------|
|   | (A)                        | (B)           | (C)         |
| ① | intentionally relaxed      |               | tense       |
| ② | accidentally uncomfortable | relaxed       |             |
| ③ | intentionally comfortable  |               | tense       |
| ④ | accidentally relaxed       |               | comfortable |
| ⑤ | unexpectedly               | uncomfortable | tense       |

다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?² [2019년 3월 23번]

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- ① Where the dog sits decides the feeling of patient.
- ② Sigmund Freud has loved his 1903 in his whole life
- ③ All works of Sigmund Freud was known to the world in 1930s
- ④ Child and teenage patients give the most calming influence on dogs.
- ⑤ Sigmund Freud had knew whether the dog noticed the patient's feeling during doctor's therapy sessions or not.



다음 글에서 밑줄 친 **this**가 가리키는 내용을 찾아 영어로 쓰시오.<sup>3</sup> [19년 3월 23번]

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→

다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계없는 문장은?<sup>4</sup> [19년 3월 23번]

In the 1930s the work of Sigmund Freud, the ‘father of psychoanalysis’, began to be widely known and appreciated. Less well known at the time was the fact that Freud had found out, almost by accident, how helpful his pet dog Jofi was to his patients. ㉠He had only become a dog-lover in later life when Jofi was given to him by his daughter Anna. ㉡The dog sat in on the doctor’s therapy sessions and Freud discovered that his patients didn’t feel even more uncomfortable talking about their problems if the dog was there. ㉢Some of them even preferred to talk to Jofi, less than the doctor! ㉣Freud noted that if the dog sat near the patient, the patient found it easier to relax, but if Jofi sat on the other side of the room, the patient seemed more tense and distressed. ㉤He was surprised to realize that Jofi seemed to sense this too. The dog’s presence was an especially calming influence on child and teenage patients.

- ① a    ② b    ③ c    ④ d    ⑤ e



다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분의 우리말 뜻이 되도록 보기에 주어진 단어를 모두 활용하여 알맞게 영작하시오. (단, 어형 변화 가능, 중복 사용 가능)<sup>5</sup> [19년 3월 23번]

In the 1930s the work of Sigmund Freud, the ‘father of psychoanalysis’, began to be widely known and appreciated. Freud가 Jofi가 그의 환자들에게 얼마나 도움이 되었는가를 거의 우연하게 발견했다는 사실은 당시에 덜 알려졌다. He had only become a dog-lover in later life when Jofi was given to him by his daughter Anna. The dog sat in on the doctor’s therapy sessions and Freud discovered that his patients felt much more comfortable talking about their problems if the dog was there. Some of them even preferred to talk to Jofi, rather than the doctor! Freud noted that if the dog sat near the patient, the patient found it easier to relax, but if Jofi sat on the other side of the room, the patient seemed more tense and distressed. He was surprised to realize that Jofi seemed to sense this too. The dog’s presence was an especially calming influence on child and teenage patients.

<보기>

Jofi / know / be / the / fact / how / help / well

→ (A) Less \_\_\_\_\_ at the time (B) \_\_\_\_\_ that Freud had found out, almost by accident, (C) \_\_\_\_\_ to his patients.

(A) \_\_\_\_\_

(B) \_\_\_\_\_

(C) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?<sup>6</sup> [H2-1903 23번]

In the 1930s the work of Sigmund Freud, the ‘father of psychoanalysis’, began to be widely known and appreciated. Less well known at the time was the fact that Freud had found out, almost by accident, how helpful his pet dog Jofi was to his patients. He had only become a doglover in later life when Jofi was given to him by his daughter Anna. The dog sat in on the doctor’s therapy sessions and Freud discovered that his patients felt much more comfortable talking about their problems if the dog was there. Some of them even preferred to talk to Jofi, rather than the doctor! Freud noted that if the dog sat near the patient, the patient found it easier to relax, but if Jofi sat on the other side of the room, the patient seemed more tense and distressed. He was surprised to realize that Jofi seemed to sense this too. The dog’s presence was an especially calming influence on child and teenage patients.

- ① 프로이드는 그의 애완견이 환자에게 어떤 영향을 미치는지 오랜 기간 연구했다.
- ② 이 애완견은 프로이드가 인생 후반기에 딸에게서 받은 것이다.
- ③ 환자들은 애완견이 있으면 자신들의 문제를 편하게 얘기했다.
- ④ 애완견이 반대쪽에 있을 때보다 환자와 가까이 앉아 있을 때 환자들은 더 편안해 했다.
- ⑤ 애완견은 아이와 침대 환자들을 안정시키는데 특히 효과가 있었다.



다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오. [19년 3월 23번]

In the 1930s the work of Sigmund Freud, the 'father of psychoanalysis' began to be widely known and appreciated. Less well known at the time was the fact that Freud had found out, almost by accident, how helpful his pet dog Jofi was to his patients. ㉠He had only become a dog-lover in later life when Jofi was given to him by his daughter Anna. The dog sat in on ㉡the doctor's therapy sessions and Freud discovered that his patients felt much more comfortable talking about their problems ㉢he was there. Some of them even preferred to talk to Jofi, rather than the doctor! ㉣Freud noted that if the dog sat near the patient, the patient found it easier to relax, but if Jofi sat on the other side of the room, the patient seemed more tense and distressed. ㉤He was surprised to realize that Jofi seemed to sense this too. The dog's presence was an especially calming influence on child and teenage patients.

위 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중 지칭하는 대상이 다른 것은?

- ① a    ② b    ③ c    ④ d    ⑤ e

위 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 적절한 단어를 위 글에서 정확히 찾아 쓰시오.<sup>8</sup>

It was found out by Freud that Jofi's  
(A)\_\_\_\_\_ could have a (B)\_\_\_\_\_  
impact on the patients, making them even more  
comfortable when they consult their problems with  
their doctors.

(A): \_\_\_\_\_

(B): \_\_\_\_\_



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In the 1930s the work of Sigmund Freud, the ‘father of psychoanalysis’, began to be widely known and appreciated. (A)\_\_\_\_\_.

He had only become a doglover in later life when Jofi was given to him by his daughter Anna. The dog sat in on the doctor’s therapy sessions and Freud discovered that his patients felt much more (B)\_\_\_\_\_ talking about their problems if the dog was there. Some of them even preferred to talk to Jofi, rather than the doctor! Freud noted that if the dog sat near the patient, the patient found it easier to relax, but if Jofi sat on the other side of the room, the patient seemed more tense and distressed. He was surprised to realize that Jofi seemed to sense this too. The dog’s (C)\_\_\_\_\_ was an especially calming influence on child and teenage patients.

(A)

\_\_\_\_\_ how helpful his pet dog Jofi was to his patients.

- ① a-b-c-d      ② a-d-c-b
- ③ b-a-c-d      ④ b-c-a-d
- ⑤ c-d-a-b

위 글의 빈칸 (B), (C)에 들어갈 말로 바르게 연결된 것은?<sup>10</sup>

- |   | (B)         | (C)          |
|---|-------------|--------------|
| ① | stressful   | presence     |
| ② | comfortable | presence     |
| ③ | soothing    | presentation |
| ④ | pleased     | absence      |
| ⑤ | excited     | absence      |

위 글의 빈칸 (A)를 아래의 <조건>에 맞추어 영작하고자 할 때, 어구 ㉠~㉤의 순서가 바른 것은?<sup>9</sup>

<조 건>

1. 보어가 강조된 위한 도치구문으로 만들 것.
2. 해석: Freud가 자신의 애완견 Jofi가 그의 환자들에게 매우 도움이 되었다는 것을 거의 우연하게 발견했다는 사실은 당시에 덜 알려졌다.
3. 다음의 표현을 사용할 것.

- ㉠ the fact
- ㉡ less well known at the time
- ㉢ was
- ㉣ that Freud had found out almost accidentally



다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오. [19년 3월 23번]

In the 1930s the work of Sigmund Freud, the 'father of psychoanalysis', began to be widely known and appreciated. Less well known at the time was the fact that Freud had found out, almost by accident, (A)그의 애완견이 그의 환자들에게 얼마나 도움이 되었는지. He had only become a dog-lover in later life when Jofi was given to him by his daughter Anna. The dog sat in on the doctor's therapy sessions and Freud discovered that his patients felt much more comfortable talking about their problems if the dog was there. Some of them even preferred to talk to Jofi, rather than the doctor! Freud noted that if the dog sat near the patient, the patient found it easier to relax, but if Jofi sat on the other side of the room, the patient seemed more tense and distressed. He was surprised to realize that Jofi seemed to sense this too. The dog's presence was an especially calming influence on child and teenage patients.

위 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?<sup>11</sup>

- ① 몇몇 환자들은 Freud보다 Jofi에게 말하는 것을 더 좋아했다.
- ② 개의 존재는 특히 어린이 환자들을 안정시키는 효과가 있었다.
- ③ Freud는 어렸을 때부터 애완견을 키우며 개를 무척 사랑하였다.
- ④ 1930년대에 Sigmund Freud의 업적이 널리 알려지기 시작했다.
- ⑤ Jofi도 자신이 환자들 옆에 있을 때 그들이 더 편안해하는걸 감지하는 것 같았다.

위 글의 밑줄 친 (A)의 우리말과 같은 의미가 되도록 <보기>에 주어진 단어를 이용하여 문장을 완성하시오. (주어진 단어를 모두 사용할 것. 필요하면 한 단어를 두 번 사용할 수 있음.)<sup>12</sup>

<보기>

patients, pet dog, how, his, helpful, to, was

답:



다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>13</sup> [19년 고2 3월 모의고사-23번]

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↓

An animal can be (A)\_\_\_\_\_ for psychotherapy, making patients feel more (B)\_\_\_\_\_.

- | (A)           | (B)         |
|---------------|-------------|
| ① helpful     | distressed  |
| ② beneficial  | comfortable |
| ③ useless     | relaxed     |
| ④ ineffective | restful     |
| ⑤ effective   | miserable   |



정답

1 ②

2 ①

3 if the dog sat near the patient, the patient found it easier to relax, but if jofi sat on the other side of the room, the patient seemed more tense and distressed.

4 ③

5 well known / was the fact / how helpful Jofi was

6 ①

7 ③

8 (A) presence

(B) calming

9 ④

10 ②

11 ③

12 how helpful his pet dog was to his patients

13 ②