



고2_ 2303[기출문제] 30

주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?¹

[23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change.

(A) Humans, however, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. The composite - or average of human judgments and statistical models - proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

(B) The logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products.

(C) Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data.

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?² [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and ①that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change. Thus, in changing environments, ②they might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and ③then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. The logic was that ④statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. Humans, however, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. The composite — or average of human judgments and statistical models — proved to be more accurate ⑤than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

- ① a ② b ③ c ④ d ⑤ e

- ① (B)-(C)-(A) ② (B)-(A)-(C) ③ (C)-(A)-(B)
 ④ (C)-(B)-(A) ⑤ (A)-(C)-(B)



다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?³ [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change. Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to _____.

Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. The logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. Humans, however, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. The composite – or average of human judgments and statistical models – proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

- ① combine human judgments and statistical models
- ② forecast product demand by consulting management experts
- ③ find the substitute products for certain goods in advance
- ④ depend on human judgment rather than to refer to statistical models
- ⑤ come up with a policy to deal with competitors' action based on the average of past data

다음 글의 문맥상 빈칸 (A), (B)에 가장 알맞은 말은?⁴ [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to (A)_____ change. Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. The logic was the statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. Humans, however, can (B)_____ these novel factors in their judgments. The composite – or average of human judgments and statistical models – proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

- | (A) | (B) |
|--------------|-------------|
| ① explore | reinforce |
| ② detect | incorporate |
| ③ explore | cooperate |
| ④ determined | incorporate |
| ⑤ detect | reinforce |



다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change. Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. Blattberg and Hoch examined (A) this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. The logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. Humans, however, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. The composite – for average of human judgments and statistical models – proved to (B) _____ than either the statistical models or the managers working alone. It seems that the forecast was improved by using combinations of human judgment and statistical models.

위 글의 밑줄 친 (A)가 의미하는 바를 우리말로 쓰시오.⁵

→

위 글의 빈칸 (B)에 들어갈 말을 <보기>에 주어진 단어 중 하나를 사용하여 <조건>에 맞게 쓰시오.⁶

<보기>

accuracy / error / misleading / optimistic

<조건>

<보기>에 주어진 단어 이외에 어휘 추가 가능

단, 필요시 어형 변화 가능

→



다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change.

Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. The logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. Humans, however, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. The composite—or average of human judgments and statistical models—proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

*composite 종합적인; 종합된 것

- | (A) | (B) |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| ① concentrating | incorporating |
| ② elaborating | integrating |
| ③ deciding | differentiating |
| ④ focusing | distinguishing |
| ⑤ relying | separating |

Rather than (A)_____ only on either human judgments or statistical models, (B)_____ those two can lead to more accurate forecasts in a changing environment.



다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은? 8 [23년 3월 30번]

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- ① Superiority of Composite Forecast
- ② Unpredictable Demand of Customers
- ③ How Human Perceive and Adjust to Change
- ④ Managing Supermarket: Balancing Income and Expenses
- ⑤ Composite Forecast: Easy for Human, Hard for Computer

다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계없는 문장은? 9 [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change. Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. ㉠Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. ㉡It goes without saying that various statistical models are used in many fields. ㉢The logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. ㉣Humans, however, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. ㉤The composite — or average of human judgments and statistical models — proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

- ① ㉠
- ② ㉡
- ③ ㉢
- ④ ㉣
- ⑤ ㉤



다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹⁰ [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change. Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. The logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. Humans, however, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. The composite-or average of human judgments and statistical models-proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

Because statistical models alone cannot (A)_____ the impact of new events while humans are able to (A)_____ these factors when making their decisions, combining the two approaches can lead to more (B)_____ predictions.

- | (A) | (B) |
|-------------|-------------|
| ① assess | unreliable |
| ② consider | precise |
| ③ exclude | trustworthy |
| ④ integrate | ambiguous |
| ⑤ eliminate | consistent |



다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹¹ [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change. (A)_____, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. The logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. Humans, (B)_____, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. The composite - or average of human judgments and statistical models - proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

- | (A) | (B) |
|----------------|-----------------|
| ① Thus | however |
| ② Additionally | similarly |
| ③ For instance | therefore |
| ④ Moreover | on the contrary |
| ⑤ Therefore | in other words |

다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹² [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change. Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. The logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. Humans, however, can _____.

The composite— or average of human judgments and statistical models — proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

- ① combine these novel factors and their judgments
- ② incorporate past data in stable conditions of managers
- ③ combine statistical models in events of supermarket
- ④ incorporate virtue for certain products in business models
- ⑤ combine such events and the introduction of new products



다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은? ¹³ [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change. Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. The logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. Humans, however, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. The composite — or average of human judgments and statistical models — proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

- ① 변화하는 환경에서 일관성은 항상 장점인지는 분명하지 않다.
- ② 인간이 판단하는 것의 이점은 환경 변화를 감지할 수 있다는 것이다.
- ③ 슈퍼마켓 매니저들이 특정한 제품의 수요를 예측하였다.
- ④ 인간의 판단과 통계 기술의 결합은 더욱 정확한 예측을 가능하게 한다.
- ⑤ 통계 모델은 새로운 요인을 판단에 통합하여 종합적인 데이터를 생성한다.

다음 글을 읽고 (A)의 우리말을 참고하여 주어진 <보기>의 단어를 모두 사용하여 영작하시오. (단, 필요시 변형 가능 함)¹⁴ [23년 3월 30번]

<보 기>

prove / either~or / more~than / work

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*composite 종합적인; 종합된 것



주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?¹⁵ [23년 3월 30번 변형]

Some people noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and noticed that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change. Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models.

(A) Humans, however, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. The composite – or average of human judgments and statistical models – proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

(B) His logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products.

(C) Professor Blattberg examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data.

- ① (A) - (B) - (C) ② (B) - (A) - (C)
- ③ (B) - (C) - (A) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?¹⁶ [23년 3월 30번]

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(C) Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data.

- ① (A)-(C)-(B) ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A) ④ (C)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)



다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹⁷ [23년 3월 30번]

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- ① more accurate ② less important
 ③ more inefficient ④ less competitive
 ⑤ less advantageous

주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?¹⁸ [23년 3월 30번]

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- ① (A)-(C)-(B) ② (B)-(A)-(C)
 ③ (B)-(C)-(A) ④ (C)-(A)-(B)
 ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)



다음 글의 내용을 바르게 이해한 학생끼리 짝지어진 것은?¹⁹ [23년 3월 30번]

Robert Blattberg and Steven Hoch noted that, in a changing environment, it is not clear that consistency is always a virtue and that one of the advantages of human judgment is the ability to detect change. Thus, in changing environments, it might be advantageous to combine human judgment and statistical models. Blattberg and Hoch examined this possibility by having supermarket managers forecast demand for certain products and then creating a composite forecast by averaging these judgments with the forecasts of statistical models based on past data. The logic was that statistical models assume stable conditions and therefore cannot account for the effects on demand of novel events such as actions taken by competitors or the introduction of new products. Humans, however, can incorporate these novel factors in their judgments. The composite – or average of human judgments and statistical models – proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone.

Adrian: Human decision-making is strongly biased by past experience.

Bryce: Sticking to consistency might not be the best option in a changing environment.

Carl: Humans perceive unusual events as meaningless factors and leave them out when making a decision.

Dylan: Statistical models make predictions about what will happen next based on prior experience and events.

Ethan: By ignoring new information, the forecast accuracy of statistical models can be improved even in changing environments.

- ① Adrian, Bryce ② Adrian, Ethan
 ③ Bryce, Carl ④ Bryce, Dylan
 ⑤ Dylan, Ethan



다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것

은? ²⁰ [23년 3월 30번]

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* composite: 종합적인; 종합된 것

- | (A) | (B) |
|-----------|-------------|
| ① Thus | however |
| ② Thus | for example |
| ③ In fact | however |
| ④ In fact | for example |
| ⑤ However | instead |



정답

1 ④

2 ②

3 ①

4 ②

5 (변화하는 환경에서는) 인간의 판단과 통계 모델들을 결합하는 것이 유리할 수도 있다는 것

6 be more accurate

7 ①

8 ①

9 ②

10 ②

11 ①

12 ①

13 ②,⑤

14 proved to be more accurate than either the statistical models or the managers working alone

15 ⑤

16 ④

17 ①

18 ④

19 ④

20 ①