#### 리딩파워기본-9강 1 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?[리딩파워기본 9-1]

The rise of cities and the improvement in transport infrastructure brought about new opportunities for specialization. Densely populated cities provided full-time employment for carpenters, priests, soldiers and lawyers. Villages that gained a reputation for producing really good wine, olive oil or ceramics discovered that it was worth their while to concentrate nearly exclusively on that product and trade it with other settlements for all the other goods they needed. This made a lot of sense. Climates and soils differ, so why drink ordinary wine from your backyard if you can buy a smoother variety from a place whose soil and climate is much better suited to grape vines? If the clay in your backyard makes stronger and prettier pots, then you can make an exchange.

- ① the emergence of specialization
- 2 the shift from rural to urban society
- 3 the essential factors for economic growth
- 4 the importance of infrastructure and location
- ⑤ the correlation between climate and agriculture

# 2 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [리 딩파워기본 9-3]

Unlike previous generations, fewer and fewer modern men experience the satisfaction of tangible creation in the workplace. We move numbers around on a screen, manage people who manage other people, or sell advice, ideas, or someone else's creations. For many of us, the shift from working with our hands to working with our minds has created an unfulfilled need for connection with the physical world we live (beyond the more abstract "creativity") provides that connection. A way for a man to announce to the world, simply, "I am." Creating is a primal need, but without an institutional directive to create, the internal fire to do so can flicker and die, or worse yet, we may start to believe that making things is only for certain types of people, not for us.

\*tangible 유형(有形)의, 만질 수 있는

- Specialization
- ② Physical creation
- 3 Intangible heritage
- Abstract imagination
- ⑤ Computer technology

# 3 밑줄 친 어휘에 대한 뜻풀이가 옳지 않은 것은?[리딩파워 기본 9-4]

The small community of Zorborgu, near Tamale in northern Ghana, ① <u>comprises</u> mainly farmers. They decided to stop burning crop residues and protect their community forest to reduce the risk of wildfires that cause widespread land damage. As a result, crop ② <u>yields</u> have increased and the water in a pond near a sacred grove is available throughout the year for farming, ③livestock watering and domestic use. The community forest also provides herbal medicines. The innovative blend of traditional and modern decision-making by committees that reflect traditional leadership makes this a successful social, economic and environmental @initiative. This is one example of how community action and innovation are key to Sustainable land management in Africa.

- ① comprises: to accept that you will reduce your demands or change your opinion in order to reach an agreement with someone
- ② <u>yields:</u> the total amount of a crop or product that is produced or supplied
- ③livestock: animals and birds that are kept on a farm, such as cows, sheep, or chickens
- ④initiative: a new plan or process to achieve something or solve a problem
- <u>Sustainable:</u> causing little or no damage to the environment and therefore able to continue for a long time.

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#### 정답

- 1 ①
- 2 ②
- 3 ①