APPENDIX D

Trojan Installation Certificate



October 30, 2009

June Leng **HDR** 2365 Iron Point Road Folsom, CA 95630

Re: Trojan UV3000Plus UV Disinfection System at Healdsburg WWTP CA

Dear Ms. Leng:

Trojan Technologies certifies that the UV equipment installed in the City of Healdsburg WWTP is identical to the technology used in the validation testing (with respect to lamp spacing, type of lamp, quartz sleeve characteristics, and ballasts) as referenced in the California Department Of Public Health letter dated July 23, 2009 regarding the revised conditional acceptance of Trojans UV3000+ UV System.

Should you require any additional information or have any questions then please contact me.

Best regards,

Mark Eyre

Market Regulatory Manager TROJAN TECHNOLOGIES

Cc C McDonald, Project Manager, Trojan Technologies

APPENDIX E

UV Disinfection System O&M Manual



OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

HEALDSBURG, CA.

SPEC SECTIONS 01340, 11300 & 01650

Document # OM511201 Checked By: SDI Date: 07OC05

Revision: A Approved By: CMC Date: 07OC05

The TrojanUV3000Plus™ in this manual may be covered by one or more of the following United States (US) or Canadian (CDN) Patents:

US 5,006,244	US 4,872,980
US 6,663,318	US 5,418,370
US 6,342,188	US 6,635,613
US 6,646,269	US RE 36,869
CDN 2,117,040	CDN 2,239,925

FOREIGN PATENTS AND FOREIGN PATENTS PENDING.

COPYRIGHT © 2008 By Trojan Technologies ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means without written permission of Trojan Technologies



OVERALL TABLE OF CONTENTS

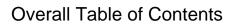




Preface	<u>iii</u>
GENERAL INFORMATION	
WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS	VI
GENERAL LOCKOUT PROCEDURES	
LIST OF ACRONYMS/GLOSSARY	
OPERATOR'S KIT	
UI 21(4) UK U 1(1)	
1 Introduction To UV Theory	1-1
1.1 WHAT IS ULTRAVIOLET LIGHT?	1-1
1.2 DISINFECTION VS. STERILIZATION	1-1
1.3 HOW DOES UV LIGHT DISINFECT?	
1.4 FACTORS AFFECTING UV DISINFECTION	
UV Transmittance	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	1-3
Microbial Inactivation Kinetics - The UV Dose Response Curve	
UV Equipment ConfigurationLamp Age and Sleeve Fouling	
Lamp Age and Olecve Founds	
2 SYSTEM OVERVIEW	2-1
2 3 1 3 1 2 1 1 1 3 4 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	····· ∠ 1
2.1 SYSTEM COMPONENTS	
System Control Center (SCC)	
Power Distribution Center (PDC)	
UV ModulesUV Sensor	
Water Level Control	
Acticlean™ Cleaning System (ACS) and Hydraulic System Center (HSC)	
Water Level Sensor	
On-line UV Transmittance Unit (UVT)	
2.2 OPERATIONS OVERVIEW	
Control System Overview	
Acticlean™ Cleaning System	
Maintenance Summary	
namo a so suma y	2 0
3 START UP AND SHUT DOWN PROCEDURES	3-1
3.1 START UP OF UV SYSTEM	2₋1
3.2 SHUT DOWN OF UV SYSTEM	
2.2 SHIIT DOWN FOR BROLONGED BEDIODS	3-2



UV Modules	_
Prolonged Shut Down of ActiClean [™] Cleaning System	3-2
Prolonged Shut Down Procedure of On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Senso	
Start Up Procedure for the On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor	
Start op i locedure for the on-Line of Transmittance Controller and Genson	
4 SYSTEM CONTROL CENTER	4-1
4.1 SCC OVERVIEW	
Description	
•	
Specifications	
Maintenance	
Operation	
Power Up/Power Down Procedure	
4.2 PLC CONTROLLER	4-2
Description	4-2
Power Supply	4-3
PLC Processor	
Analog Input Card	
Discrete I/O	
Remote Monitoring	
Specifications	
Maintenance	
Remove or Replace Power Supply Fuse	
PLC Program Reload	
4.3 PANELVIEW PLUS OPERATOR INTERFACE	
Description	4-6
Specifications	4-6
Maintenance	4-6
Operation	4-6
Select Flow Signal Source	
Manually Enter Flow Value	
Select UV Transmittance Source	
Manually Enter UV Transmittance Value	4-6
Control the ActiClean [™] Cleaning System (ACS)	
Initiate a Wipe For One Wiper Group	
Reset Lamp Life Hours	
Select Bank Control Functions	
Operate Bank in REMOTE OFF	
Operate Bank in REMOTE HAND	
Operate Bank in REMOTE AUTO	
Control Modules	4-8
Select Module Control Functions	4-8
Enable/Disable Modules	
Reset Modules	
Assign the Lead Bank or Channel	
Check or Change System Settings	
Set System Clock	
4.4 OPERATOR INTERFACE SCREEN	4-8

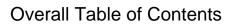




Screen Navigation Bar	4-8
Screen Color Codes and Icons	4-9
System Overview Screen	4-10
Channel Information	
Bank Information	
Priority Assignment Screen	
Bank Overview Screen	
Wiper Overview Screen	
Channel Overview Screen	
System Information Screen	
Trend Screen	4-20
Alarm Status Screen	4-20
Alarm History Screen	
Critical Alarms	
Major Alarms	
Minor Alarms	
Other Alarms	
Online Help	
System Settings Screens	
Bank SettingsWiper Settings	
Flow Settings	
UVT (Transmittance) Settings	
UVI (Intensity) Settings	
Dose Settings	
General Settings	
Channel Settings	4-28
5 COMBINED PDC/HSC	5-1
5.1 INTRODUCTION	5-1
5.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION CENTER	
Description	
ActiClean [™] Cleaning System	5-1
PDC Bank Mode SelectorCommunications	
5.3 COMBINED PDC/HSC ENCLOSURE	
Description	
Specifications	
Maintenance	5-2
5.4 PDC SERVICE ENTRANCE	5-2
Description	5-2
Specifications	
5.5 RELAY CONTROL BOARD (RCB)	
• • •	
Description	
Specifications	5-3

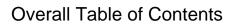


Replace Relay Bo	pard Fuse	5-3
5.6 COMMUNICATION C	ONTROL BOARD (CCB)	5-5
Description		5-5
Maintenance		5-6
	se	
5.7 HYDRAULIC SYSTE <mark>I</mark>	M CENTER (HSC)	<mark> 5-6</mark>
Description		5-6
Electrical Enclosu	ire	5-6
	nents	
	Notor Starter and Thermal Overload	
	nents	
	re Switch	
	oir	
	Gauge and Reservoir Fluid Level	
Check Pressure C	Gauge	5-9
	ng Hydraulic Fluid	
Remove and Rep	lace the Hydraulic Filter	5-10
· ·		
	•	
·		6-1
·		6-1
6 UV MODULE		
6.1 INTRODUCTION		6-1
6.1 INTRODUCTION		6-1
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description		6-1 6-2
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description Specifications		6-1 6-2 6-3
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description Specifications Maintenance	gered Module Configuration	6-1 6-2 6-3
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description Specifications Maintenance Maintaining Stagg Removing and Dis	gered Module Configurationsconnecting the Module From the System	
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description Specifications Maintenance Maintaining Stagg Removing and Dis Installing and Rec	gered Module Configuration	
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description	gered Module Configurationsconnecting the Module From the System	6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description	gered Module Configurationsconnecting the Module From the System	
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description Specifications Maintenance Maintaining Stagg Removing and Dis Installing and Reco	gered Module Configurationsconnecting the Module From the System	6-1 6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description Specifications Maintenance Maintaining Stagg Removing and Dis Installing and Reconstalling and	gered Module Configuration	6-1 6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7 6-7
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description Specifications Maintenance Maintaining Stagg Removing and Dis Installing and Reconstalling Reconstalli	gered Module Configuration	6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7 6-7
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description	gered Module Configuration	6-1 6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-7
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description Specifications Maintenance Maintaining Stagg Removing and Dis Installing and Reconstalling	gered Module Configuration	6-1 6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-9
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description	gered Module Configuration sconnecting the Module From the System connecting the Module to the System AST Tray Tray Ilace Ballast BOARD (MCB)	6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-12
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description Maintenance Maintaining Stage Removing and Dis Installing and Reconstruction 6.2 ELECTRONIC BALLA Description	gered Module Configuration	6-1 6-1 6-2 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-14 6-14
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description	gered Module Configuration	6-1 6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-14 6-14
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description	gered Module Configuration sconnecting the Module From the System connecting the Module to the System AST Tray Tray Jace Ballast BOARD (MCB)	6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-12 6-14 6-14
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description	gered Module Configuration sconnecting the Module From the System connecting the Module to the System AST Tray lace Ballast BOARD (MCB)	6-1 6-1 6-1 6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-14 6-14 6-14
6.1 INTRODUCTION Description	gered Module Configuration sconnecting the Module From the System connecting the Module to the System AST Tray Tray Jace Ballast BOARD (MCB)	6-1 6-1 6-1 6-1 6-2 6-3 6-3 6-4 6-6 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-7 6-14 6-14 6-14





Specifications	6-14
Maintenance	
Description	6-15
Specifications	
Maintenance	6-15
Inspect Quartz Sleeve for Cleanliness	6-15
Manual Quartz Sleeve Cleaning	
Remove Quartz Sleeve and Lamp	
Replace Quartz Sleeve and Lamp	
6.5 ACTICLEAN [™] CLEANING SYSTEM (ACS)	6-19
7 UV SENSOR	
7.1 INTRODUCTION	7-1
Description	7-1
Specifications	
Maintenance	7-2
Remove and Replace UV Sensor	7-2
8 WATER LEVEL CONTROL	8-1
8.1 WEIRS	
Description	
Specifications	
Maintenance	
9 ACTICLEAN™ CLEANING SYSTEM (AC	CS) 9-1
9.1 WIPER SYSTEM	9-1
Description	9-1
Specifications	
Cleaning Agent	
Operation	9-2
9.2 ACTICLEAN™ CLEANING SYSTEM (ACS)	9-3
Cleaning Agent	9-4
Operation	
To Manually extend (EXT) or retract (RET) all Wipers in	
To manually initiate a complete wipe sequence (SEQ) To Set for Automatic Cleaning (REMOTE)	
9.3 MAINTENANCE	
Drain Wiper System	
Fill Wiper System	
9.4 WIPER CANISTER MAINTENANCE/REMOVAL	
Remove and Replace Wiper Seal	
Disconnect Wiper Drive Bar	
1	





Disconnect Wiper Drive Bar	9-12
Reconnect the Wiper Drive Bar	
Grease the Hydraulic Cleaning Cylinder	
Remove and Replace Hydraulic Hoses	
Apply Rust Inhibitor (Safegard M1)	
9.5 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM CENTER (HSC)	9-17
Description	9-17



APPENDIX A	Warranties
Performance Guarantee	
Equipment Warranty	
Lamp Warranty	
Ballast Warranty	
APPENDIX B	Project and System Description
APPENDIX C	Layout Drawings
DR511201S01	Rev A
APPENDIX D	Electrical Drawings
929490	Rev A
927098	Rev G
927163	Rev B
927114	Rev G
APPENDIX E	Controls Philosophy
CP511201	Rev 1.1
APPENDIX F	MSDS Sheets
ActiClean TM Gel	
Tellus T-15 Hydraulic Fluid	
100% T Solution (Photometer)	
Photomter Cuvette Cleaner	
Lime a Way	
Jet Lube Grease	
APPENDIX G	Water Sampling Techniques
G.1 GENERAL	
G.2 SAMPLING PROCEDURE	
Grab Sample from a Channel for %UVT, TSS, PS	SD and Collimated Beam2
A) UV Transmittance Test (%UVT)	2
%UVT Sampling Instructions	2
B) Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	
·	3
•	3
	3
•	3
, ,	4
F) Grab Sample from a Channel for Post-Disinfed	tion Microbial Analysis 4



	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4
Lamps, Sleeves & Ballast Module End Cap Assembly Canister Components Canister Gel Filler Components Drive Bar Components Wiper Drive – Hydraulic Cleaning Cylinder Hydraulic System On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor Miscellaneous Recommended Spare Parts Predicted Life Of Parts Subject To Wear APPENDIX I System Maintena APPENDIX J Troubleshooting Gi J.1 System Alarm Troubleshooting J.1.1. Bank / Module Troubleshooting J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4
Canister Components Canister Gel Filler Components Drive Bar Components Wiper Drive – Hydraulic Cleaning Cylinder Hydraulic System On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor Miscellaneous Recommended Spare Parts Predicted Life Of Parts Subject To Wear APPENDIX I System Maintena APPENDIX J Troubleshooting J.1.1. Bank / Module Troubleshooting J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	2 3 3 3 4 4
Canister Gel Filler Components Drive Bar Components Wiper Drive – Hydraulic Cleaning Cylinder Hydraulic System On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor Miscellaneous Recommended Spare Parts Predicted Life Of Parts Subject To Wear APPENDIX I System Maintena APPENDIX J Troubleshooting J.1.1. Bank / Module Troubleshooting J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	3 3 3 4 4
Drive Bar Components Wiper Drive – Hydraulic Cleaning Cylinder Hydraulic System On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor Miscellaneous Recommended Spare Parts Predicted Life Of Parts Subject To Wear APPENDIX I System Maintena APPENDIX J Troubleshooting Gr. J.1 System Alarm Troubleshooting J.1.1. Bank / Module Troubleshooting J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	3 3 4 4
Wiper Drive – Hydraulic Cleaning Cylinder Hydraulic System On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor. Miscellaneous Recommended Spare Parts Predicted Life Of Parts Subject To Wear APPENDIX I System Maintena APPENDIX J Troubleshooting Gr J.1 System Alarm Troubleshooting J.1.1. Bank / Module Troubleshooting J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	3 3 4 4
Hydraulic System On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor Miscellaneous Recommended Spare Parts Predicted Life Of Parts Subject To Wear APPENDIX I System Maintena APPENDIX J Troubleshooting Ge J.1 System Alarm Troubleshooting J.1.1. Bank / Module Troubleshooting J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	3 4 4 5
On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor Miscellaneous Recommended Spare Parts Predicted Life Of Parts Subject To Wear APPENDIX I System Maintena APPENDIX J Troubleshooting J.1.1 System Alarm Troubleshooting J.1.2 Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3 System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4 Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	4 4 5
Miscellaneous Recommended Spare Parts Predicted Life Of Parts Subject To Wear APPENDIX I System Maintena APPENDIX J Troubleshooting Ge J.1 System Alarm Troubleshooting J.1.1. Bank / Module Troubleshooting J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	4 5
Recommended Spare Parts	4 5
APPENDIX I	5
APPENDIX J	
APPENDIX J	
J.1 System Alarm Troubleshooting J.1.1. Bank / Module Troubleshooting J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	псе
J.1.1. Bank / Module Troubleshooting J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	ıide
J.1.1. Bank / Module Troubleshooting J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	3
J.1.2. Hydraulic System Center (HSC) J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	
J.1.3. System Control Center (SCC) J.1.4. Water Level / Flow Meter Troubleshooting J.2 Common Procedures J.3 Board Drawings	
J.2 Common Procedures	
J.3 Board Drawings	23
	27
J.4 Interconnects and Wiring Dragrams	29
	34
APPENDIX K Manufacturer's Manu	als
Photometer Manual	
Davit Crane Manual	
Davit Crane Winch Manual	
Hach On Line UVT & Sensor Manual	
APPENDIX L Installation Instructi	ons
APPENDIX M Test Data & Service Rep	





Preface	iii
GENERAL INFORMATION	
WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS	VI
GENERAL LOCKOUT PROCEDURES	XII
LIST OF ACRONYMS/GLOSSARY	XIII
OPERATOR'S KIT	







PREFACE

General Information

Congratulations on your purchase of the TrojanUV3000PlusTM.

This Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Manual provides instructions on how to operate the system and carry out routine maintenance.

The objective of this manual is to provide simple, clear, and complete instructions. It is backed by Trojan Technologies commitment to offer superior customer support. Every effort has been taken to ensure the accuracy and completeness of information in this manual.

If you do not understand any of the information or procedure explanations in this manual, call Trojan Technologies for assistance.

Do not undertake operation, repairs or servicing of equipment unless you are familiar with the operation and servicing of technical equipment and are trained in electrical and mechanical safety.

Your common sense and good judgment are crucial to the safe and successful operation and maintenance of the TrojanUV3000PlusTM.



WARNING

Consult your technical manual before servicing!

- Read the Warnings and Precautions and General Lock out Procedure in this section before operating or performing any maintenance on this equipment.
- 2. Read procedures thoroughly before starting.
- Review all warnings and cautions that accompany any procedure and review warnings and precautions section each time

you prepare to perform maintenance on the TrojanUV3000PlusTM.

Four types of notices are used in this manual.



DANGER

Contains information that if not heeded; will cause death or serious injury to personnel.



WARNING

Contains information that if not heeded, could cause death or serious injury to personnel.



CAUTION

Contains information that if not heeded, may cause moderate injury or equipment damage

Note:

Provides comments which clarify information (e.g. On some models the valve is at the rear of the unit.)

This section of the O&M Manual contains important contacts, warnings and precautions, general lock out procedures, a list of acronyms, glossary of terms, and description of the operator's kit.

Chapter 1 - provides an introduction into the theory of ultraviolet light disinfection.

Chapter 2 - is an overview of the TrojanUV3000PlusTM components and operation.

Chapter 3 - provides instructions for the start up and shut down procedures for short or long-term periods (e.g. winterization).



Chapters 4 and on - provide details for the operation, maintenance, and specifications for the major components of TrojanUV3000Plus™ including the System Control Center, Power Distribution Center, UV Module, UV Sensor, Water Level Control and optional ActiClean™ Cleaning System.

Appendices include Warranties, Project and System Descriptions, Controls Philosophy, Layout and Electrical Drawings, MSDS's, Wastewater Sampling Techniques, Replacement Parts List, System Maintenance and Manufacturer's Manuals (if applicable).



Important Contacts

TROJAN TECHNOLOGIES

Head Office (Canada)

3020 Gore Road London, Ontario Canada N5V 4T7

Toll Free Number: 1-800-291-0218 Fax: 1-800-291-0083

Internet: http://www.trojanuv.com

Your Local Representative

DC Frost Associates, Inc. 2855 Mitchell Drive, Suite 215 Walnut Creek, CA 94598-1609

Telephone: 925-947-6733 Fax: 925-947-6784

E-mail: www.dcf@dcfrostassoc.com

Europe

Laan van Vredestein, 160 2552 DZ, The Hague, Netherlands

Telephone: 31-70-391-3020 Fax: 31-70-391-3330

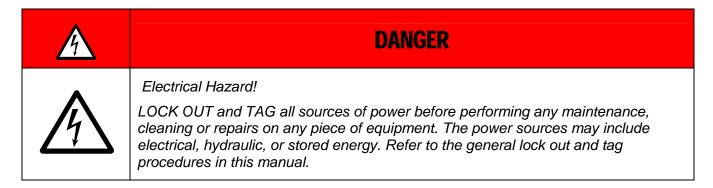
For projects in Continental Europe

For information on or assistance with the Hach SC100 Controller and UVAS sc Sensor (if provided) contact the Hach Company directly. Refer to the Manufacturer's Manual Appendix for contact information.



Warnings And Precautions

Please read warnings and precautions before proceeding with operation, maintenance or repair of the equipment. Always follow local safety codes and ensure tools and personal protective equipment are in good condition and properly fitted and tested.



A	WARNING
	Lockout Electrical Power
	Wear UV Resistant Face Shield! Unprotected exposure to ultraviolet light can cause severe burns to the eyes and skin. Face shield should be worn as the primary protection against such exposure. Never look directly at the energized lamps unless you are wearing ultraviolet resistant face shield or glasses (for short-term exposure)
	Eye Protection Must be Worn! As added protection, or as a minimum protection for short-term exposures, tight fitting glasses- with side shields protection where the such shields are contiguous - must be worn at all times when there is a potential exposure to Ultraviolet light. Glasses such as wrap-around style are most effective. Wear Eye Protection!
	Wear goggles when servicing equipment.



<u> </u>	WARNING
	Wear Protective Gloves! Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.
	Wear Safety Boots! Always wear protective footwear when working on equipment.
	Wear Ear Protection! The TrojanUV3000Plus™ does not produce a harmful level of noise, but users are cautioned that they should wear hearing protection as appropriate to protect against other noise that may be present at a wastewater or water treatment plant.
	Wear Hard Hat! Wear an approved hard hat and other personal protective equipment that is required according to construction site, wastewater or water treatment plant safety regulations.
	Slip Hazard! Module surfaces, grating, walkways and channel walls may be slippery when wet or ice covered.
	Fall Hazard! Use care when working around open channels. Replace safety grating after lifting modules.



Λ	WARNING
	Trip Hazard! Stay alert and be aware of potential trip hazards before working on equipment.
	Corrosive! The Cleaning Agent contains phosphoric acid. Avoid inhalation, ingestion, or exposure to eyes and skin. Wear appropriate clothing and personal protective equipment.
	Hot Surface! Allow electronic ballast and lamps to cool before handling. Ultraviolet lamps become hot during operation. Hot lamps can cause serious burns. Prior to removing the lamps, allow lamps to cool for a minimum of 5 minutes. This prevents burns and damage to the lamp. Top of PDC will become hot with prolonged exposure to sunlight.
3~	Three Phase Alternating Current!
~	Single Phase Alternating Current!
	On (Supply)



Λ	WARNING
0	Off (Supply)
	Protective Earth Terminal!
	Consult your technical manual before servicing!

<u> </u>	CAUTION
	Do not adjust the ALC once Trojan Personnel have set up the equipment. The ALC is not intended to function in no flow conditions. A recirculation pump or other level control device is required if periods no flow are expected. There should never be anything welded to or placed on the ALC unit. Doing so will affect the operation as well as the water level it was set to maintain. Trojan relies on quality samples to prove disinfection efficiency, UV dose demand, and effluent quality variation. Proper sampling techniques are essential. Trojan does not recommend the use of reducing agents (e.g. sodium thiosulphate or EDTA). Reducing agents in a sample will lead to false results and produce a low %UV Transmittance. Do not change any setting without being aware of the consequences to the system operation first. Contact Trojan Technologies before making changes.



Use caution when using gate alarm reset pushbuttons. Gates may begin to move immediately when the button is pushed and can cause physical damage to equipment if the cause of the fault is not corrected first. Be sure that all personnel are clear of gates and gate control motors and gearing before pushing these buttons.

Use only warm water to rinse the inside of the wiper canister. Other cleaning agents may affect UV transmittance through the sleeve.

Do not spray water in or around the Power Distribution Center when lids are open.

Make sure the power cord and hydraulic lines do not fall into the channel.

Ballast trays must be carried in an upright position only.

Handle ballast tray in upright position.

When replacing the sleeve nut, ONLY hand tighten to prevent damage to the module.

Seal sockets must be clean and dry. Clean with isopropyl alcohol if required.

Lamp connectors must be clean and dry. Clean with isopropyl alcohol if required.

O-rings must be free of nicks, dirt or water. Replace as required.

Do not use abrasive pads such as steel wool, copper wire or SOS pads since they will scratch the sleeves and cause damage to the system.

Do not over tighten pressure cone.

Wet sleeve before sliding through wiper canister.

Ensure all inner parts of wiper canister are reinserted in the proper orientation. Failure to do so will result in an incomplete seal.

If performing a manual cleaning of the quartz sleeve, ensure the sleeve is dry on the inside before assembling lamp assembly. Traces of wet alcohol could result in the formation of a coating after the lamps are turned on.

Use only Trojan approved cleaning agents. Other cleaning agents are not recommended and their use could jeopardize disinfection or damage the system.

Use only Trojan approved hydraulic fluid in the Hydraulic System Center (HSC). Other non-approved oils could damage the system. Refer to the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) Appendix for further information.

Use appropriate wiring practices, which conform to your local codes! Ensure adequate grounding!



Do not submerge the module enclosures under water or the electrical components within may be damaged. Module enclosures are water resistant not waterproof.

Flooding the module enclosure constitutes improper operation of the equipment and may cause extensive damage.

If you do not completely understand any of the information or procedures in this manual, call Trojan Technologies for assistance.



CAUTION

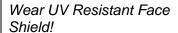
OBSERVE PRECAUTIUONS
FOR HANDLING
ELECTROSTATIC
SENSITIVE
DEVICES



General Lockout Procedures

The following procedure is the minimum requirement. Additional precautions should be taken depending on site-specific protocols. Always check with the plant manager and senior electrician for additional precautions.

WARNING





Unprotected exposure to ultraviolet light can cause severe burns to the eyes and skin. Face shield should be worn as the primary protection against such exposure. Never look directly at the energized lamps unless you are wearing ultraviolet resistant face shield or glasses (for short-term exposure).



WARNING

Wear Protective Gloves!

Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.



WARNING

Wear Safety Boots!

Always wear protective footwear when working on equipment.



WARNING

Lockout Electrical Power

Lockout and Tag Procedure

 Locate and identify electrical supply to equipment. Identify specific breakers that service Trojan Technologies' equipment. If you are unsure, contact plant electrician or maintenance personnel to locate correct electrical supply.



WARNING

Be aware that the panel may be fed from multiple sources!

- 2. While standing to the side, and facing away from the electrical panel, use your closest arm to move the disconnect switch to "Off".
- Attach your lock and safety tag to disconnect switch. Include your name, date and time, and work to be performed on tag.
- Return to System Control Center. Go to Bank Control Screen, and verify correct power source has been locked out.



WARNING

The equipment may have stored energy! Ensure that all parts have stopped moving and any stored capacitance has been effectively drained.

Test system by pressing start buttons or other controls to ensure power has been locked out.



- **6.** Proceed to work area and visually check to ensure equipment is off.
- Double check with a multimeter at equipment service entrance that the system has been deenergized.
- 8. It is now safe to work on the system.

After Service Work Is Complete

- **1.** Ensure all equipment is in "Off" position.
- 2. Clear any tools or debris from work area.
- 3. Remove all lock out devices and tags.
- **4.** While standing to the side, and facing away from the electrical panel, use your closest arm to move the disconnect switch to the "On" position.
- Notify plant manager or site electrician that work is complete and system has been restarted.

List of Acronyms/Glossary

°C – Degrees Celsius

°F - Degrees Fahrenheit

~ - Single Phase Alternating Current

%T - percent Transmittance

#L - # Lamp (ie. 3L - 3 Lamp)

△ - Delta

 ε - Edison

100%T - 100 percent Transmittance

3~ - Three Phase Alternating Current

3R - Type 3R

4 - Type 4

4X - Type 4X

A - Amps

AC - Alternating Current

ACK - Acknowledge

ACS - ActiClean[™] Cleaning System

ALC - Automatic Level Controller

ANSI - American National Standards Institute

A/R - As Required

ASTM - American Society for Testing & Materials

Bar - Barometric Pressure

BSP - British Standard Pipe

CE - Conformitée Européenne (European

Conformity)

CCB - Communications Control Board

cm - Centimeters

COMM - Communications

CPU - Central Processing Unit

CSA - Canadian Standards Association

c/w - Complete With

D - Disabled

DC - Direct Current

DNA - Deoxyribonucleic Acid

DP - Distribution Panel

DWG. - Drawing

E - Enabled

EC - E-Coli

EL. - Elevation

ELPD - Earth Leakage Protection Device

EMI - Electro Magnetic Interference

EOL - End of Life

EPA - US Environmental Protection Agency

EPDM - Ethylene-propylene-diene rubber

EPROM - Erasable Programmable Read Only

Memory

Est. - Estimated

EXT - Extend





FC - Fecal Coliform

Ft. - Foot/Feet

FWP - Fixed Weir Plate

G# - Generation # (ie. G1 - Generation 1)

GND - Ground

GPD - Gallons / Day

gpm - US Gallons Per Minute

GUI - Graphical User Interface

HCB - Hydraulic Control Board

Hp - Horsepower

Hrs - Hours

HSC - Hydraulic System Center

Hz - Hertz

in. - Inch(es)

in lb- Inch pound

I/O - Input/Output

JIS - Japanese Industrial Standards

kPA - Killopascals

kVA - Kilovolt amps

kW - Kilowatts

kWh - kilowatt hours

Lb'ft - Pound Foot

LED - Light Emitting Diode

LHL - Low Headloss Automatic Level Controller

LOC - Local

LPM - Liters / minute

L/s - Liters / second

M - meters

mA - Milli Amp

MAX - Maximum

M³/Day - Cubic Meters per Day

MCB - Module Control Board

MGD - Million Gallons / Day

mg/l - Milligrams per liter

MIN - Minimum

mJ/cm² - Millijoules per squared centimeter

mL - Milliliters

MLD - Million Liters per Day

mm - Millimeters

MSDS - Material Safety Data Sheets

mW/cm² - Milliwatts per squared centimeter

mWs/cm2 - Milliwatt seconds per squared

centimeter

NO. - Number

nm - nanometer

N'm - Newton meter

NPT - National Pipe Thread

O&M - Operation and Maintenance

OEM - Original Equipment Manufacture

OI - Operator Interface

PDC - Power Distribution Center

ph - Phase

PLC - Programmable Logic Controller

PPM - Parts per Million

PREV – Previous

PSi - Pounds per Square Inch

PSS - Point Source Summation

Qty. - Quantity

REM - Remote

RET - Retract

REV. - Revision

RCB - Relay Control Board

RNA - Ribonucleic Acid

SBR - Sequencing Batch Reactor

SCADA - System Control and Data Acquisition

SCC - System Control Center

sec - Second

SPEC - Specification

SPSS - Single Point Source Summation Method

SST - Stainless Steel

Temp - Temperature

TC - Total Coliform

TSS - Total Suspended Solids

TVSS - Transient Voltage Surge Suppressor

TYP. - Typical

UI - User Interface

UPS - Uninterrupted Power Supply

UV2 - **UV**2000TM

UV3 - UV3000™

UV3+ - TrojanUV3000Plus™

UV3B - UV3000TMBasic

UV4LF - UV4000TMLF

UV4 - TrojanUV4000Plus™

UL – Underwriters Laboratory

UV - Ultraviolet

UVM - UV Module

UVT - UV Transmittance

V - Volts

VA - Volt amps

VAC - Volts Alternating Current

VDC - Volts Direct Current

w - Wire

w/ - With

W/o - Without

WL - Water Level

W/m² - Watts per meter squared

Y - Wye



Operator's Kit

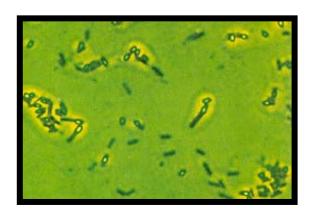
An operator's kit is provided with each TrojanUV3000PlusTM. The following items are included in the kit:

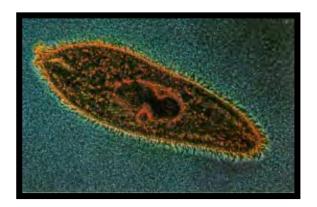
- 1. One clear UV face shield.
- 2. Four pairs of disposable vinyl gloves.
- One 6 inch galvanized steel funnel for adding hydraulic oil to the Hydraulic System Center (HSC).
- **4.** One Wiper Collar Cap Tool for the ActiClean[™] Cleaning System.
- **5.** One replacement filter for the Hydraulic System Center.
- 6. One hydraulic bleeder hose.
- **7.** One bottle of rust inhibitor for hydraulic components (Safegard M1).

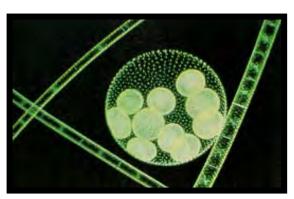


Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION TO UV THEORY











1 Introduction To UV Theory	1-1
1.1 WHAT IS ULTRAVIOLET LIGHT?	1-1
1.2 DISINFECTION VS. STERILIZATION	1-1
1.3 HOW DOES UV LIGHT DISINFECT?	1-1
1.4 FACTORS AFFECTING UV DISINFECTION	1-2
Wastewater QualityUV Transmittance	1-2 1-2
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	
Microbial Inactivation Kinetics - The UV Dose Response Curve	
UV Equipment Configuration	
Lamp Age and Sleeve Fouling	1-4





1 INTRODUCTION TO UV THEORY

1.1 What Is Ultraviolet Light?

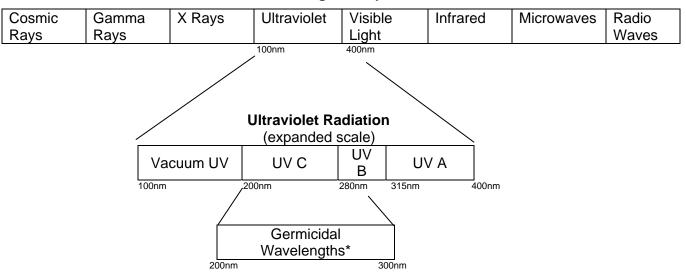
Ultraviolet (UV) light is the portion of the electromagnetic spectrum with wavelengths between 100 and 400 nanometers (nm). Germicidal wavelengths are located in the spectral region of 200nm to 300nm. The low-pressure mercury lamp radiation is essentially monochromatic with its output at 253.7nm. The medium-pressure mercury lamp is polychromatic with germicidal output spread over different wavelengths.

1.3 How Does UV Light Disinfect?

Microorganisms are inactivated by UV light as a result of photochemical damage to nucleic acids.

Cellular RNA and DNA absorb the high energy associated with short wavelength UV radiation. The absorption of UV energy, most strongly in the wavelength range of 240 to 280nm, results in the formation of new bonds between adjacent nucleotides, creating doubled structures or dimers in the nucleic acid. Dimerization of adjacent pyrimidines, particularly thymine in the case of DNA, is the most common photochemical damage. Formation of numerous thymine dimers in the DNA of

Electromagnetic Spectrum



*Peak effectiveness approximately 260-265nm

1.2 Disinfection vs. Sterilization

Disinfection is the reduction of pathogens (disease causing microorganisms) to non-infectious levels, whereas sterilization is the total inactivation of all living cells and viruses.

bacteria and viruses prevents replication and results in cell death.

The amount of cell damage depends on the dose of UV energy absorbed by the microorganisms and their resistance to UV. Most bacteria and viruses require relatively low UV doses for inactivation. In general, bacteria are more sensitive than viruses, and the protozoan parasites *Cryptosporidium* and *Giardia* are more sensitive to UV than most

TrojanUV3000Plus[™] Operations & Maintenance



bacteria. Gram-negative bacilli are more sensitive than gram-positive cocci and bacterial spores.

1.4 Factors Affecting UV Disinfection

The UV dose delivered by a disinfection system is a product of UV intensity (milliwatts per square centimeter) and retention (exposure) time in seconds:

UV Dose = Intensity X Time

The units of dose are milliwatt seconds per square centimeter (mW.s/cm²) or millijoules per square centimeter (mJ/cm²).

"UV intensity" is affected by:

- wastewater quality,
- · microbial inactivation kinetics,
- · equipment/lamp configuration, and
- lamp age and sleeve fouling.

Temperature and pH do not affect UV disinfection.

Wastewater Quality

Common wastewater parameters that impact UV intensity are:

- UV Transmittance (%T), resulting from the presence of UV-absorbing organic and inorganic compounds (e.g., nitrate, iron).
- Total suspended solids (TSS) or more correctly, the characteristics of the particles that make up the TSS such as:
 - · particle size distribution,
 - the number of particles in each size range,
 - · particle optical properties.

UV Transmittance

UV Transmittance (%T) is a measure of the ability of the wastewater to transmit UV light. It is both a measure of water quality and an important design factor for sizing UV equipment.

Wastewater, with a higher %T, requires less UV energy input to disinfect. Reduced

transmittance in wastewater effluent results in a lower UV intensity delivered through the effluent. The absorption of UV by the water is sometimes referred to as UV demand. Since UV dose = Intensity X Exposure Time, a reduced intensity due to water absorption of UV can be compensated for by increasing the retention time, increasing the number of lamps in the reactor, or increasing the lamp intensity (by increasing power to the lamps or changing to more powerful lamps).

UV Transmittance is measured with a UV spectrophotometer set at a wavelength of 254nm. The transmittance of a sample in a onecentimeter path length quartz cuvette is read as a percentage compared to pure water (set at 100%). A 60 %T means that the intensity entering the cuvette has fallen to 60% of that value in passing through one centimeter of sample water.

Transmittance decreases in the presence of UV absorbing substances and particles that either absorb or scatter UV light. This results in a reduction of available UV energy for disinfection.

Wastewater transmittance also depends on the concentration of industrial process waste relative to the total plant flow. Industries that influence UV transmittance include textile, printing, pulp and paper, food processing, meat and poultry processing, photo developing, and chemical manufacturing. The presence of UV-absorbing particles, dissolved organics and inorganics in the wastes of these industries will reduce transmittance.

Treatment process chemicals can also influence %T. Wastewater treatment processes may use metal salts for enhanced solids removal, phosphate reduction and odor control. Dissolved aluminum salts have no effect on UV transmittance, and flocculated solids containing aluminum do not show an increased resistance to UV disinfection relative to similar particles without aluminum.

Iron in water absorbs UV directly, fouls sleeves, and provides a protective shield by adsorption onto suspended solids and bacterial clumps.



Increased resistance to UV is experienced when there is increased amounts of iron associated with solids.

Wastewater transmittance depends on upstream treatment processes. In general, suspended growth processes produce effluents with transmittances that range from 60% to 65%. Fixed film processes range from 50% to 55%T and lagoons from 35% to 45%T.

Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

The Total Suspended Solids are composed of bacteria-laden particles of varying number and size. The solids enclose the interior bacteria. making it more difficult for UV or chemicals to disinfect wastewaters with higher levels of TSS. High TSS wastewaters generally also have larger particles that are more difficult to disinfect. In addition, increased iron content in the solids can result in shielding or protection of bacteria from UV. The protection by particles is directly related to the number, distribution of sizes, bacterial density, and chemical composition of the particles. Particles also reduce UV intensity in an effluent by absorbing and scattering UV light. These factors contribute to an increased UV demand in wastewater.

The measurements of particle size distribution in wastewater effluents are used to indicate filter and clarifier performance. Typically, particle sizes are related to the type of upstream wastewater process. Sedimentation and filtration result in a decrease in both the number and mean size of particles. Smaller particles are generally easier to disinfect unless they are laden with iron or otherwise optically dense.

Microbial Inactivation Kinetics - The UV Dose Response Curve

As shown in the below figure, low UV doses typically produce a rapid decrease in bacteria numbers. The linear relationship of log (surviving microbial counts) versus UV dose is typical first-order kinetics.

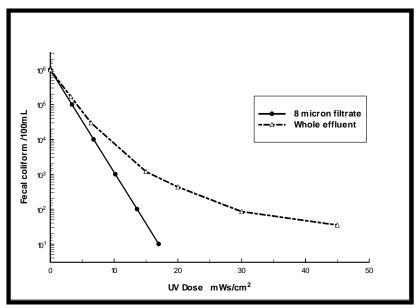
At higher doses a deviation or tailing occurs due to shielding of microbes within particles. The particles provide protection to microbes so that higher UV doses are required to penetrate and kill all the bacteria within the particles.

There is a bacterial density beyond which additional inactivation cannot be economically achieved. This is because some of the particles are large, or so opaque to UV that sufficient UV dose cannot be delivered to the most internal bacteria in these particles to cause inactivation. Surviving bacteria in a particle result in one microbial count for that particle when microbiological counts are performed. There is a diminishing return to applying additional dose due to the very slow accumulation of dose by these core microbes.

In such cases, alterations in up-stream processes that significantly improve effluent quality will have the added benefit of decreasing the UV dose required to achieve a desired disinfection limit.

Sedimentation and filtration result in a decrease in TSS levels, (decreased particle sizes and numbers). The figure shows that the result of filtration is a decrease in the UV dose required to achieve a given disinfection target.





Typical UV Dose-Response Curve for Filtered and Unfiltered Wastewater

UV Equipment Configuration

The UV reactor is configured to optimize the number of UV lamps required to provide a specific dose in the water quality being treated, and for the required hydraulic capacity. Optimal equipment configuration will produce adequate turbulent flow (mixing) and minimal headloss.

Lamp spacing is selected to control the water layer around the quartz sleeve and to provide the optimum average intensity for the water quality being treated and the headloss limitations.

Lamp Age and Sleeve Fouling

UV intensity gradually decreases with time and use due to lamp aging and sleeve fouling. This is factored into the design, so that equipment will maintain the required UV dose throughout the life of the UV lamps.

For proper performance, UV lamps should be replaced after the specified lamp life in the warranty.

Lamp life depends on the number of ON/OFF cycles used for flow pacing during disinfection.

Uniform intensity in a system can be managed with a staged lamp replacement schedule.

An accumulation of inorganic and organic solids on the quartz sleeve decreases the intensity of UV light that enters the surrounding water. The fouling rate varies with process and effluent types and may be more rapid in the presence of high concentrations of iron, calcium and magnesium ions.

Some Trojan systems have an ActiClean[™] Cleaning System option that combines chemical and mechanical cleaning and significantly reduces operator maintenance time.



Chapter 2

SYSTEM OVERVIEW





2 SYSTEM OVERVIEW	2-1
2.1 SYSTEM COMPONENTS	2-1
System Control Center (SCC)	2-1
Power Distribution Center (PDC)	2-1
UV Modules	2-1
UV Sensor	2-1
Water Level Control	2-1
ActiClean™ Cleaning System (ACS) and Hydraulic System Center (HSC)	2-1
Water Level Sensor	2-2
On-line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor	2-2
Control System Overview	2-2
ActiClean [™] Cleaning System	2-3
Maintenance Summary	





2 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

2.1 System Components

The TrojanUV3000Plus[™] is made up of several components:

- System Control Center (SCC)
- Power Distribution Center (PDC)
- UV Modules
- UV Sensor
- Water Level Control
- ActiClean[™] Cleaning System and Hydraulic System Center (HSC)
- On-line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor
- Water Level Sensor

System Control Center (SCC)

The SCC is an enclosure that contains all of the hardware required for central control of the system. It includes a PLC controller, the Operator Interface, input/output connections and communication hardware. The SCC is also equipped with an extensive alarm reporting system to ensure fast and accurate diagnosing of system process and maintenance alarms.

Power Distribution Center (PDC)

The PDC powers each bank of modules and spans the width of the channel. On Bank 1A the PDC also contains the Hydraulic System Center (HSC) equating to a combined PDC/HSC.

The PDC distributes power from the main electrical service out to the modules in the bank. It contains the communication and control equipment for the bank(s) of lamps.

UV Modules

The UV lamps are mounted in modules installed in open channels. The lamps are enclosed in quartz sleeves, which are positioned horizontally and parallel to the direction of flow. A bank or reactor is made up of 8 lamp modules that are placed in parallel positions and spaced 4 inches, depending on the system design. The number of lamps and lamp spacing in a UV module depends on effluent quality and flow rate. The module/bank configuration has been determined by Trojan Technologies and is based on relevant information collected from the site.

UV Sensor

Trojan Technologies' UV Sensor patent pending, measures the UV intensity produced in each bank of modules.

On 8-lamp modules, the sensor is positioned between the fifth and sixth lamp from the top.

The UV Sensor incorporates a photodiode that gathers UV light from the lamp underneath the sensor. The light is then converted into an analog signal displayed in mW/cm² at the Operator Interface in the SCC.

Water Level Control

A weir is used to maintain the appropriate water level over the lamps at all flows. Maintaining control of the water level ensures uniform UV exposure and protects the system by keeping the lamps submerged.

ActiClean[™] Cleaning System (ACS) and Hydraulic System Center (HSC)

When the ACS is used, a magnetically coupled submersible wiper drive is supplied on each UV module. This patented design drives a wiper carriage assembly with attached wiper canisters along the UV modules. The wiper canisters surround each quartz lamp sleeve and are filled with a Trojan approved cleaning agent. Cleaning takes place when the cleaning fluid in the wiper



canisters contacts the lamp sleeves between two wiper seals.

Cleaning is achieved mechanically with the scraping action of the wiper seals and chemically by the chemical reaction between the cleaning agent and the build-up on the sleeves. The cleaning takes place while the lamps are submersed and while the lamps are operating.

All the lamp sleeves within the bank are cleaned simultaneously. The frequency of cleaning is adjustable at the Operator Interface in the SCC.

The ACS is hydraulically actuated using the HSC, which is a stainless steel enclosure located in close proximity to the UV channel as shown or attached directly to the PDC (not shown). The HSC contains the pump, valves, and reservoir for the ACS. The HSC pumps hydraulic fluid to manifolds resting below the PDC(s). Extend and retract hoses from each module are plugged into the manifold to complete the hydraulic loop. The fluid is used to extend and retract the magnetically coupled wiper drive on each module.

Water Level Sensor

Another feature is the low water level sensor. This sensor is positioned down stream of the system and provides a digital signal when the water level is too low. Under these conditions an alarm is triggered and displayed at the SCC.

When the water level is too low the bank will shutdown. The low water level sensor is a standard system feature.

On-line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor

The Hach SC100 Controller and UVAS sc Sensor sample and measure the percent of UV transmittance (%T) in the effluent. The results are communicated to the SCC from the SC100 Controller and are used to adjust the UV dose in conjunction with flow signals and lamp ageOperations Overview

Control System Overview

The TrojanUV3000Plus[™] is designed to operate automatically. Each system is custom sized and programmed to meet site-specific objectives.

The operation of the TrojanUV3000PlusTM is managed at the SCC by its PLC controller, which continuously monitors and controls the system's functions. The controller is the brain of the TrojanUV3000PlusTM control system and communicates with the Operator Interface, PDC and HSC. Custom electronics, pressure switches and water level sensor provide the controller with the necessary system parameters.

The Operator Interface allows complete control and monitoring of the entire TrojanUV3000PlusTM. The TrojanUV3000PlusTM operates using an automatic dose paced control system, to maintain an adequate UV dosage for the effluent flow conditions while conserving power.

The power to the UV lamps is automatically adjusted in response to analog inputs from the flow meter and On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor. These inputs are continually monitored in the SCC and the corresponding power setting is adjusted (i.e., turned up/down or on/off) in response to changes in flow or effluent quality. The SCC acts as the brain of the system as it receives input from all of the system monitoring devices and enables the lamps to respond accordingly.

A level control device is positioned just downstream of the reactor to maintain water over the lamps at all flows.

Each module bank uses a Communications Control Board (CCB), which controls and monitors the lamp, ballast and bank status. The CCB is located within the PDC. All communications to and from the PDC travel to the CPU module in the SCC through a RS485 serial link. The SCC polls each CCB in sequence to continually update the status of modules and ballasts. The messages are decoded by the controller and then checked for



errors prior to displaying the data on the Status screen.

The input/output card in the SCC receives two analog 4-20 mA signals that indicate:

- flow from the plant effluent flow meter, and
- percent Transmittance (%T) from the UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor.

These analog signals are communicated to the SCC via wires connected to the two analog inputs on the input/output (I/O) card in the SCC.

Alarm History and Alarm Summary screens provide the operator with an indication of system faults as they occur.

An auto answer modem located in the SCC permits off-site Trojan personnel to monitor system performance and assist in diagnosing faults.

ActiClean™ Cleaning System

The frequency of automatic cleaning is set by the operator and then implemented by the SCC.

Cleaning frequency is adjusted depending on the fouling rate and may be programmed to operate as frequently as once per hour. The recommended cleaning schedule in typical conditions is once every 24 hours.

The cleaning system can also be manually controlled using the Wiper Selector switches located on the HSC.

All modules in a bank are cleaned simultaneously. Each module is fitted with a patented magnetically coupled wiper drive and one wiping canister per lamp. Hydraulic fluid within the rod pushes the internal piston of the wiper drive to extend or retract depending on the direction of flow.

During a cleaning sequence, the solenoid opens and distributes hydraulic fluid from the HSC to the manifold underneath the PDC which then distributes fluid to each module via the hydraulic extend line. To retract the wiper drive, the solenoid switches and the direction of hydraulic fluid flow is reversed.

Maintenance Summary

Do not undertake operation, repairs or maintenance of equipment unless you are familiar with the operation and servicing of technical equipment and are trained in electrical and mechanical safety.



CAUTION

If you do not completely understand any of the information or procedures in this manual, call Trojan Technologies for assistance.

Common sense and good judgment are crucial to safe and successful operation and maintenance of the equipment. If your level of training, skill or comprehension of the material in this manual may in some way result in or contribute to injury, damage to the equipment or your ability to perform safe operation or maintenance work, have the work done by a qualified operator or Trojan Representative.

- Read the Warnings and Precautions section and General Lock out Procedure before operating or performing any maintenance on this equipment.
- Read procedures thoroughly before starting them.
- Review the warnings and cautions that accompany the procedures each time you prepare to perform maintenance on the TrojanUV3000PlusTM.



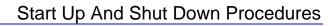
Chapter 3

START UP AND SHUT DOWN PROCEDURES











3 Start Up And Shut Down Procedures	
3.1 START UP OF UV SYSTEM	3-1
3.2 SHUT DOWN OF UV SYSTEM	3-2
3.3 SHUT DOWN FOR PROLONGED PERIODS	3-2
UV Modules	
Prolonged Shut Down of ActiClean [™] Cleaning System	3-2
Prolonged Shut Down Procedure of On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor	3-3
Start Up Procedure for the On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor	





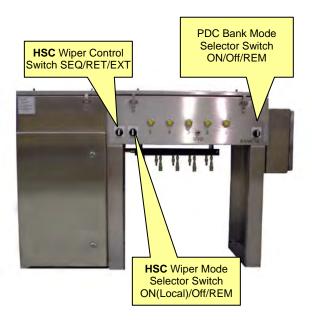


3 START UP AND SHUT DOWN PROCEDURES

3.1 Start Up Of UV System

- Ensure that all modules in a bank are inserted in the correct orientation. Refer to the Maintaining Staggered Module Configuration found in the UV Module chapter.
- 2. Ensure Bank Mode Selector switch on PDC is set to OFF.
- **3.** Ensure that ALL Wiper Mode Selector switch(es) on HSC are in OFF position.





- **4.** Turn on main power breaker in SCC enclosure.
- **5.** Turn on main power switch (i.e., disconnect switch or breaker) for PDC.

Note:

The main power switch for the PDC is in a separate enclosure or panel and is not typically supplied by Trojan Technologies

- **6.** Turn on main power breaker on HSC enclosure.
- Turn on other breakers in HSC and check to see if any of the breakers trip. If breakers trip, investigate and rectify fault.
- **8.** Switch Bank Mode Selector switch on PDC to REM (remote).
- **9.** Go to Bank Control Screen at SCC to verify bank is on REMOTE AUTO.
- 10. At the HSC, switch the Wiper Control switch to SEQ, then switch the Wiper Mode Selector for Bank 1A to LOC(local) or ON to initiate a wiper sequence and confirm that the wiper functions properly. If successful, switch the Wiper Mode Selector switch for Bank1A to REM (remote).
- **11.** Switch HSC Wiper Control Switch to RET.



- **12.** Repeat steps 1 10 for any additional banks.
- **13.** Go to Wiper Control Screen at SCC and verify that wipers are in REMOTE AUTO.

Combined PDC/HSC



3.2 Shut Down Of UV System

- 1. Go into Bank Control screen at SCC and put all banks in REMOTE OFF.
- **2.** Go into Wiper Control Screen at SCC and put wipers in REMOTE OFF.
- **3.** Turn Bank Mode Selector switches on PDC to OFF position.
- **4.** Turn Wiper Mode Selector switches at HSC to OFF position.

3.3 Shut Down For Prolonged Periods

In some instances, wastewater treatment plants are only required to have seasonable disinfection.

If that is the case, the following procedures should be completed to winterize the UV equipment. The procedures apply to plants that continue effluent flow through UV equipment but do not disinfect during the winter season.

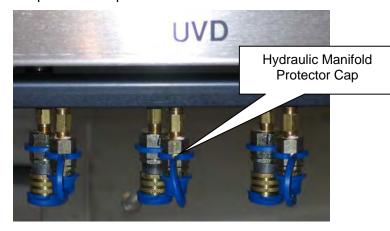
UV Modules

The primary concern for UV modules during the winter season is the potential for damage to the quartz sleeves and lamps if the effluent is allowed to freeze. To avoid damage remove the modules from the channel.

To remove modules, disable the modules at SCC and then unplug each of the connections to the individual modules at the front of the PDC. (See Disconnect Module Power and Hydraulic Lines in the UV Module chapter.)

Prolonged Shut Down of ActiClean[™] Cleaning System

- Follow the Drain Wiper System found in the ActiClean[™] Cleaning System chapter to remove the module from the channel and drain the wiper system.
- 2. Close the top Wiper Filler plug.
- **3.** Put protective caps (provided by Trojan) on the PDC receptacles and UV Module power cords.
- **4.** Cap the hydraulic manifold couplers and hydraulic hose ends with the attached protective caps.



- 5. Fill hydraulic cylinder with food grade grease provided in the kit. Follow the Grease the Hydraulic Cylinder procedure found in the ACS chapter.
- **6.** Store the dry module (without cleaning agent or water) in a dry location for the winter season.



Prolonged Shut Down Procedure of On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor

If the On-line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor are to be shut down for an extended period of time (such as for winter months), follow these procedures.



WARNING

Wear Protective Gloves!

Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.



WARNING

Wear UV Resistant Face Shield!

Always wear goggles or face shield when working with lamps or sleeves to protect against cuts in the event of breakage

- 1. Shut down all power to On-line UV Transmittance Controller.
- **2.** Disconnect the On-Line UV Transmittance Sensor from the controller.
- 3. Clean the On-Line Transmittance Sensor especially the optical path. Use either dilluted acid or bleach.



CAUTION

Use either diluted acid or bleach cleanser, not both.

- 4. Dry off the On-Line UV Transmittance Sensor.
- 5. Disconnect the On-Line UV Controller.
- **6.** Store both the controller and sensor in a dry, clean location, where the temperature is above freezing.

Start Up Procedure for the On-Line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor

Install and calibrate the On-Line UV
 Transmittance Controller and Sensor as required in the UVAS sc Sensor User Manual found in the Miscellaneous Equipment Appendix of this manual. Contact the Hach Company directly for assistance.



Chapter 4

SYSTEM CONTROL CENTER







4 SYSTEM CONTROL CENTER	4-1
4.1 SCC OVERVIEW	4-1
Description	
Specifications	
Maintenance	
Operation	
Power Up/Power Down Procedure	
4.2 PLC CONTROLLER	
Description	
Power SupplyPLC Processor	
Analog Input Card	
Discrete I/O	
Remote Monitoring	
Specifications	
Maintenance	
Remove or Replace Power Supply Fuse	
PLC Program Reload	4-4
4.3 PANELVIEW PLUS OPERATOR INTERFACE	
Description	4-6
Specifications	4-6
Maintenance	
Operation	
Select Flow Signal Source	
Manually Enter Flow Value	
Select UV Transmittance Source	
Manually Enter UV Transmittance Value	4-6
Control the ActiClean [™] Cleaning System (ACS)	4-7
Initiate a Wipe For One Wiper Group	4-7
Reset Lamp Life Hours	
Control Banks	
Select Bank Control Functions	
Operate Bank in REMOTE OFF Operate Bank in REMOTE HAND	
Operate Bank in REMOTE AUTO	
Control Modules	
Select Module Control Functions	
Enable/Disable Modules	
Reset Modules	
Assign the Lead Bank or Channel	
Check or Change System Settings	
Set System Clock	
4.4 OPERATOR INTERFACE SCREEN	
Screen Navigation Bar	
Screen Color Codes and Icons	
System Overview Screen	
Channel Information	
Bank Information	4-11





Priority Assignment Screen	4-12
Bank Overview Screen	4-12
Wiper Overview Screen	4-16
Channel Overview Screen	4-18
System Information Screen	4-19
Trend Screen	4-20
Alarm Status Screen	4-20
Alarm History Screen	4-21
Critical Alarms	4-21
Major Alarms	4-22
Minor Alarms	4-23
Other Alarms	4-24
Online Help	4-25
System Settings Screens	4-25
Bank Settings	
Wiper Settings	4-26
Flow Settings	4-26
UVT (Transmittance) Settings	
UVI (Intensity) Settings	4-27
Dose Settings	
General Settings	
Channel Settings	4-28



4 SYSTEM CONTROL CENTER

4.1 SCC Overview

Description

The operation of the TrojanUV3000Plus™ is managed at the System Control Center (SCC), which houses a PLC based controller and the Operator Interface. The PLC controller evaluates inputs and outputs from the system's components, monitors system status, makes adjustments, provides notification of system faults and triggers the alarm system. Information processed by the PLC controller is displayed at the Operator Interface and allows the operator to further monitor and control system functions.

Standard Allen Bradley CompactLogix L32E components shown below.

Note:

Components may very depending on the processor provided,



The PLC is programmed to provide safe and efficient control of the UV system's banks of lamps as it interfaces with the Power Distribution Center (PDC), Communication Control Boards (CCB), effluent flow signal, On-line UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor and Hydraulic System Center (HSC). Information from these sources is used to control the automatic dose-pace strategy for the UV lamp banks.

The Operator Interface consists of a touchscreen display located on the SCC door. It allows the operator to monitor and control all UV system functions.

The TrojanUV3000Plus[™] is designed to run in either automatic mode (the PLC monitors and controls the UV dosage produced by the banks) or manual mode (the operator selects the power level). When the ActiClean[™] Cleaning System (ACS) is used the PLC also controls the wiper system when in the automatic mode.

An extensive alarm reporting system provides the operator with the tools for fast and accurate diagnosis of system process problems and maintenance alarms.

The SCC also houses an optional auto-answer modem, which allows remote monitoring and troubleshooting by Trojan service personnel.

Specifications

Item	Value
Enclosure	 304 stainless steel, wall mounted UL Listed to U.S. and Canadian standards built to Type 4X requirements for watertight enclosures when required
Power requirements	120 VAC 60 Hz, 2 kVA, typical



HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

Like all steel products exposed to the outdoor environment, the enclosure's exterior should be washed monthly with a mild soap and water solution.

A damp sponge or soft cloth should be used for regular cleaning. Do not use any corrosive cleansers on the SCC cabinet or Operator Interface.



Operation

The operator may run each bank in automatic mode, which allows the PLC controller to monitor and control the UV dosage or in manual mode through the Operator Interface.

Additionally local bank control override switches are available for each on the PDC enclosure.

To allow local control of the UV banks, bypass the PLC controller by placing the Bank Mode Selector switch(s) on the PDC(s) in the Local On or Off position.

A detailed description of the operation of each of the Operator Interface screens is provided in this chapter.

Power Up/Power Down Procedure

Follow the steps in the Start Up and Shut Down Procedures chapter to power up the SCC.

When the SCC is started up, the PLC controller and Panelview Plus Operator Interface perform self-diagnostics and read the status of each UV bank from the CCBs. The Operator Interface display shows diagnostic messages until the power up sequence is complete. The interface will then display the System Overview screen.

After the system is powered up, the operator should verify that the system is communicating with the UV banks and displaying the correct bank mode and lamp status on the Bank Overview Screen. All banks that were currently running prior to the SCC being restarted will go through a warm-up sequence and continue to run.

4.2 PLC Controller

Description

The PLC controller contains the control program for the UV system and interfaces with the UV lamp banks, Operator Interface, and other required discrete and analog signals.

Standard Allen Bradley CompactLogix L32E components shown below.

Note:

Components may very depending on the processor provided,



- Power Supply
- 2. PLC Processor
- 3. Analog Input Card
- 4. Discrete Output Card
- 5. Discrete Input Card (Optional)

The appropriate discrete and analog signal cards must be installed in the backplane for each signal terminated. The PLC consists of:

- power supply that provides DC power to PLC Processor and other interface cards,
- PLC processor that contains UV control program and processes all incoming and outgoing data,
- analog input card to receive process control data from plant flow and UV Transmittance signals,
- communication protocol card where required to support existing SCADA networks, and
- additional optional input and output cards as required by the project.



The PLC controller is pre-configured at the factory with inputs and outputs as required for each system. Trojan Technologies configures the functionality of each of the signals in the control strategy.

Power Supply

A 120 VAC supply is filtered, transformed and rectified on-board to supply all circuits with their required power. All logic circuits are powered by +5VDC and +24VDC. A power LED is illuminated on the power supply when power is present.

PLC Processor

A PLC processor continuously runs the UV control program, and polls the analog and discrete input and output cards to transfer data to and from the field.

The standard processor is an Allen Bradley CompactLogix L32E. An onboard serial port is connected to a converter that changes the signal to RS485 and is used to communicate with the PDC and HSC communication boards. This port is specifically configured to talk to the UV CCBs and cannot be used as a PLC programming port unless the processor memory is cleared. An onboard Ethernet network port is used to communicate with the operator interface and optionally a plant supervisory system and to connect a programming PC.

Analog Input Card

A 4 channel analog input card is supplied, and add on cards are available, to allow interfacing with external devices (e.g. plant flowmeter, turbidity meter, etc.).

Optional 2 channel analog output cards are also available to allow the output of process variables (e.g. flow, UV Transmittance, bank intensity) to a plant supervisory (SCADA) system.

Discrete I/O

A 16 channel discrete output card is supplied with every SCC.

Output cards are used for sending status and alarm information to a plant supervisory system, or directly controlling discrete devices (e.g. slide gates). Discrete signals are terminated passed through a form C relay before being terminated to customer interface cabling. Alarm Status outputs (Critical Common Alarm, Major Common Alarm, and Minor Common Alarm) are normally closed contacts that create a fail safe output. The outputs will remain on (closed) while alarm conditions are not active and power is present. If an alarm condition occurs or power is lost the contact will be turned off (open) to signal the alarm active.

Optionally a discrete input card may also be supplied. Input cards are used for receiving system control signals (e.g., gate open) at the controller.

Remote Monitoring

Each SCC panel is equipped with an Ethernet switch to allow interconnection of the PLC, HMI (Human Machine Interface) and Plant SCADA networks. Optionally this switch can be equipped with a dial-in modem/router function.

The modem is used to allow off-site Trojan Technologies service personnel to access the SCC for monitoring and troubleshooting purposes.

A dedicated telephone line must be made available to connect to the modem for this feature.



Specifications

Item	Value
Power	120 VAC input, 60Hz
Communication	Allen Bradley Ethernet/IP to operator interface and plant SCADA, RS485 to bank Communication Control Boards, and Hydraulic Control Boards
Modem	Allen Bradley 9300-RADES Modem Router with 4 port Ethernet switch
Discrete I/O cards	16 -point cards available
Analog I/O cards	4-channel analog input card standard, 2 channel output cards available
PLC power supply fuse	typically 3.15 Amp, 250 Volt



HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

An AC power supply fuse is located inside the power supply cover door, and may require replacement if a power surge or short circuit occurs.

Remove or Replace Power Supply Fuse

- 1. Ensure AC supply to power is disconnected.
- 2. Remove fuse with a small screwdriver and test.
- **3.** Replace fuse with identical spare.

PLC Program Reload

In the event that the program in the UV PLC has been lost or corrupted due to a failed battery or if a new PLC processor is installed, the UV PLC program may be reloaded into the processor by following these steps:

Power down the SCC.

- 2. Remove the CompactFlash card from the operator interface (installed in a slot in the right hand side of the unit inside the cabinet).
- **3.** Install the CompactFlash card in the PLC processor.
- **4.** Restore power to the SCC and wait 2 minutes. The PLC program for the UV PLC will now be restored to the originally shipped program.
- **5.** Remove the CompactFlash card from the PLC and install it back in the operator interface.
- **6.** Power cycle the SCC to restore operator interface data-loggin functionality.

Note:

A PLC program restored in this manner will return to the shipped program status. Current lamp hours for each bank will need to be reentered on the Bank Overview screen and any other configuration or programming changes made since the original system startup must be reentered on the appropriate System Setting.



CompactFlash Card



CompactFlash Card Slot in Operator Interface



CompactFlash Card Slot in PLC



Standard Allen Bradley CompactLogix L32E components shown above.

Note:

Components may very depending on the processor provided,



4.3 Panelview Plus Operator Interface



Description

The Panelview Plus Operator Interface consists of a graphical active matrix touchscreen display. The entire unit is mounted on the SCC door. The Operator Interface communicates information to the PLC using the Allen Bradley Ethernet/IP network protocol.

Specifications

Item	Value
Power	24 VDC input
Communication	Allen Bradley Ethernet/IP protocol
Display	6.5" color active matrix display – 640 x 480 resolution



HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

A damp sponge or soft cloth should be used for regular cleaning. Do not use any corrosive cleansers on the Operator Interface.

Operation

The operations available for UV system control through the Panelview Plus Operator Interface are summarized below, and more fully described in the Operator Interface Screens section.

Note:

The operation of the PLC controller can be fully bypassed by the Bank Mode selector switch(s) on the PDC(s). These switches must be in the Remote position to allow control of the UV banks through the Operator Interface.

The Operator Interface is controlled through a combination of touchscreen buttons (called pushbuttons in this document).

Select Flow Signal Source

Typically the dose pacing routine will use a plant flow meter as the source of the flow value. If the flow meter has failed or is not used a Manual Flow value must be entered.

Manually Enter Flow Value

- 1. Access the System Overview Screen.
- 2. Toggle Flow source selector switch to Manual Flow
- **3.** Enter desired flow value using pop-up numeric touch pad.

Refer to the System Overview Screen section for further details.

Select UV Transmittance Source

Typically the dose pacing routine will use the optional UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor as the source of the UV transmittance value. If the UV Transmittance Controller or Sensor has failed or is not used a UV Transmittance value must be entered.

Manually Enter UV Transmittance Value

- 1. Access the System Overview Screen.
- 2. Toggle UV transmittance source selector switch to Manual UVT if not already selected.
- **3.** Enter desired transmittance value using pop-up numeric touch pad.

Refer to the System Overview Screen section for further details.



Control the ActiClean[™] Cleaning System (ACS)

ACS control is initiated through the Wiper Overview Screen. From this screen the operator can manually initiate a wipe sequence for each wiper group, and enable or disable wiping for an entire wiper group.

Initiate a Wipe For One Wiper Group

- 1. Use the Next and Prev buttons to navigate to the desired Hydraulic Control Board (HCB) and wiper group.
- **2.** Toggle the INITIATE WIPE selector on the screen.

This selector shares a dual role and will display the message SEQUENCE IN PROGRESS if a wipe has already been initiated on the wiper group currently displayed.

Refer to the Wiper Control Screen section for further details.

Reset Lamp Life Hours

The running time of UV bank lamps is maintained through counters for each bank. When a bank's lamps have been replaced, its lamp counter can be reset.

- Press the Security menu button and the Login menu button and enter the plant maintenace Username and Password.
- 2. Access the Bank Overview Screen.
- Press the Lamp Hours text on the screen and a window will appear that allows entry of a new value.
- 4. Select the box for the new Lamp Hours value and enter 0. Press the blue enter symbol on the screen to accept the new Lamp Hour value
- **5.** Press the Close button to close the entry window.

Refer to the System Settings Screen section for further details.

Control Banks

All Bank control functions are accessed through the Bank Overview Screen.

From this screen, the operator can set the operational mode for each bank to:

- REMOTE OFF.
- REMOTE HAND,
- REMOTE AUTO, or
- SCADA HAND

Before performing any operation on a bank, make sure the information being displayed is for the desired bank. Use the NEXT BANK and PREV BANK (and NEXT CHAN, PREV CHAN buttons if operating a multi-channel system) pushbuttons to access the correct bank.

Select Bank Control Functions

 Press the View Bank Control pushbutton at the top right hand corner of the screen to toggle the control button area of the screen from Module Control to Bank Control buttons if necessary.

Operate Bank in REMOTE OFF

Press the OFF pushbutton.
 The lamps in that bank will be shut off.

Operate Bank in REMOTE HAND

1. Press the HAND pushbutton.

The selected bank's lamps will be energized at 100% power for a warm-up period.

To set power level for that bank, select MANUAL PWR entry field and enter the desired power setting.

2. Push the blue enter symbol on the screen to accept the new manual power value.

Operate Bank in REMOTE AUTO

 Press the Auto pushbutton.
 The controller will then include that bank in dose pacing routine.



Control Modules

Each module can be individually controlled to allow Enabling/Disabling or Reset functions.

1. Press the HAND pushbutton.

Select Module Control Functions

- Press the View Module Control pushbutton at the top right hand corner of the screen to toggle the control button area of the screen from Bank Control to Module Control buttons if necessary.
- 2. Use the left/right arrow symbols to navigate to the desired module.

Enable/Disable Modules

Each module also has an Enable/Disable indicator which shows the current enable status. Push the Enable or Disable button to toggle the status for the selected module. Push and hold the enable button to enable all modules in the selected bank. Disabled modules will not power their lamps.

Note:

Disabled modules will not operate and may result in inadequate bank disinfection performance.

Reset Modules

Each module also has a Reset indicator which shows the current reset status. Push the Reset button to initiate a reset sequence for the selected module.

Refer to the Bank Overview Screen section for further details.

Assign the Lead Bank or Channel

The lead and lag UV banks or channels can be rotated through the Priority Assignment Screen. Navigate to the System Overview and select the Next Rotation pushbutton to access this screen.

Assign the desired bank and channel number for the lead, 1st lag and 2nd lag banks and channels. The same bank and channel numbers cannot be assigned more than once. Press the blue Accept Priority Changes button to activate the changes.

Refer to the Priority Assignment Screen section for further details.

Check or Change System Settings

The configuration settings for the UV system are accessed, reviewed or changed through the System Settings Screens.

Press the numeric entry box, for the value you wish to change, followed by the Enter (¬) pushbutton. Use the pop-up numeric touch pad to enter the desired value.

Refer to the System Settings Screen section for further details.



CAUTION

Do not change any setting without being aware of the consequences to the system operation. Contact Trojan Technologies before making changes.

Set System Clock

The system time and date are accessed through the System Information Screen.

- **1.** Press the desired hour, minute or seconds window.
- **2.** Enter the desired value using the pop-up numeric touch pad.

4.4 Operator Interface Screen

Screen Navigation Bar



All Operator Interface Screens contain a common Screen Navigation Bar at the bottom. This bar contains screen selection buttons to allow the operator to easily move to the desired screen in any area regardless of the currently displayed screen. The navigator can enter any screen by pushing the desired "goto" selector pushbutton on the touchscreen.



The Screen Navigation Bar allows access to the following screens and system information:

Overview	An operational summary of all UV channels and banks. Allows access to Priority Assignment screen and to manually enter flow and UV Transmittance values
Alarm Status Screen	Displays a list of the
	currently active alarms and allows access to Alarm History screen
Trend Screen	Displays trend data for Flow, UV
	Tranmittance and Dose
Security	Pops up Login and
	Logout buttons on the Navigation bar to allow control of user security level
Information Screen	Displays current
i	system hardware and software diagnostic information and allows access to change clock time and exit to operator interface maintenance functions.
Settings Screens	Allows access to system configuration
	settings as allowed by current security level. Settings are organized in pages by function.
Wiper Overview Screen	Allows access to control Wiper system.
	Control wiper system.
Bank Overview Screens	Allows access to

	control UV banks and display bank specific information.
Channel Oveview Screen	Allows access to control slide gates and display channel specific information.
Help	Displays help text for the currently selected screen.

The sections that follow describe the control and monitoring functions of all of the above screens in detail.

Screen Color Codes and Icons

The Operator Interface screens utilizes the following color codes within all user screens:

- Black text on a gray background represents static text or numeric data that is unable to be changed by an operator at the current security level
- Black text on a white background represents an active button or numeric entry field that will either change the currently displayed screen, or will allow entry of numeric data
- Black text on a yellow background represents a function that is a manually controlled mode
- Light blue background for text or symbol

 represents a running status for UV
 lamps
- Black background for text or symbol represents a not running status for UV lamps

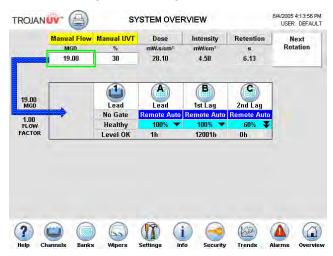


- Red background for text or symbol represent faulted equipment
- White Text on a Blue background represents a function controlled by the PLC

Icons are used on many screens to visually identify system components and conditions. They are further described in the sections that follow for the screens where they are used.

System Overview Screen

The System Overview screen provides a summary of the operation of all UV banks and reports the current UV Dose and displays associated signals relating to dose calculation.



ICON USE The following icons are used on this display:

- indicates a faulted bank or channel
- indicates a bank is in warm-up mode
- indicates a bank is timing-off
- indicates a bank's power is dampening

The System Overview Screen provides the following information relating to the UV disinfection system.

Across the top of the screen, the following system parameters are displayed:

FLOW / MANUAL FLOW

Displays the current total system flow value used for dose pacing. The Flow / Manual Flow selector above the currently displayed flow value will toggle the current flow signal source between the configured input instrument source, and a manually entered value. If a manually entered value is selected, the background for the flow value turns white and will allow an operator to enter the desired manual flow value. The manual flow value will automatically be used any time there is a flow meter instrument failure either due to a loss of input signal, or a SCADA communication failure when a SCADA Flow source is configured. The flow signal many be configured to be displayed in MGD, L/s. MLD or M³/Day units.

Note:

The flow rate units, MGD, L/S, MLD, and M³/Day are configured by Trojan Technologies in the configuration screens.

UVT / MANUAL UVT Displays the current UV Transmittance value used for dose pacing. The UVT / Manual UVT selector above the currently displayed UVT value will toggle the current flow signal source between the configured input instrument source, and a manually entered value. If a manually entered value is selected, the background for the UVT value turns white and will allow an operator to enter the desired manual UVT value. The manual UVT value will automatically be used any time there is a UVT meter instrument failure either due to a loss of input signal. UVT is always displayed as a % value.

UV DOSE Displays the average theoretical applied UV dose output of all banks currently in operation. The applied UV dose is calculated based on UV transmittance, operating power levels of the banks, flow, and linear reduction due to lamp aging.

INTENSITY Displays the average theoretical delivered UV intensity output of all banks currently in operation. This is only displayed when the UVDis mode of dose calculation is configured.



RETENTION TIME Displays the retention time of effluent within the UV system. The retention time is the amount of time that the effluent is exposed to the UV disinfection process. This is only displayed when the UVDis mode of dose calculation is configured.

NEXT ROTATION Is a screen navigation selector which will change the display to the Priority Assignment screen. Additionally, this selector will indicate the remaining time until an automatic lead bank and lead channel rotation will occur. This indication will be masked until there is less than 500 hours remaining until the next rotation. An automatic lead rotation will occur when the current lead bank in the lead channel reaches the End of Lamp Life configured for the installed lamp type. The automatic rotation may also be disabled through configuration settings.

Across the middle of the screen, information is displayed in rows for each configured channel relating to the operation of the UV equipment in that channel. A channel icon is displayed with the channel number above a set of channel specific information. To the right of this, a bank icon is displayed with the bank identifier above a set of bank specific information for each configured bank in each channel. The following information is displayed:

Channel Information

CHANNEL PRIORITY Displays the current Lead / Lag status for the channel. A lag channel will only be operated when required for high flow conditions.

GATE MODE Displays the current mode of the inlet slide gate for the channel. A slide gate may be in one of the following modes:

- No Gate not configured for control by the UV PLC
- Local not currently available for control by the UV PLC
- Hand available for operator control by the UV PLC

 Auto – automatically controlled as required for dose pacing by the UV PLC

CHANNEL STATUS Displays the current alarm status of the channel. Will display a Healthy status if there are no major or critical faults on any banks or channel slide gates.

CHANNEL LEVEL STATUS Displays the current level status of the channel. If all banks in the channel are experiencing a low level shutdown, a Low Level alarm message will appear. If a configured High level sensor indicates an alarm condition, a High Level alarm message will appear.

Bank Information

BANK PRIORITY Displays the current Lead Lag status for the bank. Lag banks are only operated when required to meet dose conditions. A lag bank that is not required for dose pacing will time off and will display the timing-off icon.

BANK MODE Displays the current control mode of the bank. A bank may be in one of the following modes:

- Local Off set at the control switch on the bank's PDC to force bank to stay off
- Local On set at the control switch on the bank's PDC to force bank to stay on at full power
- Remote Off the control switch at the bank's PDC is in the Remote position, and the bank has been selected in the Off mode on the Bank Overview screen
- Remote Hand the control switch at the bank's PDC is in the Remote position, and the bank has been selected in the Hand mode on the Bank Overview screen. In this mode the bank is operating and the power level is set by the operator
- Remote Auto the control switch at the bank's PDC is in the Remote position, and the bank has been selected in the Auto mode on the Bank Overview



screen. In this mode the bank's on/off status and power level are controlled as required to meet dose, by the UV PLC

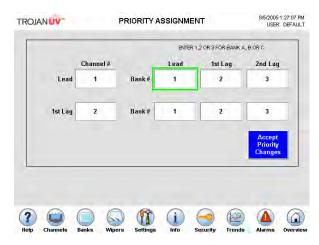
BANK POWER Displays the current power level of the bank. An icon is also displayed beside the power level indicator to indicate a condition that may affect the current bank power level as follows:

- Warming Up when a bank is energized, it will remain at full power for a configured warm-up period (10 min) in order to protect lamp life
- Timing Off when a bank is no longer required for dose pacing, a time-off timer will run for its configured time period before the bank can be turned off and the power level of the bank will be kept at minimum power (60%)
- Dampening when the power level of a bank is allowed to reduce due to an overdosing condition, a dampen timer will run for its configured time period (2 min) before the bank power will drop in order to reduce lamp power cycling

LAMP LIFE HOURS Displays the total lamp accumulated runtime. When a bank is placed in either the MANUAL ON or AUTOMATIC ON modes of operation this value will increment by one for every hour of lamp operation. This value will increase throughout the entire life span of a bank's lamps until the lamps are changed and the value is reset to zero.

Priority Assignment Screen

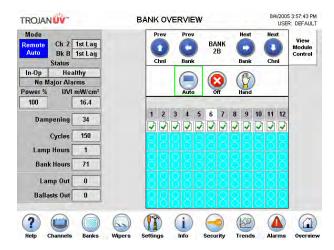
The Priority Assignment Screen allows an operator to manually assign the lead and lag status to channels and banks within each channel. Any assignment can be made as required as long as a bank or channel number is not assigned to more than one status. If the automatic Auto Bank Sorting option is enabled, and a bank that has already reached its configured end of lamp life hours is manually assigned to the lead status, it will automatically rotate to a lag status immediately after being manually assigned as lead. Automatic Bank



Sorting will operate any time the lead bank in the lead channel reaches the end of lamp life, and will then assign this bank as the last lag bank and cycle the lead status to the next bank in the channel. The lead channel will also toggle at this time as well in a multi-channel system. If required, a specific bank may be removed from Auto Bank Sorting if desired so that it is always designated as the last lag bank.

Bank Overview Screen

The Bank Overview screen displays information about the selected UV bank and allows control of bank functions.





ICON USE The following icons are used on this display:

- indicates a faulted input
- indicates a module is resetting
- indicates a module is not communicating with the PDC
- indicates a module is enabled
- indicates a module is disabled

The operator is provided the following information relating to each bank.

Starting at top left of the screen a column of data is displayed about the selected bank.

BANK OPERATIONAL MODE INDICATOR

Displays the bank's current operational mode as LOCAL OFF, LOCAL ON, REMOTE OFF, REMOTE AUTO, REMOTE HAND, or SCADA HAND. The operator has control over a bank's operational mode with the pushbuttons on the screen and remote selector switch(s) on the PDC(s). The screen illustration displays Bank 2B in the Remote Auto mode of operation.

CHANNEL LEAD/LAG STATUS INDICATOR

Indicates if the channel selected is the lead or the lag channel in the system. The screen illustration displays Channel 2 as the 1st Lag channel in the system.

BANK LEAD/LAG STATUS INDICATOR

Indicates if the bank selected is the lead or the lag bank in the system. The screen illustration displays Bank 2B as the 1st Lag bank in the system. The automatic dose pacing system cycles the banks to ensure equal lamp life usage and wear. The operator may also change the current lead bank selection manually. See the Priority Assignment Screens section for further information.

OPERATIONAL MODE INDICATOR

Represents whether the bank is currently being used for disinfection and will display the message OFF or IN-OP. The screen illustration indicates that Bank 2B is IN-OP.

HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR Represents whether the selected bank is currently in a Healthy or Unhealthy condition. A bank in a Remote mode will be healthy unless it has a low water shutdown, a power loss fault, or is manually shut off.

MAJOR ALARM INDICATOR Indicates if any major alarms are present for the selected bank. A bank will have a major alarm condition if it has a module communication error, multiple ballast fault, multiple lamp fault, is not in remote auto, has a CCB communication fault a power lost fault. A bank with a major alarm condition may be timed-off by the Dose Pacing routine if another bank is available to be operated in it's place.

BANK POWER LEVEL Displays the power level in percent that the bank is currently being requested to run at for all modes of operation. Only one power level can be achieved for all of the lamps and ballasts in a bank.

UVI (UV INTENSITY) Displays the UV Intensity value as measured by the UV Intensity probe in either % or engineering units (mW/cm²) as configured in the settings screens. The Engineering Units mode is only available when the UVDis dose calculation mode is configured. The UV Intensity value then calculates an average bank intensity value at the current UV Transmittance of the system, based on the measured current from the intensity probe. When the % mode is selected, the UV Intensity value displayed represents the ratio between the currently measured intensity probe value and the predicted theoretical current at the present UV Transmittance and bank power level. A value of 100% would represent a probe that is reading an ideal predicted intensity value at the current conditions.

BANK TRANSITION STATUS INDICATOR

Indicates when a bank is in transition between on or off operation. A message box will appear displaying one of the following messages as well as a countdown timer that shows how much time (seconds) is remaining in the current state:

 WARM UP – Indicates the bank has been requested to run and is currently in a 100%



power warm up state. The bank will remain in this state for the duration of the bank warm up period, which is set on a System Settings screen.

- POWER ON RESET Indicates that a bank had been powered down and is now in the process of reestablishing communication.
- TIMING OFF Indicates that the bank is no longer requested by the dose pacing routine and will be shut down when bank time off timer has expired. The bank time off delay time is set on a System Settings Screen.
- DAMPENING Indicates that the power level is allowed to drop to meet dose requirements, but will not do so until the configured Dampening timer has expired.

CYCLES Displays the number of on/off cycles that the bank has experienced over time.

LAMP HOURS When a bank is placed in either the MANUAL ON or AUTOMATIC ON modes of operation this value will increment by one for every hour of operation. This value will increase until it is manually reset to 0 when new lamps are installed in a bank. This value is used to determine the reduction in lamp output as they age.

BANK HOURS When a bank is placed in either the MANUAL ON or AUTOMATIC ON modes of operation this value will increment by one for every hour of operation. This value will increase throughout the entire life span of the UV system.

LAMPS OUT Indicates the number of lamps that are failed in the bank.

BALLASTS OUT Indicates the number of ballasts that are failed in the bank.

Starting at top middle of the screen buttons are available to change the selected bank, and to control bank and module functions. A summary of the operational status of each module appears at the bottom of this area.

PREV CHANNEL



Changes the selected bank for display to banks in the previous channel. This button is masked on a single channel system.

NEXT CHANNEL



Changes the selected bank for display to banks in the next channel. This button is masked on a single channel system.

PREV BANK



Changes the selected bank for display to the previous bank in the channel.

NEXT BANK



Changes the selected bank for display to the next bank in the channel.

BANK / MODULE CONTROL SELECT

Changes the row of control buttons between Bank and Module control buttons when pressed.

When the Bank Control buttons are selected for display, the following buttons are available:

BANK AUTO MODE SELECTOR



Changes the mode of operation to Remote Auto if the selected bank is in the Remote mode.

BANK OFF MODE SELECTOR **②**



Changes the mode of operation to Remote Off if the selected bank is in the Remote mode.

BANK HAND MODE SELECTOR



Changes the mode of operation to Remote Hand if the selected bank is in the Remote mode. When Remote Hand mode is selected, the Manual Power entry box appears to the right of the Hand mode selector. By touching the power level entry box, the operator can enter the desired bank power level. The blue enter icon must then be pressed to accept the entered power level. A bank in Remote Hand must complete it's warm-up time before it will go to an entered power level other than 100%.



BANK SCADA MODE SELECTOR



Changes the mode of operation to SCADA Hand if the selected bank is in the Remote mode. This option will be masked unless SCADA Control is configured in the System Settings. When SCADA Hand mode is selected, each bank is started and stopped by a bit transmitted by the plant SCADA system, and the bank power level is also sent by SCADA. A bank in SCADA Hand must complete its warm-up time before it will go to a transmitted power level other than 100%.

When the Module Control buttons are selected for display, the following buttons are available:

PREV MODULE



Changes the selected module for to the previous module in the bank. Holding this button will cause the module selection to jump by 1 page to the previous page of modules.

NEXT MODULE



Changes the selected module for to the next module in the bank. Holding this button will cause the module selection to jump by 1 page to the next page of modules.

MODULE ENABLE SELECTOR



Enables the selected module so that it will operate as requested by the bank. Holding this button will cause all modules in the bank to become enabled.

MODULE DISABLE SELECTOR



Disables the selected module so that it will remain off regardless of the operational status of the bank.

MODULE RESET SELECTOR



Initiates a reset function on the currently selected module. This function will cause the module to power down and then reinitiate a warm-up cycle. This may be used to try to restart lamps or ballast on a module that have extinguished without having to power cycle the entire bank.

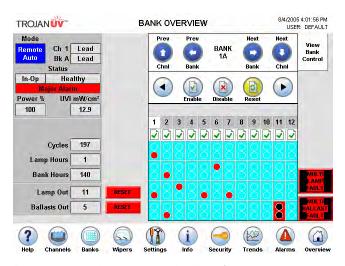
MODULE NUMBER Displays the number assigned to each module. Additional modules can be viewed by using the Next / Prev module buttons. The currently selected module has a white background behind the module number.

MODULE ENABLE/DISABLE INDICATOR

Displays a graphical enabled (check) or disabled (X) state of a bank's module. A disabled module will not be energized by the SCC.

LAMP/BALLAST STATUS INDICATOR

An array of rectangles with 2 circles inside, represent the current status of lamps and ballasts in the selected bank. The rectangles represent ballast status and the circles represent lamps. A lamp or ballast that is off is show in black, operating is light blue and failed is red. Failed lamps and ballasts will stay latched as red (faulted) regardless of whether the bank is running or not until the fail status is reset. The graphic below shows several failed lamps and 1 failed ballast with 2 lamps that are off.



Please note there is one ballast for every two lamps.



FAILED LAMP RESET SELECTOR When a failed lamp is reported, a Reset button appears beside the indicator for the number of lamps out. Failed lamps stay latched in a failed state until the Reset button is pushed. The button will disappear if the bank is off or if all lamps in the bank are currently on.

FAILED BALLAST RESET SELECTOR When failed ballast is reported, a Reset button appears beside the indicator for the number of ballasts out. Failed ballasts stay latched in a failed state until the Reset button is pushed. The button will disappear if the bank is off or if all ballasts in the bank are currently on.

MULTIPLE LAMP FAULT RESET SELECTOR

When a Multiple Lamp Fault occurs, a Multi Lamp Fault Reset button appears to the right of the lamp array. A multiple lamp fault condition occurs when the number of lamps that have failed is equal to or greater than a configured value in the System Settings screens. When in Remote Auto, a bank with a multiple lamp fault will be timed off and another bank run in it's place if one is available. If there are not enough banks available for disinfection, a bank with a multiple lamp fault will be run at full power. The Reset button must be pushed in order to clear this condition.

MULTIPLE BALLAST FAULT RESET

SELECTOR When a Multiple ballast Fault occurs, a Multi Lamp Fault Reset button appears to the right of the lamp array. A multiple ballast fault condition occurs when the number of lamps that have failed is equal to or greater than a configured value in the System Settings screens. When in Remote Auto, a bank with a multiple ballast fault will be timed off and another bank run in it's place if one is available. If there are not enough banks available for disinfection, a bank with a multiple ballast fault will be run at full power. The Reset button must be pushed in order to clear this condition.

Wiper Overview Screen

The Wiper Overview screen will be accessible through the Screen Navigation bar if Wipers are configured for the system. This screen displays information about the selected Wiper Group and allows control of all remote wiper functions.



The control of wipers on the UV system is divided into Wiper Groups. The Wiper Overview screen allows access to information and control of a single Wiper Group at a time. A Wiper Group usually is associated with a single bank of UV lamps, but on smaller systems may control wiping for 2 or more banks. The information presented starting at the top left of the screen is a follows:

WIPER ENABLE BUTTON



This button allows control of the enable status of the currently selected wiper group. A disabled wiper group is not able to be wiped from the operator interface, but may still be controlled locally at the HCB. When this button is pushed, the wiper group will become enabled if it is currently disabled.

WIPER DISABLE BUTTON



This button allows control of the disable status of the currently selected wiper group. When this button is pushed, the wiper group will become disabled if it is currently enabled.



ENABLE STATUS INDICATOR Displays the current Enabled or Disabled status of the selected Wiper Group.

WIPER OPERATIONAL MODE INDICATOR

Displays the Wiper Group's current operational mode as LOCAL OFF, LOCAL EXTEND, LOCAL RETRACT, LOCAL SEQUENCE, REMOTE AUTO, or REMOTE AUTO SEQUENCE. The operator has control over a Wiper Group's operational mode with the local selector switch(s) on the Hydraulic System Center (HSC) (or if a Combined PDC/HSC is supplied on the PDC) and can initiate a Remote Auto Sequence when the switch(s) are in the Remote position. A wiping sequence will be initiated for all Wiper Groups in the Remote Auto mode every time the configured Wiper Sequence Cycle time expires. The screen illustration displays Wiper Group 1 on HCB 1 in the Remote Auto Sequence mode of operation.

Starting at top middle of the screen, buttons are available to change the selected Wiper Group. The desired Wiper Group is selected by cycling to the correct HCB number and then cycling to the desired group number. A summary of the alarm status of the Wiper Group is shown at the bottom of this area.

PREV HCB



Changes the selected HCB for display to the previous HCB. If a wiping system is controlled from a single HSC, then this button will not appear.

NEXT CHANNEL



Changes the selected HCB for display to the next HCB. If a wiping system is controlled from a single HSC, then this button will not appear.

PREV WIPER



Changes the selected Wiper Group for display to the previous group in the HCB.

NEXT WIPER



Changes the selected Wiper Group for display to the next group in the HCB.

WIPER FAULT INDICATORS The following fault indicators display any failure conditions for the currently selected Wiper Group. Fault indicators will display black on gray text when they are in a good (OK) condition, and black on red text when in a fault condition.

The first line will display the message FLOW LIMIT FOR WIPING EXCEEDED when the flow through the channel that the Wiper Group is assigned to, exceeds the configured limit setpoint. When this fault is present a wiping sequence will not be initiated when the automatic wiping cycle timer expires, but may still be initiated manually by an operator.

The second line will display the message AUTO WIPING DISABLED DUE TO LOW WATER LEVEL when the level through the channel that the Wiper Group is assigned to, is below the level sensor. When this fault is present a wiping sequence will not be initiated when the automatic wiping cycle timer expires, but may still be initiated manually by an operator.

The third line will display the message COMMUNICATIONS FAULT when the UV PLC loses communication with the HCB. When this occurs, all remote wiping functions are not available.

The fourth line will display the message WIPER FLUID LEVEL FAULT if the hydraulic fluid reservoir signals a low fluid level. This condition is serious and indicates a hydraulic system leak. All local and remote wiping functions are disabled for all wiper groups configured in the effected HSC. This fault must be cleared by restoring the level in the reservoir and then putting the local selector switched for all wiper groups to the Local Off position for 10 seconds.

The fifth line will display the message WIPERS NOT IN REMOTE when the local control switches for the wiper system have not been left in a REMOTE position so that the PLC can control wiper sequences.

The sixth line will display the message HIGH PRESSURE SHUTDOWN if the hydraulic fluid pressure switch signals a high pressure condition at any time while the hydraulic pump is



running. All local and remote wiping functions are disabled for all wiper groups configured in the effected HSC. This fault must be cleared by putting the local selector switch for all wiper groups to the Local Off position for 10 seconds.

The last line will display the message HYDRAULIC OVERLOAD, PUSH TO RESET if the hydraulic pump trips on an overload condition at any time. All local and remote wiping functions are disabled for all wiper groups configured in the effected HSC. This fault must be cleared by putting the local selector switch for all wiper groups to the Local Off position for 10 seconds, and then pushing the displayed Reset button on the screen.

At top right of the screen, the following controls and indicators are displayed:

MANUAL WIPE INITIATE This button allows the operator to manually initiate a wipe sequence for the selected wiper group only, if it is currently in the Remote Auto mode. When a wipe sequence is already in progress, the message WIPE IN PROGRESS is displayed.

Note:

Once a cleaning sequence has been initiated, it cannot be disabled until the sequence has been completed. (Unless selector switch is put in Local Off).

WIPER DRIVE STATUS INDICATOR Displays the status of the Wiper Group's wiper drive. When a module is being cleaned, its wiper drive will be extended and then retracted over the lamp's quartz sleeve.

The wiper drive status indicator will change to EXTENDING when the drive is extending and RETRACTING when the drive is retracting. When no modules are being cleaned the status indicator displays IDLE.

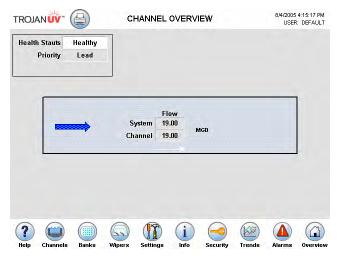
The screen illustration displays HCB1, Wiper Group 1s wiper drives as EXTENDING.

WIPER SEQUENCE INDICATOR Displays the time left to the next automatic wipe sequence. When this time period expires, all of a bank's enabled modules will be cleaned simultaneously

when in automatic mode of operation. The wiper sequence timer is adjustable and is explained in the System Settings Screen section.

Channel Overview Screen

The Channel Overview screen displays information about the selected UV channel and allows control of channel functions.

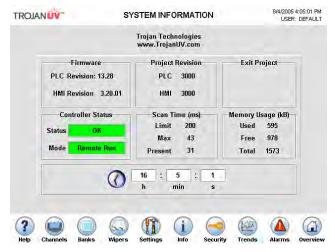


For a single channel system, this screen is a display only screen and summarizes the channel Healthy status, Lead priority, total system flow and flow through the channel. In addition, a reset button will appear if a Not Enough Healthy Channels alarm condition is present and must be pushed in order to unlatch the alarm. A multi-channel system will have additional options that appear on this screen as described at the end of this manual section.



System Information Screen

The System Information screen displays information about the UV PLC program hardware and software. It is also used to access the operator interface clock setting and other internal maintenance functions. The address of the Trojan Technologies website is displayed at the top of the screen where additional service contact information can be found



The System Information screen provides the following information:

PLC FIRMWARE REVISION LEVEL Displays the revision level of the operating system currently installed in the UV PLC.

HMI FIRMWARE REVISION LEVEL Displays the revision level of the operating system currently installed in the UV operator interface. When logged in at the OEM security level, this value may be entered if the HMI firmware is upgraded.

APPLICATION PLC SOFTWARE REVISION Displays the software revision level of the current UV PLC program installed.

APPLICATION HMI SOFTWARE REVISION Displays the software revision level of the current UV HMI program installed.

EXIT PROJECT BUTTON When logged in at the plant maintenance or OEM security level, a red exit button appears in this area which allows qualified maintenance persons to access

embedded operator interface maintenance functions.

Note:

When the project exit button is pressed, the UV HMI program will stop operating. When this occurs, the UV system PLC will continue to operate the system in it's last state, and the dose pacing routine will continue to operate banks as required, but the operator will not be able to view UV system alarms or change the remote state of banks or wipers. Power cycling the HMI will restore the operation of the UV HMI.

CONTROLLER STATUS Displays the current fault status of the UV PLC. A green OK message will appear when the UV PLC is operating normally. A red fault message will appear to identify any failure condition that may occur. When a fault condition is present, the UV PLC program may not operate correctly.

CONTROLLER MODE Displays the current operating mode of the UV PLC. A green Run or Remote Run message will appear when the UV PLC is operating normally. If the PLC has been placed into "program" mode, a light blue PROGRAM or REMOTE PROGRAM message will appear and the UV PLC program will not operate. A red fault message will appear to identify any failure condition that may occur that results in the PLC program being halted. When a fault condition is present, the UV PLC program will not operate correctly.

SCAN TIME INDICATOR Displays statistics for the time required for the PLC program to execute. The allowable time limit, maximum time taken and present scan time are all displayed. This information can be used to help troubleshoot PLC programming issues.

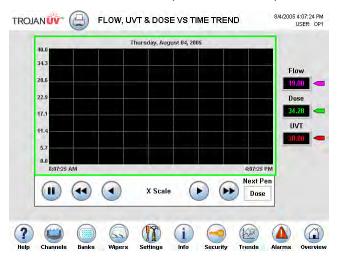
MEMORY USAGE Displays statistics for the amount of memory used by the PLC program. The total memory used by the program, memory left free, and total memory installed in the PLC are all displayed. This information can be used to help troubleshoot PLC programming issues or determine the room available for expansion



HMI CLOCK DISPLAY/ENTRY These will display the current hours, minutes and seconds of the operator interface time clock, and will allow modification of these values if logged in at the plant maintenance or OEM security levels. When security access is available, the numeric value will have a white background and touching the value will allow the desired time value to be entered

Trend Screen

The Trend screen displays a trending line of data logged to an installed operator interface CompactFlash card. Data is displayed for Flow, Dose and UV Transmittance values and is shown in a window that spans an 8 hour period.



The Trend screen displays a colored line in the trending window for each of the 3 variables, and will shows the current value for each at the right hand side of the screen. At the bottom of the screen, the following controls are available:

TREND PAUSE BUTTON



Pushing this button will stop the trend screen from updating. The time scale and the line graphs displayed will stay paused at their current status. Pushing this button again when the trend is paused will resume screen updating.

TREND HOME BUTTON



Pushing this button will pause the trend and moves to the earliest data available trend.

TREND END BUTTON



Pushing this button will resumes the trend updating and moves the display to the current available data.

MOVE LEFT BUTTON



Pauses the trend and scrolls to the left.

MOVE RIGHT BUTTON

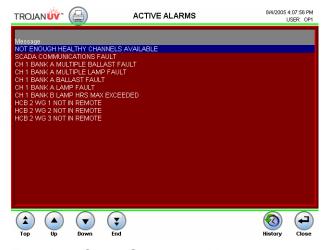


Pauses the trend and scrolls to the right.

NEXT PEN SELECTOR Displays the name of the current pen that is used for Y-axis scale display and changes to the scale for the next pen. The Y-axis scale will move automatically to a scale that is appropriate for the pen that is selected in order to easily view the data displayed.

Alarm Status Screen

The Alarm Status screen is used to display any alarm messages for currently active alarm conditions. This screen is displayed first when the alarm button is pushed when on the Screen Navigation bar.



The Alarm Status Screen provides an overview of the current active UV system alarms. The sixty (60) most recent UV alarms are displayed on the Alarm Status Screen. When an alarm condition is rectified and no longer active, it is removed from the Alarm Status Screen.



Note:

To ensure optimum system performance resolve each alarm as it appears.

Scroll up or down through the active alarms by using the arrow keys pushbuttons.

The Alarm Status Screen is equipped with a "goto" screen selector for the Alarm History Screen.

Alarm History Screen

Access to the Alarm History Screen is gained from the Alarm Status Screen.



The Alarm History Screen provides an archived history of the last sixty (60) system alarms.

When the alarm buffer is filled with the maximum number of sixty (60) alarms, the oldest alarm is deleted from the archived history on a first in/first out basis. Each alarm is time and date stamped indicating when it occurred. Scroll up or down through the archived alarms by using the arrow keys pushbuttons.

The Alarm History Screen is equipped with a "goto" screen selector for the Alarm Status Screen.

All UV system alarms are displayed on the alarm status screen when active. Most of the standard alarms are divided into three categories: critical, major, and minor alarms. The category into which each alarm falls, is determined by which

of the three, user-adjustable alarm delay times it is subject to (critical, major, or minor alarm delay time). A few of the standard alarms do not fall within one of the three categories and therefore have their own adjustable, or fixed alarm delays.

Critical Alarms

The following alarms are part of the common critical alarm, and are subject to the critical alarm delay time unless otherwise specified:

Low UV Dose Indicates that the current calculated UV Dose has dropped below the alarm limit. The alarm limit is determined by the Dose Alarm Offset percentage value entered on the Dose Settings screen, which is the percentage of the design dose at which the alarm is triggered.

Hydraulic Max Exceeded Indicates that the currently measured effluent flow per open channel(s) exceeds the 'Channel Hydraulic Max' entered on the Channel settings screen. This alarm serves as a warning of a possible flooding situation

Not Enough Healthy Channels Available (latched alarm) Indicates that there are not enough "healthy" channels of UV equipment available for disinfection purposes. This will result in the PLC controller attempting to open all available channels (if slide gates are controlled) and turn on all available banks (all non-faulted banks, and banks with multiple lamp, multiple ballast or module communication faults) at full power. This alarm must be reset on the Channel Overview screen after the cause of the alarm has been corrected.

UVT Signal Fault Indicates that the analog input signal for the UV transmittance from the optional UV Transmittance Controller and Sensor has dropped below 2mA. When this alarm is present, the PLC will use the last entered Manual UVT value, which can be changed on the System Overview screen.

Flowmeter Fault Indicates that the analog input signal for the flowmeter has dropped below 2 ma. When this alarm is present, the PLC will use



the last entered Manual Flow value, which can be changed on the System Overview screen.

Channel XX Not Enough Healthy Banks Indicates, that channel "X", when it is requested to run by the PLC controller, does not have enough "healthy" UV banks available, to provide adequate dose in that channel. For each channel in the system in which this alarm is active, 1 will be subtracted from the number of healthy channels available. When the number of channels required, to provide adequate dose or to accommodate the volume of flow, becomes greater than the number of healthy channels available, the "Not Enough Healthy Channels" alarm will be generated and its associated actions will take place, as described above.

Bank XX Low Water Level Shutdown (no delay) Indicates that a bank's level sensor has reported a low water level condition from the CCB. All banks with an active low water condition will be automatically shut down.

Major Alarms

The following alarms are part of the common major alarm, are subject to the major alarm delay time unless otherwise specified:

Low UVT Fault (configurable delay) Indicates the UV Transmittance reading has dropped below the low UVT alarm setpoint configured on the UVT settings screen.

UVT Out of Validation Range Low (60 seconds delay) Indicates that the UV Transmittance reading has dropped below the validated range for the current dose calculation mode. This alarm is only valid for the NWRI dose calculation mode, and will result in all operating banks running at full power.

Flow Rate Out of Validation Range High (60 seconds delay) Indicates that the flow reading has risen above the validated range for the current dose calculation mode. This alarm is only valid for the NWRI dose calculation mode, and will result in all operating banks running at full power.

Bank xx Module Communication Fault

Indicates that that a module board for a module attached to bank x is no longer communicating with the bank's CCB. A communication failure icon will appear over the effected module(s) on the Bank Overview screen.

Bank xx Multiple Ballast Failure (latched)
Indicates that the total number of failed ballasts in bank xx is equal to or exceeding the configured 'Multiple Ballast Failure Setpoint' on the Bank Settings screen. When this alarm occurs, the bank will be timed off and another bank will be started to replaced the failed bank. This alarm is latched and can only be cleared by pressing an alarm reset button that will appear on the Bank Overview screen for the effected bank. A bank with a multiple ballast failure can be started by the UV PLC when there is a Not Enough Healthy Channels condition.

Bank xx Multiple Lamp Failure (latched)

Indicates that the total number of failed lamps in bank xx is equal to or exceeding the configured 'Multiple Lamp Failure Setpoint' on the Bank Settings screen. When this alarm occurs, the bank will be timed off and another bank will be started to replaced the failed bank. This alarm is latched and can only be cleared by pressing an alarm reset button that will appear on the Bank Overview screen for the effected bank. A bank with a multiple lamp failure can be started by the UV PLC when there is a Not Enough Healthy Channels condition.

Bank xx Not in Remote Auto (no delay)
Indicates that the PDC Bank Mode Selector
switch for a bank is not in the remote position, or
that the bank is not set to auto mode at the
operator interface. This will prevent the bank
from being operated in the automatic dose
pacing routine.

Bank xx Communication Failure Indicates that the SCC has not received a communication update from the indicated CCB for the period of the configured major alarm delay setpoint. This alarm will result in a bank being flagged as unhealthy and the bank will be immediately requested to shut down.



Bank xx Lost Power Fault (3x communication cycle time) Indicates that all the lamps in the bank have shut off without being requested to by the PLC controller. This alarm will only appear if the bank is in either Remote Hand or Remote Auto. The failed bank will be immediately requested to go through a warm up period with all lamps at full power. If, at the end of the warm up period, there are no lamps on, the bank will be shut down and another bank will be started in it's place. If a lamp comes on during the warm-up period, then the alarm is cleared.

HCB xx Communication Failure Indicates that the SCC has not received a communication update from the indicated HCB for the period of the configured major alarm delay setpoint.

Wiper Group X Not in Remote Auto (no delay) Indicates that the HSC Wiper Group selector switch is not in the remote position. This will prevent the wiper group from being automatically wiped.

Wiper Group X High Pressure Shutdown (no delay) This alarm condition occurs if a high pressure switch input is triggered at any time when the hydraulic pump is operated during a wiping function. When this alarm occurs, the hydraulic pump is shut down, and all wiping functions are suspended for all groups on the HSC. In order to clear this alarm, all wiper groups must simultaneously be put to the Local Off position for 10 seconds, and can then be returned to the desired status.

Wiper Group X Low Fluid Level Shutdown (no delay) This alarm condition occurs if a low level switch input on the hydraulic fluid tank is triggered at any time when the hydraulic pump is operated during a wiping function. When this alarm occurs, the hydraulic pump is shut down, and all wiping functions are suspended for all groups on the HSC. In order to clear this alarm, all wiper groups must simultaneously be put to the Local Off position for 10 seconds, and can then be returned to the desired status.

Wiper Group X Hydraulic Overload (no delay) This alarm condition occurs if the pump overload switch input is triggered at any time when the hydraulic pump is operated during a wiping function. When this alarm occurs, the hydraulic pump is shut down, and all wiping functions are suspended for all groups on the HSC. In order to clear this alarm, all wiper groups must simultaneously be put to the Local Off position for 10 seconds, and a reset button is then pushed on the operator interface Wiper Overview screen. The wiper group mode switches may then be returned to the desired status.

Minor Alarms

The following alarms are part of the common minor alarm, are subject to the minor alarm delay time unless otherwise specified:

Low Flow Fault (configurable alarm delay) Indicates that the current measured flow rate has dropped below the configured alarm limit for the configured alarm delay time. If the minimum number of banks per channel is configured as 0, then all banks will time off when this alarm occurs.

UVT Out of Validation Range High (60 second delay) Indicates that the UV Transmittance reading has risen above the validated range for the current dose calculation mode. This alarm is only valid for the NWRI dose calculation mode, and will result in the maximum validation range UVT value being used for dose pacing.

Flow Rate Out of Validation Range Low (60 second delay) Indicates that the flow reading has fallen below the validated range for the current dose calculation mode. This alarm is only valid for the NWRI dose calculation mode, and will result in the minimum validation range flow value being used for dose pacing.

PLC Battery Low (10 second delay) Indicates that the PLC battery is no longer able to back up the PLC memory in case of a power failure and should be replaced.

Bank XX Ballast Failure Indicates that one or more ballast have failed on the effected bank. The Bank Overview screen will graphically display the failed ballast(s) as a red rectangle and a reset button will appear on the screen. The ballast(s) continue to be reported as failed



until the reset button is pushed, and will then display their current state if they have been repaired and are now reporting the proper status.

Bank XX Lamp Failure Indicates that one or more lamps have failed on the effected bank. The Bank Overview screen will graphically display the failed lamp(s) as a red circle and a reset button will appear on the screen. The lamp(s) continue to be reported as failed until the reset button is pushed, and will then display their current state if they have been repaired and are now reporting the proper status.

Bank XX Lamp Hours Exceeded (no delay) Indicates that the lamp hours in bank XX have exceeded the configured end of lamp life setpoint. This alarm is for information purposes only and indicates that lamps are at their lowest UV intensity output and should be changed.

Bank XX Low UV Intensity Alarm Indicates that the current UV intensity reading for the reported bank has dropped below the configured alarm limit. The alarm limit is entered as the percentage of the expected intensity value at the present UV Transmittance and lamp output conditions.

Other Alarms

The following alarms are subject to the individual alarm delay times:

PLC Fault (no delay) Indicates that there is a PLC hardware failure condition present.

SCADA Communications Fault (20 second delay) Indicates that the UV PLC has not received a communication update from the SCADA system in the last 20 seconds

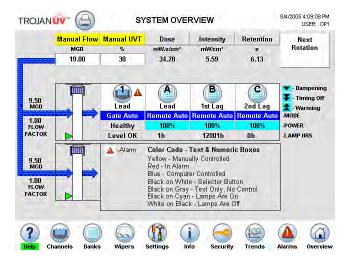
Winterization Mode (no delay) This alarm is set when the Winterization Mode option is enabled in the General Settings screen. When this alarm is present, all other alarm messages are masked and the SCADA system fault bits will all be set to a 'good' status.

Bank XX Power on Reset (no delay) Indicates that the CCB for a bank is recovering from a power failure. This alarm will be active for 1 minute following a power cycle to a CCB.



Online Help

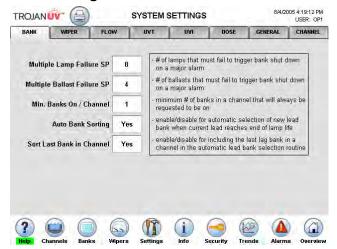
Context sensitive help text is available on most screens by selecting the Help (?) key on the Screen Navigation bar. When the 'help' text is displayed, the Help key text will be backlit in green. The screenshot below shows help text displayed on System Overview screen.



System Settings Screens

The System Settings Screens are accessible through the Screen Navigation bar if the user is logged in with a sufficient security level. The variables on these screens are selected by pressing the numeric entry box, and changed by using the pop-up numeric touch pad followed by enter () key. All settings are organized by system function which are selected using the tab buttons at the top of each setting screen. Settings are organized by Bank, Wiper (optional), Flow, UV Transmittance, UV Intensity, Dose, General and Channel categories. Online help is available for each of the plant maintenance settings that can be accessed.

Bank Settings



The following settings are available on the Bank Settings screen:

Multiple Lamp Failure SP Setpoint for the number of lamps that must fail in a bank before it is considered to have a major alarm condition and will trigger the Multiple Lamp Failure alarm. Banks with this condition will be timed off and another bank will be operated in it's place if there is an available healthy bank.

Multiple Ballast Failure SP Setpoint for the number of ballasts that must fail in a bank before it is considered to have a major alarm condition and will trigger the Multiple Ballast Failure alarm. Banks with this condition will be timed off and another bank will be operated in it's place if there is an available healthy bank.

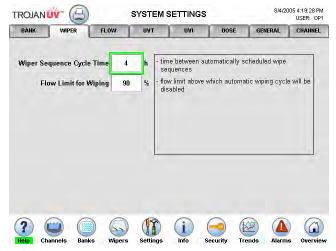
Min. Banks On / Channel Setpoint for the minimum number of banks in a channel that will always be requested to run by the dose pacing routine, regardless of current process conditions. If this value is set to 0, then all banks in a channel may be shut off if there is a Low Flow alarm condition.

Auto Bank Sorting Determines whether an automatic rotation of the lead bank will occur when the current lead bank's lamp life reaches the End of Lamp Life hours setpoint.



Sort Last Bank in Channel Determines whether the last lag bank in each channel will be sorted when an automatic rotation occurs. This is used to permanently assign a desired bank to a lag or standby position.

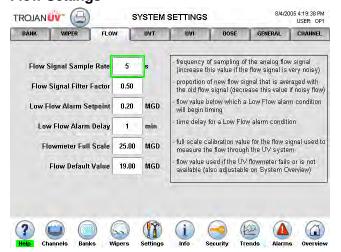
Wiper Settings



Wiper Sequence Cycle Time Determines the time between automatically schedule wipe sequences. When an automatic wipe sequence occurs, all wiper groups on a HSC will be requested to wipe one at a time if they are not in an alarm condition.

Flow Limit for Wiping Determines the flow percentage of the peak channel flow that can be reached before automatic wiping is disabled.

Flow Settings



Flow Signal Sample Rate Determines the frequency at which the total flow on the Flowmeter analog input is measured. This value should be increased if there is a very noisy plant flow signal that cannot be dampened by using the Flow Signal Filter Factor.

Flow Signal Filter Factor Used to set the proportion of the currently sampled flow signal that is averaged with the historically saved flow value in order to determine the current flow value. An entered value of 0.5 represent 50% of the current flow averaged with 50% of the stored flow. In order to dampen out a noisy plant flow signal, this value should be reduced in 0.1 increments.

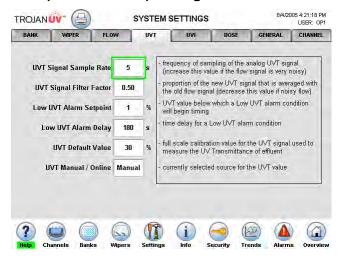
Low Flow Alarm Setpoint Determines the setpoint that the currently measured flow must drop below in order to initiate a Low Flow alarm timer.

Low Flow Alarm Delay Determines the setpoint for the Low Flow alarm timer.

Flowmeter Full Scale Used to enter the value in engineering units at which the plant flow meter is outputting 20mA. This represents the full scale of the Flowmeter signal.

Flowmeter Default Value Determines the flow value that is used for dose pacing if there is a Flowmeter signal fault, or if the source of signal input for flow is set to manual.

UVT (Transmittance) Settings





UVT Signal Sample Rate Determines the frequency at which the UV Transmittance signal analog input is measured. This value should be increased if there is a very noisy plant UVT signal that cannot be dampened by using the UVT Signal Filter Factor.

UVT Signal Filter Factor Used to set the proportion of the currently sampled UV Transmittance signal that is averaged with the historically saved UVT value in order to determine the current UVT value. An entered value of 0.5 represent 50% of the current UVT averaged with 50% of the stored UVT. In order to dampen out a noisy plant UVT signal, this value should be reduced in 0.1 increments.

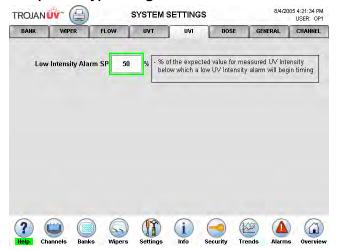
Low UVT Alarm Setpoint Determines the setpoint that the currently measured UV Transmittance must drop below in order to initiate a Low UVT alarm timer.

Low UVT Alarm Delay Determines the setpoint for the Low UV Transmittance alarm timer.

UVT Default Value Determines the UV Transmittance value that is used for dose pacing if there is a UVT signal fault, or if the source of signal input for UVT is set to manual.

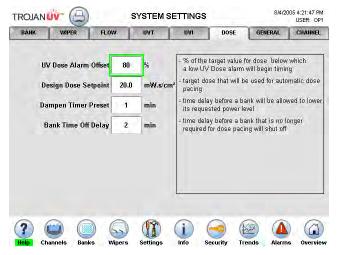
UVT Manual / Online Used to toggle the source of the UV Transmittance signal between a manually entered value and a measured analog value.

UVI (Intensity) Settings



Low Intensity Alarm SP Determines the setpoint in percentage below which a Low Intensity alarm will be generated for a particular bank. The currently measured analog intensity signal current is compared against the predicted signal current at the present UV Transmittance and lamp output conditions in order to calculate a percentage value that is compared against the alarm limit.

Dose Settings



UV Dose Alarm Offset Determines the percentage setpoint below which a Low UV Dose alarm will be generated. The currently calculated dose value is compared against the configured Design Dose Setpoint in order to calculate a percentage value which is compared against the alarm setpoint.

Design Dose Setpoint Determines the setpoint for UV Dose control of the Dose Pacing routine. The Dose Pacing routine will modulate bank power level and bring banks and channel in and out of operation as required in order to maintain the dose a value just above this setpoint.

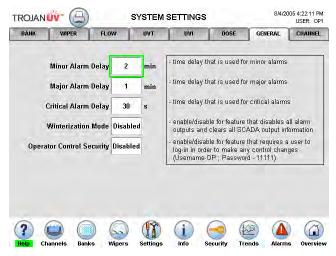
Dampen Timer Preset Determines the amount of time that the Dose Pacing routine must be calling for a bank's power level to be reduced before a lower power level will be used. This feature is used to minimize bank power cycling.

Bank Time Off Delay Determines the amount of time that the Dose Pacing routine must be calling for a bank to be turned off before it will be



allowed to deenergize. While this timer is running, a bank will typically be operated at minimum power. This feature is used to minimize bank on/off cycling.

General Settings



Minor Alarm Delay Determines the setpoint for the alarm delay for minor alarms.

Major Alarm Delay Determines the setpoint for the alarm delay for major alarms.

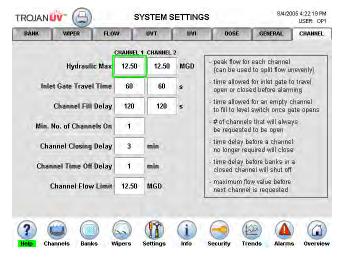
Critical Alarm Delay Determines the setpoint for the alarm delay for critical alarms.

Winterization Mode Used to toggle the Winterization Mode selector between Enabled and Disabled. When this option is enabled, all operator interface and SCADA alarms are cleared. This option is used to mask nuisance alarms during seasonal equipment shutdown periods.

Operator Control Security Used to toggle the Operator Control Security mode selector between Enabled and Disabled. When this option is enabled, the operator must log in to be able to change any system modes or enter any values on the operator interface. The default operator Username is OP and Password is 11111. After ½ hour of inactivity, the currently entered Username and Password is cleared and must be reentered to continue operating the system. This option is used to prevent

unauthorized changes to system operating parameters.

Channel Settings



Unless the system is configured as a multichannel control system, all Channel Settings will not appear, except for the Hydraulic Max setting.

Hydraulic Max Represents the peak flow (in engineering units) that a channel can pass before a Hydraulic Max alarm will be generated. This value is also used to allow uneven flow splitting on multi-channel systems. Normally the Hydraulic Max value is set to the same value for each channel and the flow through each open channel is assumed to be the total flow divided by the number of open channels. These values may be set differently for uneven flow splitting, in which case the flow through a channel is equal to the total flow times the Hydraulic Max for that channel divided by the total Hydraulic Max for all channels.

Inlet Gate Travel Time (N/A) Represents the maximum time required for the inlet slide gate to complete its travel from a fully open or closed position. This setpoint is used to determine how long to wait when a gate is commanded to move before checking for alarm conditions.

Channel Fill Delay Represents the amount of time that will pass after an inlet slide gate is commanded to open before a Channel Low Level alarm condition will be set. When an operating channel is in a Low Level alarm



condition, it is not considered healthy and available to the Dose Pacing routine.

Min No. of Channels On (N/A) Represents the minimum number of channels that will be open and operating regardless of the current system flow. This value must always be equal to or greater than 1.

Channel Closing Delay Determines the amount of time that the Dose Pacing routine must be calling for a channel to close before it is taken out of operation.

Channel Time off Delay Determines how much time banks in a closed channel will continue to time off before they are requested to shut down. This feature allows disinfection to continue in a channel that has been taken out of operation, until all effluent has had a chance to drain down past the UV banks.

Channel Flow Limit (N/A) Determines the flow setpoint at which an additional channel will be called to open. This value should be set to the minimum flow that a channel will be able to disinfect at the lowest UV Transmittance value that a plant will experience and is typically set to the plant design peak flow divided by the total number of configured channels.

Note:

The control system is designed to be run automatically, such that the controller's dose pacing routine can call the required channels and associated banks, based on current effluent flow conditions and take appropriate corrective action in the event of bank and/or gate faults. In order for the system to do this effectively, all banks and gates should normally be left in Remote Auto mode. Once any bank or gate is taken out of Remote Auto, the system will do what is possible to prevent undesired operation, but it is the responsibility of the operator to ensure that situations such as discharging undisinfected effluent or flooding do not occur.



Chapter 5

COMBINED PDC/HSC







5 Combined PDC/HSC	5-1
5.1 INTRODUCTION	- 5-1
5.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION CENTER	
Description	
ActiClean [™] Cleaning System	5-1
PDC Bank Mode Selector	5-1
Communications	
5.3 COMBINED PDC/HSC ENCLOSURE	5-2
Description	5-2
Specifications	5-2
Maintenance	5-2
5.4 PDC SERVICE ENTRANCE	5-2
Description	5-2
Specifications	5-3
5.5 RELAY CONTROL BOARD (RCB)	5-3
Description	5-3
Specifications	
Maintenance	5-3
Replace Relay Board Fuse	5-3
5.6 COMMUNICATION CONTROL BOARD (CCB)	5-5
Description	5-5
Specifications	5-5
Maintenance	5-6
Replace CCB Fuse	5-6
5.7 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM CENTER (HSC)	5-6
Description	5-6
Electrical Enclosure	5-6
Electrical Components	
Hydraulic Pump Motor Starter and Thermal Overload	
Hydraulic Components	
Pressure Gauge	
Hydraulic Pressure Switch	
Hydraulic Reservoir	
Specifications Operation	
·	
MaintenanceCheck Pressure Gauge and Reservoir Fluid Level	
Check Pressure Gauge and Reservoir Fluid Level	
Flushing and Filling Hydraulic Fluid	
Remove and Replace the Hydraulic Filter	





5 COMBINED PDC/HSC

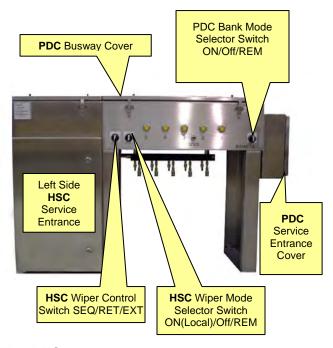
5.1 Introduction

As the name suggests, the Combined PDC/HSC consists of a Power Distribution Center (PDC) and a Hydraulic System Center (HSC). The HSC is attached to the PDC opposite the service entrance and shares common power. Both the PDC and HSC are described in this chapter.

5.2 Power Distribution Center

Description

The PDC spans the top of the channel and distributes power from the main electrical service to the modules in the UV bank(s). The PDC can be single sided to serve one bank of lamps or double sided to serve two banks. A double-sided PDC has module receptacles on both sides of the PDC.

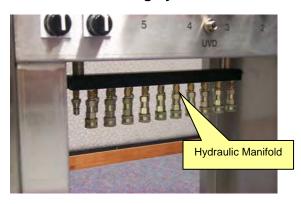


The PDC houses the power distribution bus bars that supply power to the UV modules. Removing the bus way cover on the top of the PDC allows access to the bus bars. The electrical service is connected to the bus bars inside the Service Entrance, located at the end of the PDC.

Each module plugs into a receptacle on the side of the PDC. These receptacles are connected to Relay Control Boards (RCBs) that switch the power for the modules. The receptacles are typically numbered beginning with '1' at the end closest to the service entrance. The UV Sensor (which measures UV intensity), plugs into the center receptacle, labeled (UVD for UV Detection). The center receptacle is located slightly below the other receptacles.

Communication cables from each relay control board are interconnected to the Communications Control Board (CCB), which sits on a hinged plate above the bus bars and relay boards. The CCB transmits lamp, ballast and UV intensity status to the System Control Center (SCC). The CCB also receives data from the SCC for setting the appropriate ballast power settings based on flow, UV Transmittance (if a UVT is used) and lamp life data.

ActiClean[™] Cleaning System



A hydraulic manifold is mounted to the bottom of the PDC as shown. The manifold distributes hydraulic fluid to each module for use by the ActiCleanTM Cleaning System. See the ActiCleanTM Cleaning Section in O+M manual for complete description.

PDC Bank Mode Selector

A Bank Mode Selector switch is included on the PDC. It allows you to choose between ON, OFF and REMOTE operation of the bank.



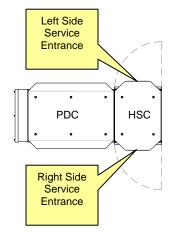
Communications

Communication between the PDC and SCC is achieved through a RS485 Serial Communication Link, which terminates inside the service entrance.

5.3 Combined PDC/HSC Enclosure

Description

The PDC enclosure has two hinged covers. The Service Entrance Cover is located at the end of the PDC opposite the HSC. The PDC busway Cover is on the top of the PDC. The HSC has three hinged doors, two side doors for hydraulic system access and a top door for electrical access.



Top View of Combined PDC/HSC.

Specifications

The enclosures are made from welded stainless steel, and are UL Listed to U.S. and Canadian standards. They also meet the Type 4X requirements for watertight enclosures.

?

HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

Like all stainless steel exposed to the outdoor environment, the enclosure's exterior should be washed monthly with a mild soap and water solution. A damp sponge or soft cloth should be used for regular cleaning.

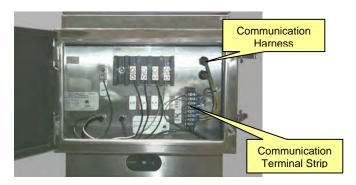


CAUTION

Do not spray water in or around the power distribution center when lids are open.

5.4 PDC Service Entrance

Description



A 480Y/277 VAC 3 phase, 4 wire, (plus ground) power supply is connected to the service lugs, accessible from the electrical service panel at the end of the PDC. The three phases, neutral and ground wires are fastened to lugs at the power terminal. These are attached to copper bus bars, which distribute power to the relay control boards. If a double-sided PDC is used to power two UV Banks, the neutral wire is connected to the outer copper bus bars using the neutral wire link.

The communications terminal strip is also accessible at the service entrance.

Communication cables from the SCC are

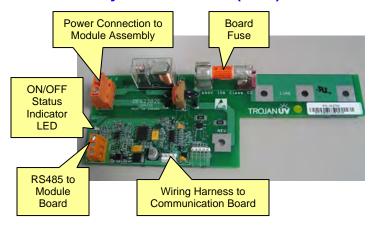


interconnected to this strip and for multiple bank systems with more than one PDC, the communications between PDCs are 'daisy chained' at these terminal strips.

Specifications

Item	Value
Service Entrance Panel	Hinged Lid with latches for opening.

5.5 Relay Control Board (RCB)



Description

An RCB switches the single phase 277 VAC to the UV module for powering the lamps and ballast. It also sends UV lamp and ballast control/status signals to the Communication Controller Board (CCB) from the module control board.

The RCBs are arranged evenly to balance the current draw between the three phases on the power service.

The RCBs have features for equipment protection. If more than 34mA of ground fault leakage current is sensed, the relay will deenergize.

The relay board also has zero-crossing detection to protect the relay, and an interlock to de-energize the relay when the module cable is disconnected. An LED illuminates when the relay is closed.

Specifications

Item	Value
Input power	277 VAC and +24 VDC from the CCB
Fuse	12A, 600 V



HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

Replace Relay Board Fuse

- 1. Determine module number with fault at SCC for Relay Board Fuse replacement.
- 2. Turn PDC Bank Mode Selector switch to OFF.
- Lock out and tag power at disconnect(s) to PDC. (See General Lockout Procedure in the Preface chapter at the front of this manual).

DANGER



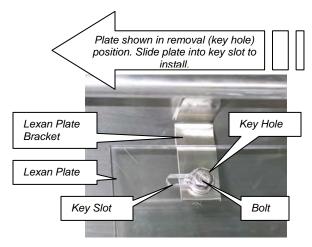
Electrical Hazard!

LOCK OUT and TAG all sources of power before performing any maintenance, cleaning or repairs on any piece of equipment. The power sources may include electrical, hydraulic, or stored energy. Refer to the general lock out and tag procedures in this manual.

4. Open the PDC Busbar cover to access the Relay Board Fuse. Ensure cover is adequately supported open - telescopic cover stays (opening support linkages) should be straight and rigid.



5. Remove the Lexan Plate cover to access the Relay Board Fuse. Loosen all Lexan plate ¼" bolts, but do not remove – loosened bolts can remain in position for the removal of the plate. Remove plate by sliding it over to locate plate key holes over bolts, then carefullly lift plate to remove.

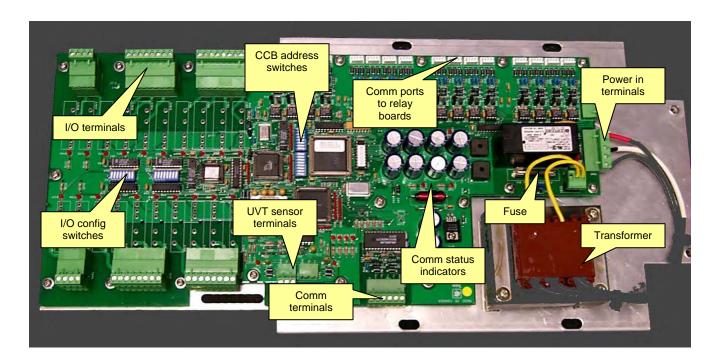


- **6.** Store Lexan plate in a safe location for future use.
- 7. Locate appropriate Relay Control Board.
- 8. Remove and test fuse.
- **9.** Replace fuse on relay board, if necessary.
- **10.** Reinstall Lexan plate. Align plate key holes over bolts. Slide plate to push bolts into plate key slots. Tighten all bolts.
- **11.** Close Busbar cover press button in the in telescopic cover stay (support linkages) to unlock.
- **12.** Restore power to the PDC disconnect(s) and set the Bank Mode Selector closest to the PDC service enterance to ON or REM (Remote).
- 13. Check alarm status at SCC.



5.6 Communication Control Board (CCB)

Twenty (20) digital I/O ports are available for digital input or output modules. The ports may be configured as an input or output using DIP



Description

The CCB is attached to a hinged plate that rests above the relay boards.

The CCB receives 277 VAC power from the bus bars. The CCB provides +24VDC to each of the relay boards and includes LEDs to indicate the presence of the rectified DC voltages.

The board has two analog inputs for UV Sensor(s), which sense UV intensity in each bank of modules. Both inputs are used if the PDC provides power to two banks. Serial communication lines are routed from the module ports to each of the relay boards. On-board LEDs are included to indicate communication status for the RS485 port. This connects with the communication harness to provide communication with the SCC. A pair of LEDs is also included to indicate CCB to RCB communications. All control commands are sent from the SCC to the PDC via this serial link.

switches. I/O modules will be present depending on the specific system (e.g., low water level).

Specifications

Item	Value
Input power	480Y/277 VAC
CCB Fuse	5 Amp, 250V Slo Blow
Analog inputs	Two for UV Sensor (s)
I/O ports	Twenty (20) digital (two for Bank Mode Selector Switch, one for low water plus spares)
Module ports	8 - RS485 Module Ports
Status LED's	Power and communications
Serial Ports	RS232 (Service Port) RS485 (SCC Communication)



?

HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

Replace CCB Fuse

- 1. Confirm at SCC Operator interface that there is a Bank Communication Fault.
- 2. Turn PDC Bank Mode Selector switch to OFF.
- Lock out and tag power at disconnect(s) to PDC. (See General Lockout Procedure in the Preface chapter at the front of this manual).



DANGER

Electrical Hazard! LOCK OUT and TAG all sources of power before performing any maintenance, cleaning or repairs on any piece of equipment.

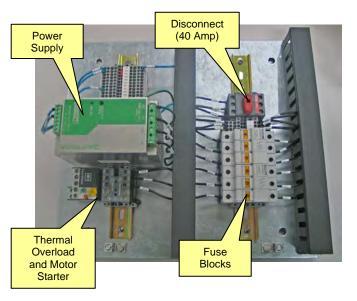
- **4.** Remove and test fuse for failure. Replace as required.
- Restore power to the PDC disconnect(s) and set the Bank Mode Selector closest to the PDC service enterance to ON or REM (Remote).
- Check alarm status at SCC.

5.7 Hydraulic System Center (HSC)

Description

The HSC provides hydraulic power for up to 32 Trojan UV3000TMPlus modules, at one time, in any configuration.

Electrical Enclosure



The HSC enclosure is a stainless steel cabinet with separate compartments for hydraulic and electrical components. The hydraulic components are located through the two side doors. Two-quarter turn latches secure each hinged door. The electrical components are located under the top access door. Latches secure the top hinged door.

Electrical Components

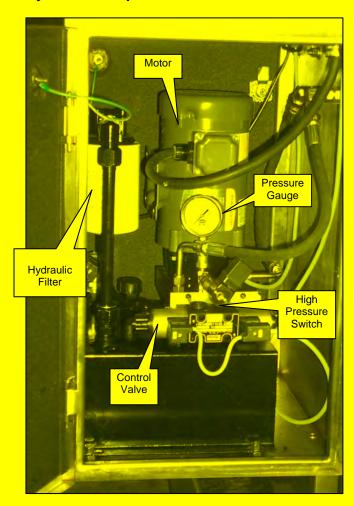
The incoming electrical service terminates at the 40 Amp Disconnect and feeds three-phase power to the hydraulic pump and 24VDC Power Supply, protected by individual Fuse Blocks.

Hydraulic Pump Motor Starter and Thermal Overload

The Motor Starter and Thermal Overload control and protect the pump. The Thermal Overload is located beside the Motor Starter, and senses if the pump is drawing too much current, under which condition the hydraulic overload alarm is set. The dial setting on the Thermal Overload is preset by the manufacturer and should not be modified.



Hydraulic Components

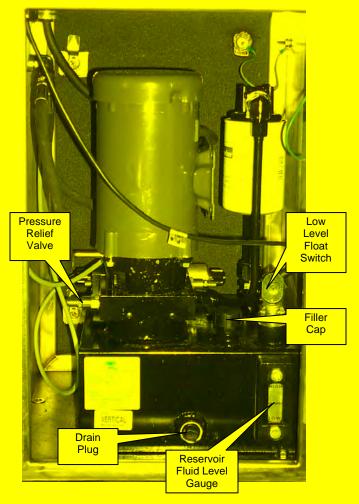


Left Side HSC Service Entrance

The hydraulic components consist of the hydraulic pump, pressure switch, low-level float switch, pressure gauge, filter, directional valve and hydraulic reservoir.

The pump is used to pump hydraulic fluid from the reservoir to the manifolds located on the PDC. The solenoid directional valve determines fluid direction.

A sight glass gauge is provided on the reservoir inside the HSC enclosure for checking the hydraulic fluid level.



Right Side HSC Service Entrance

Pressure Gauge

The pressure gauge is located on the highpressure side of the pump. The normal operating pressure is between 150-200 PSI.



DANGER

The pressure gauge should be checked when a high alarm is present at the SCC.



Hydraulic Pressure Switch

If the pressure in the hydraulic line reaches 250 PSI, an emergency stop condition will apply and the hydraulic system will automatically shut off. The high-pressure alarm relay will be triggered and an alarm will be displayed on the operator interface at the SCC.

If the level in the reservoir falls below the required level for pump operation the low-level float switch will set off a control relay to trigger a low-level alarm on the operator interface at the SCC.

Hydraulic Reservoir

Hydraulic fluid is stored in the reservoir in the HSC. The hydraulic reservoir is a rectangular metal tank located directly beneath the hydraulic pump. The tank is filled using a 6-inch diameter galvanized steel funnel provided in the operator's kit.



CAUTION

Use only a Trojan-approved hydraulic fluid. Please refer to MSDS in Appendix or label on reservoir for details.

Specifications

Item	Value
Pump	3.0 GPM US
Pressure gauge	0-600 PSI
Reservoir	3.7 gallons
Filter	SPE 15-BTA -10 Micron element B10=75 Synthetic
Hydraulic fluid	Shell Tellus T15, Refer to MSDS sheets in Appendix B for your site's Specified Oil.
Operating pressure	150-200 PSI
Low Fluid Level	Low-Level Float Switch
High pressure	250 PSI

Operation

When a wipe sequence is initiated, the pump turns on and the directional control value switches to EXTEND. Hydraulic fluid is pushed through lines that extend from the valve block in the HSC to a manifold found below the PDC. The individual modules have two hydraulic lines that plug into the manifold. The hydraulic fluid drives an internal piston located inside the rod on each module in a bank. All the modules in a bank (or both banks on double-sided PDCs) are extended simultaneously during a cleaning operation. After the EXTEND operation finishes, the solenoid in the directional control valve switches and the wipers retract.



?

HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

Check Pressure Gauge and Reservoir Fluid Level



The hydraulic fluid level should be checked monthly using the sight gauge on the reservoir located in the HSC right side door. The fluid level should be in the top half of the gauge. If the fluid level is in the lower half and is still visible in the sight gauge, the system will still function. Low level float switch will activate and shut pump down.

Check Pressure Gauge

The pressure gauge should be checked when a low-level or high-pressure alarm is present, or whenever the enclosure panel is open. The pressure should be within the operating range between 150-200PSI.

Flushing and Filling Hydraulic Fluid

During the first two months of operation, as air is working its way out of the system, the hydraulic fluid may need to be topped up. The reservoir is located beneath the pump and is equipped with a removable cap. The funnel included in the operator's kit should be used to reduce the possibility of spilling fluid in the HSC enclosure.

The hydraulic fluid should be changed every two (2) years to help the system function efficiently.



CAUTION

Use only a Trojan-approved hydraulic fluid. Please refer to MSDS in Appendix or label on reservoir for details.

- Disable wiping by switching HSC Wiper Mode Selector switch to OFF.
- 2. Set PDC Bank Mode Selector switch to OFF.
- Lock out and tag power at disconnect(s) to PDC. (See General Lockout Procedure in the Preface chapter at the front of this manual).

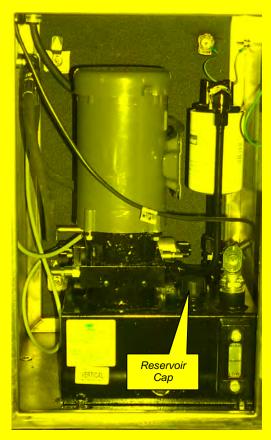


DANGER

Electrical Hazard! LOCK OUT and TAG all sources of power before performing any maintenance, cleaning or repairs on any piece of equipment.



4. Remove fill cap.



5. If flushing the system, suction out the hydraulic fluid sitting the reservoir.

Note:

Low-level float may shut down system if the fluid level in the reservoir is too low.

- **6.** Insert funnel (from Operator's Kit) into reservoir.
- Slowly pour hydraulic fluid into funnel and continue filling reservoir until level gauge reads high.
- 8. Restore power to the PDC disconnect(s) and set the Bank Mode Selector closest to the PDC service enterance to ON or REM (Remote).
- Re-enable wiping by switching the HSC Wiper Mode Selector switch closest to the HSC to ON (Local) or REM (remote).

Remove and Replace the Hydraulic Filter

The hydraulic filter should be replaced:

- after the first 2 days of system use,
- once a year every thereafter
- Set HSC Wiper Mode Selector switch to OFF to disable wiping.
- 2. Set PDC Bank Mode Selector switch to OFF.
- 3. Lock out and tag power at disconnect(s) to PDC. (See General Lockout Procedure in the Preface chapter at the front of this manual).



DANGER

Electrical Hazard! LOCK OUT and TAG all sources of power before performing any maintenance, cleaning or repairs on any piece of equipment.

- **4.** Place a suitable container beneath the filter to catch drips.
- 5. Unscrew the filter by hand and discard the old filter
- **6.** Wipe the sealing face on the new filter with a dry clean cloth.
- **7.** Apply a light film of hydraulic fluid to the gasket on the new filter.
- **8.** Turn the filter to the casting by hand and then apply an additional 2/3 to full turn by hand to tighten.
- Restore power to the PDC disconnect(s) and set the Bank Mode Selector closest to the PDC service enterance to ON or REM (Remote).
- **10.** Re-enable wiping by switching the HSC Wiper Mode Selector switch closest to the HSC to ON (Local) or REM (remote).



Chapter 6

UV MODULE







6 UV MODULE	6-1
6.1 INTRODUCTION	6-1
Description	6-1
Specifications	6-2
Maintenance	6-3
Maintaining Staggered Module Configuration	6-3
Removing and Disconnecting the Module From the System	
Installing and Reconnecting the Module to the System	
6.2 ELECTRONIC BALLAST	6-7
Description	6-7
Specifications	6-7
Maintenance	6-7
Remove Ballast Tray	6-7
Reinstall Ballast Tray	
Remove and Replace Ballast	6-12
6.3 MODULE CONTROL BOARD (MCB)	6-14
Description	6-14
Specifications	6-14
Maintenance	6-14
Remove and Replace Module Board	6-14
6.4 LAMP ASSEMBLY	6-14
Description	6-14
Specifications	6-14
Maintenance	6-15
Description	6-15
Specifications	6-15
Maintenance	6-15
Inspect Quartz Sleeve for Cleanliness	
Manual Quartz Sleeve Cleaning	
Remove Quartz Sleeve and Lamp	
Replace Quartz Sleeve and Lamp	
6 F ACTICLEANIM CLEANING SYSTEM (ACS)	C 10





6 UV MODULE

6.1 Introduction

Description

The TrojanUV3000Plus[™] uses horizontal Lamps in a modular arrangement with parallel Modules grouped to form a Bank across the open channel. This modular approach allows for simple maintenance and troubleshooting.

Low pressure, high intensity amalgam Lamps are mounted to Modules, which hold 8 vertically spaced Lamps enclosed in Quartz Sleeves.

The closed end of the Quartz Sleeve slides into the formed Module leg and the open end of the sleeve fastens to a molded Lamp Holder assembly that is attached to the other Module leg. The Module legs feature a streamlined design to minimize headloss along the length of the Module.

All wiring between the Ballast and Lamps is contained within the Module leg. No wiring is exposed to water. The Modules are supported by a Module rack, which is anchored to the channel walls. The rack suspends the Modules

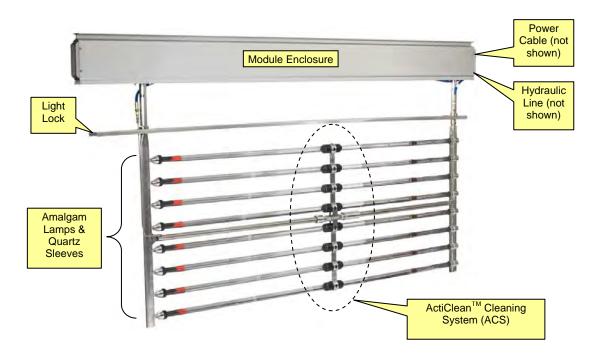
in the channel so that the lowest Lamp is located just above the bottom of the channel and the Module Enclosure sits above the water.

The Modules are suspended from the rack by the Module Enclosure. Below the Module Enclosure is a 'light lock'. As the name suggests, the 'light lock' is used to prevent UV light from escaping above the Lamps.

Note:

<u>**Do not**</u> submerge Module Enclosures under water or the electrical components within may be damaged. Module Enclosures are water resistant not waterproof.

The TrojanUV3000PlusTM optional ActiCleanTM Cleaning System provides in-channel cleaning of the Lamp sleeves while the Lamps remain submersed in the channel. The system is hydraulically actuated via hydraulic lines that connect to a manifold suspended below the Power Distribution Center (PDC). The hydraulics are powered from the Hydraulic System Center (HSC), which houses the pump, solenoid twoway directional valve, reservoir, and associated equipment.





The Module Enclosure is an anodized aluminum extrusion. The top of the enclosure is designed with a lip for lifting a single Module by hand from the channel.

Variable output electronic Ballasts and a Module control board are housed in the Module Enclosure. A Ballast is provided for every two Lamps. The Ballasts are mounted on a Ballast tray that slides in and out of the enclosure.

The Module Control Board (MCB) is used to monitor the status of the Lamps and Ballasts. Information is sent between the MCB and the Communications Control Board (CCB) via the Relay Control Board (RCB). One RCB is provided for each Module. Both the RCBs and the CCB are located in the PDC.

The Modules are connected to the PDC using a power cable, which extends from one end of the Module Enclosure. The power cable for each Module is plugged into a labeled receptacle on the PDC.

If the ActiCleanTM Cleaning System is used, two hydraulic lines run in a channel along the bottom of the Module Enclosure. The hydraulic lines are used to extend and retract the wiper system.

Specifications

Item	Value
Module leg and light lock	Stainless steel
Module Enclosure	Anodized aluminum



?

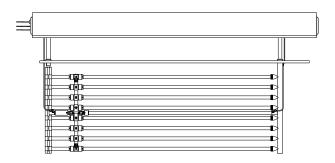
HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

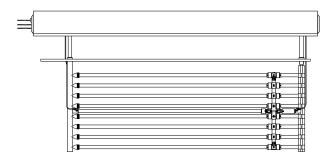
Maintaining Staggered Module Configuration

Each UV Bank of modules consists of two types of module configurations. The two types of module configurations are:

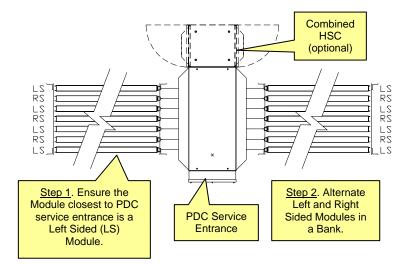
Right Sided (RS) (Blue Hydraulic Lines)



• Left Sided (LS) (Black Hydraulic Lines)



Modules must be installed as follows:



Note:

One (1) module per bank will contain the UV Sensor. This module must be located in the middle of the bank. All UV Sensor Modules are Right Sided. For a bank containing:

- An odd number of modules, the UV Sensor Module will be the center most module.
- An even number of modules, the UV Sensor Module will be the center most Right Sided Module.

Note:

The number of banks per PDC and the side of the PDC the bank is located on may vary from site to site.



Removing and Disconnecting the Module From the System



CAUTION

Flooding Module Enclosures constitutes improper operation of the equipment and may cause extensive damage.

- **1.** Determine the Bank and Module number requiring service from labels on PDC.
- Go to Bank Control screen at System Control Center (SCC) and disable the Module to be repaired.



CAUTION

Electrical Hazard!

Ensure correct module has been disabled prior to disconnecting the module power cable.

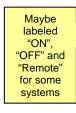
Lockout and tag power to Module. Refer to the General Lockout Procedure in the Preface Chapter found at the front of this manual.



WARNING

Lockout Electrical Power

4. Set Wiper Mode Selector switch to OFF for Bank containing the Module that requires service.







WARNING

Wear Protective Gloves!

Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.

WARNING



Wear UV Resistant Face Shield!

Unprotected exposure to ultraviolet light can cause severe burns to the eyes and skin. Face shield should be worn as the primary protection against such exposure. Never look directly at the energized lamps unless you are wearing ultraviolet resistant face shield or glasses (for short-term exposure)

Unscrew appropriate Module power cord (and if applicable UV Sensor power cord – labeled UVD) at PDC.





CAUTION

Make sure the power cord and hydraulic lines do not fall into the channel.



6. Unplug Module power cord (and if applicable UV Sensor power cord - labeled UVD) at PDC.





CAUTION

Do not connect or disconnect hydraulic hoses while system is pressurized. Shut down system and relieve HSC pressure. Couplings are not designed to connect under pressure.

7. Disconnect Module coupler from PDC manifold by aligning locking ball on female coupler. Cover ends of couplers with protective caps when couplers are not in use.



Note:

The pressure gauge will always read some pressure, however the lines to the Modules should be purged of pressure.



CAUTION

If protective caps are not used when couplers are not in use, damage can occur to the coupler.



8. Carefully lift the Module from the channel. Hang the Module from a maintenance rack or carefully lay the Module on a clean, dry work surface. The Module is now ready for servicing.



CAUTION

Modules can weigh up to 112 lbs. Ensure use of proper lifting techniques and/or lifting device.

The Module must be placed in a clean, **Note:** dry location for servicing.



Installing and Reconnecting the Module to the System

WARNING



Wear UV Resistant Face Shield!

Unprotected exposure to ultraviolet light can cause severe burns to the eyes and skin. Face shield should be worn as the primary protection against such exposure. Never look directly at the energized lamps unless you are wearing ultraviolet resistant face shield or glasses (for short-term exposure)



WARNING

Wear Protective Gloves!

Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.

- Ensure that the module being inserted into the channel is the correct orientation. Refer to the Maintaining Staggered Module Configuration found in this chapter.
- 2. Place Module into channel. Verify light lock is properly seated in UV Module support rack.



CAUTION

Electrical Hazard!

Ensure correct module has been disabled prior to reconnecting the module power cable.

3. Ensure Module is disabled at SCC.





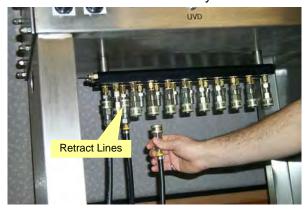
Lockout Electrical Power

- **4.** Lockout and tag power to Module. Refer to the General Lockout Procedure in the Preface Chapter found at the front of this manual.
- Ensure the Wiper Mode Selector switch is set to OFF for the Bank containing the Module being serviced.

May be labeled "ON", "OFF" and "Remote" for some systems



 Reconnect Module coupler to PDC manifold by aligning locking ball on female coupler. The extend and retract lines are keyed so that they cannot be connected incorrectly.



Note:

After reconnecting the Modules to the PDC, the HSC reservoir hydraulic fluid level will need to be monitored and filled as necessary when cycling the cylinders to replace the lost fluid. Manually cycle the cylinders twice to remove remaining air from the system.

Note:

Protective caps can be snapped together when not in use to protect them from damage and contamination.



Plug Module power cord (and if applicable UV Sensor power cord – labeled UVD) into PDC.



8. Set Wiper Mode Selector switch at to REM (Remote).



9. Ensure the Module is enabled at SCC.

6.2 Electronic Ballast

Description

One Ballast powers two Lamps. The Ballasts are located within the Module Enclosure found on the top of the Module over the channel. The Ballasts have a total harmonic distortion of less than 5% when operated within the normal range.

Specifications

Item	Value
Input	277 VAC ±10%, 2.5 – 1.8 A,
	60 Hz; 500W
Output	2 x 240W

?

HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

Remove Ballast Tray



WARNING

Wear Protective Gloves!

Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.

TOOLS REQUIRED

- #2 Phillips Screwdriver or 5/16" Hex Driver (or flathead)
- Soft bristle brush or clean lint free cloth.
- Household Cleaner (Fantastic, Simple Green, Lime-a-way or other)
- Dow Corning Lubricant 111 (non curing silicone lube)
- Isopropyl Alcohol (spray bottle)

Note:

The Module must be placed in a clean, dry location for servicing.

 Remove Module from the channel. Follow the Removing and Disconnecting the Module from the System procedure found in this Chapter.

Note:

Every time you open the Ballast Enclosure be sure to replace the old Desiccant Paks with new ones. There should always be four (4) Paks within the enclosure. These Desiccant Paks absorb any moisture trapped within the enclosure.



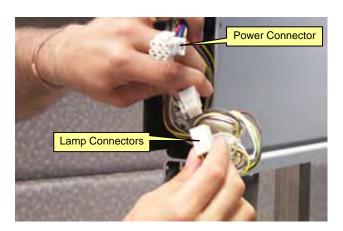
- **2.** Brush or wipe away any large debris from the endcap using a soft bristled brush or rag.
- Remove screws on the sides of both endcaps using a 5/16" Hex driver (or Flathead screwdriver).



4. Gently pull endcaps out of Module Enclosure. If the endcaps are tight, a #2 Phillips screwdriver can be inserted into the available cross holes to act as a T-handle.

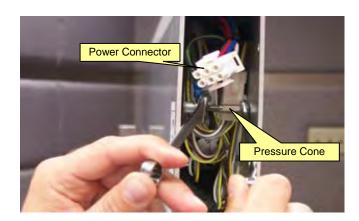


Disconnect Lamp connectors at cable end of enclosure.



Note:

The Ballast tray cannot be pulled out through the cable end of the enclosure as the Lamp cables interfere with the Ballasts.



6. Loosen pressure cone at cable end of enclosure using a ½" wrench for the pressure cone and 7/16" wrench for the nut.



- Pull Ballast Tray toward cable end until Lamp connectors are exposed. Place Ballast tray on clean workbench for servicing.
- **8.** Disconnect Lamp connections at cable end of enclosure.



At module enclosure power cable end, push ballast tray back into the enclosure and continue by pulling Ballast tray out of the



opposite end of the enclosure.

10. Place Ballast tray on clean workbench for servicing.



CAUTION

Handle Ballast tray in upright position.

Reinstall Ballast Tray

TOOLS REQUIRED

- #2 Phillips Screwdriver or 5/16" Nut Driver
- Spray Bottle of Isopropyl Alcohol
- Loctite® 222MS Threadlocker
- To reinstall, slide the Ballast tray into Module Enclosure through back end of enclosure (noncable end).
- **2.** Pull Ballast tray at cable end of enclosure so Lamp connectors are exposed.
- **3.** Connect Lamp and power connectors by matching labels on connector cords.
- Push Ballast tray back into enclosure. Line up pressure cone with indentation on inside of enclosure.



CAUTION

Be careful not to over-tighten pressure cone as this will damage (bow) extrusion outward and potentially affect sealing performance.

- 5. Tighten pressure cone (to 3 in lb) and grounding nut using 1/4" and 7/16" wrenches.
- 6. Remove Silicone Seal from endcap and inspect sealing groove. Use household cleaner and lint free cloth to wipe groove clean. If groove is damaged, replace the endcap.





7. Inspect Silicone Seal for damage along sealing edge. Any cuts or excessive wear marks will require the seal to be replaced. It is recommended that the seal always be replaced during Enclosure servicing. If using original seal, ensure it has been cleaned and dried thoroughly using household cleaners (Fantastic, Simple Green, Lime-a-way or other) and a lint free cloth. Keep new seals protected in sealed bags until required for installation.



- **8.** Install Silicone seal onto endcap groove with open side (lip) facing towards the outside of the endcap.
- 9. Using Dow Corning 111 Silicone lubricant, apply a thin film of lubricant to outside of seal. The best way to lubricant the seal is to apply a small dab of lubricant between finger and thumb, rub together and apply to entire perimeter of sealing edge. Keep seal clean and free of debris until installation.



CAUTION

It is imperative that the enclosure be properly sealed from the elements to ensure that the ballasts and MCB are dry and free of any debris.

Note:

Endcap and Seal preparation:

To maintain factory sealing performance, it is critical that endcap sealing groove, and Enclosure be clean and free of debris. Inspect Silicone Seal for any damage or nicks on sealing edge of seal. Pay particular attention to the corners of the seal, as this is the most likely area for damage to occur. It is recommended that seals be replaced any time the Enclosure is serviced. Inspect Enclosure for damage to sealing areas (first 2" inside, from end of extrusion)



10. Inspect the inside of Enclosure. Clean the first 2 inches of any debris. Inspect for any deep gouges which will affect sealing performance. If there are any sharp edges or gouges, it is recommended to use emery cloth or 220 grit sandpaper to smooth them out. Pay particular attention to the cross drilled holes as this is a likely area where sharp edges may be present. Once inspected, clean the inside perimeter with Isopropyl Alcohol to ensure it is clean and free of debris. Ensure power cord strain relief is hand-tight.



- 11. Connect Endcap Power Connector.
- 12. Install Endcap gently into enclosure, rocking back and forth (up and down) slightly to aid in seal insertion. The seal has a large "interference" with the enclosure, and needs to be inserted slowly to allow seal time to react. Pay attention to the corners of the seal as this it the most likely area where the seal may be pinched if inserted too fast. Once seal has entered the enclosure, push the endcap all the way in until it bottoms out on Enclosure end.



13. Install screws on sides of endcaps, hand tighten all 4 screws until contact is made with

- enclosure. Endcap should "self align" in enclosure.
- **14.** Once Endcap is installed, finish by tightening each screw one half turn.
- **15.** Ensure power cord strain relief is tight.
- 16. Once inspection and required service is complete, return the Module to the channel. Follow the Installation and Reconnecting the Module to the System procedure found in this chapter.

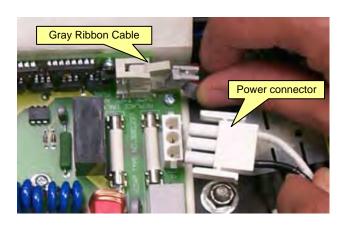
Note:

When reinstalling endcap, the power cord strain relief must be installed towards the top of the enclosure.



Remove and Replace Ballast

- Remove Ballast tray from Module. Follow the Remove Ballast Tray procedure found in this Chapter.
- **2.** Orient Ballast tray so Module Board is on left side, facing up.
- 3. Verify which Ballast requires replacement.
- **4.** Disconnect gray ribbon cable and power cable connector on right side of Ballast.





WARNING

Wear Protective Gloves!

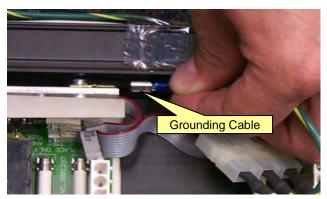
Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.

Note:

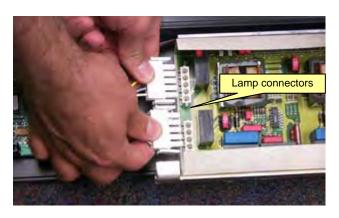
The Ballast furthest away from MCB powers Lamps 1 and 2. The next closest Ballast to the MCB powers Lamps 3 and 4. The Ballast closest to the MCB supplies power to the two lowest Lamps in the Module.



5. Disconnect grounding cable on top of Ballast.



Disconnect 2 Lamp connectors on left side of Ballast.



7. Remove the 4 Ballast-mounting nuts (2 on each side) of Ballast using a ⁷/16" socket.



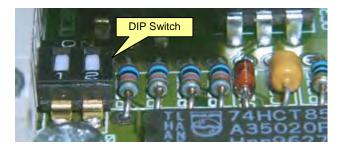
8. Lift Ballast tray up to remove Ballast.



CAUTION

Ballast trays must be carried in an upright position only.

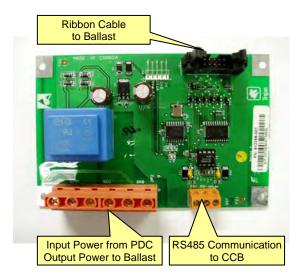
9. Locate DIP Switch on Ballast, next to ribbon cable connector. Ensure switches are set to same position on new Ballast.



- **10.** Install new Ballast and tighten the 4 spare Ballast-mounting nuts using a ⁷/16" socket.
- **11.** Connect ribbon cable, power, and 2 Lamp connectors to Ballast.
- **12.** Reinstall the Ballast tray. Follow the Reinstall Ballast Tray procedure found in this Chapter.



6.3 Module Control Board (MCB)



Description

The MCB is a circuit board that is powered (220 or 277 VAC) from the RCB located in the PDC. The MCB controls the Ballast on/off and variable output power settings. The microcontroller on the MCB processes serial data from the Communication Control Board (CCB) and passes on the proper signals for Ballast control.

Specifications

Item	Value
Input power	277 Volts AC
Other inputs	RS485 Serial data
	Ballast/Lamp Status
Outputs	RS485 Serial Data
	Ballast PWM Control

? HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

Remove and Replace Module Board

- Remove Ballast tray from Module Follow the Remove Ballast Tray procedure found in this Chapter.
- **2.** Orient ballast tray so module board is on left side, facing up.
- **3.** Disconnect ribbon cable connector, communication lines and power lines from Module board.
- **4.** Carefully depress plastic tab on standoff. The Module board should come free.
- 5. Remove and replace Module board.
- **6.** Firmly snap new board into place.
- Connect ribbon cable connector, communication lines and power lines to Module board.
- **8.** Reinstall the Ballast tray. Follow the Reinstall Ballast Tray procedure found in this Chapter.

6.4 Lamp Assembly

Description

The TrojanUV3000Plus[™] germicidal Lamp is a low pressure, high intensity amalgam Lamp. The Lamps are designed to produce zero levels of ozone, withstand shock and vibration and are constructed of materials resistant to UV. The Lamps use a 4 wire hot cathode, pre heat design.

Specifications

Item	Value
Туре	GA64T6 Amalgam
Outside diameter	3/4"
Inner diameter	11/16"
Arc length	58"
Overall length	62"



?

HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

- Clean Quartz Sleeves refer to the Inspect Quartz Sleeve for Cleanliness and Manual Quartz Sleeve Cleaning procedures.
- Replace Expired Lamps refer to the Remove and Replace Quartz Sleeve and Lamp procedures.

The frequency of Lamp replacement depends on factors such as:

- temperature of effluent,
- · power level of Lamps,
- frequency of switching Lamps ON and OFF.

To minimize the frequency of on/off cycles, a Bank timer is included in the control strategy. The timer must expire before a Bank is turned off. This potentially reduces the frequency of on/off cycles and preserves Lamp life.

Description

UV Lamps are enclosed in cylindrical Quartz Sleeves that protect the Lamp. One end of the sleeve is a closed dome shape. The other flared and open end is sealed against the Lamp Holder assembly. Each Lamp is isolated from all other Lamps to prevent moisture from entering the Module frame and each Lamp is rated for continuous submergence.

To prevent any water from entering and contacting the Lamps, it is very important to use the proper size O-rings and firmly tighten the sleeve-securing nut when replacing Lamps.

Specifications

Item	Value
Lamp	type 214 clear fused quartz
sleeve	transmits no less than 89% UV light

?

HOW TO INFO

Maintenance

Inspect Quartz Sleeve for Cleanliness



WARNING

Wear Protective Gloves!

Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.



WARNING

Wear UV Resistant Face Shield!

Always wear goggles or face shield when working with lamps or sleeves to protect against cuts in the event of breakage

- Select Module and perform manual wipe sequence.
- Remove the Module from the channel. Follow the Removing and Disconnecting the Module from the System procedure found in this Chapter.
- Allow Quartz Sleeves to dry for 10 minutes, as some coatings are not easily seen when sleeve is wet.
- 4. Inspect outside of dry sleeves for coating. The coating may be uniform or streaked, heavy or light. The color of the coating may be white, brown or yellow depending on wastewater quality and chemicals used in treatment.



A coating on the sleeves may result from:

- Mechanical failure trapped debris prevents completion of the wiper stroke.
- Hydraulic failure wiper stroke does not extend over the full length of the Lamp. The stroke time may not be long enough, or a hydraulic problem may exist. The most likely hydraulic problems could be low fluid, clogged filter or clogged pressure relief valve in the HSC.
- Chemical failure diluted or weak cleaning agent or absence of cleaning agent in the wiper canister. If there is no fluid in the canister, the mechanical action of the moving wiper will leave a track over the length of the wiper stroke.
- Unclean sleeves must be cleaned. Follow the Manual Quartz Sleeve Cleaning procedure found in this chapter.
- 6. Once inspection and required service is complete, return the Module to channel. Follow the Installing and Reconnecting the Module to the System procedure found in this Chapter.

Manual Quartz Sleeve Cleaning



WARNING

Corrosive! ActiClean[™] Cleaning Agent is acidic. Avoid inhalation, ingestion or exposure to eyes and skin.



WARNING

Wear UV Resistant Face Shield!

Always wear goggles or face shield when working with lamps or sleeves to protect against cuts in the event of breakage



WARNING

Wear Protective Gloves!

Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.



CAUTION

Do not use abrasive pads such as steel wool, copper wire or SOS pads since they will scratch the sleeves and cause damage to the system.



CAUTION

The lamps in this system emit ultraviolet light. Exposure to ultraviolet light can cause serious burns to unprotected eyes and skin.





CAUTION

O-rings must be free of nicks, dirt or water. Replace if needed.

- Remove Module from channel for inspection. Follow the Removing and Disconnecting the Module from the System procedure found in this Chapter.
- Apply Trojan approved cleaning agent to sponge, paper towel, or plastic scrub pad and rub outside of sleeve until deposits are removed.
- 3. Return Module to the channel. Follow the Installing and Reconnecting the Module to the System procedure found in this Chapter.

Remove Quartz Sleeve and Lamp



WARNING

Wear UV Resistant Face Shield!

Always wear goggles or face shield when working with lamps or sleeves to protect against cuts in the event of breakage



WARNING

Wear Protective Gloves!

Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.

 Remove Module from the channel. Follow the Removing and Disconnecting the Module from the System procedure found in this Chapter. Ensure ActiCleanTM Cleaning System is parked at dome end of Quartz Sleeve.



CAUTION

Wear cotton gloves when handling new Lamps to protect Lamps and sleeve.



CAUTION

Ensure ActiClean[™] Cleaning System is parked at dome end of Quartz Sleeve.

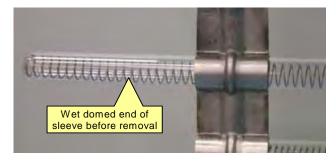
2. Unthread sleeve nut until it loosens from sleeve cup.



3. Carefully slide sleeve nut and O-ring along Quartz Sleeve



4. Carefully remove Quartz Sleeve from sleeve cup by pulling and rotating the Quartz Sleeve at the same time. To facilitate removal of sleeve, wet domed end along length of the spring.



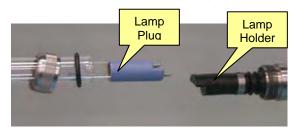




CAUTION

Lamp connectors and Lamp Holders must be clean and dry. Clean with isopropyl alcohol if required.

5. Carefully disconnect the Lamp by pulling it from the Lamp Holder. Ensure the Wiper Canister and the Quartz Sleeve are supported.



- 6. Remove the Quartz Sleeve from the Module by pulling the Quartz Sleeve with Lamp inside out from the formed Module leg and through wiper canister. (If replacing the Lamp and not the sleeve, it is not necessary to remove the Quartz Sleeve from the Module. Slide Quartz Sleeve over only as far as necessary to provide adequate room to remove and replace the Lamp then proceed to procedural step # 4 of the Replace Quartz Sleeve Procedure found in this chapter.)
- Remove the sleeve nut and the O-ring from the Quartz Sleeve. The nut can only be removed from domed end of sleeve because the other end is flared. Discard the O-ring.



Remove both the Lamp and spring from the Quartz Sleeve.

Replace Quartz Sleeve and Lamp

- 1. Insert the spring then Lamp into the Quartz Sleeve.
- Install the Sleeve Nut and a new O-ring onto the Quartz Sleeve.
- Install the Quartz Sleeve by sliding it through the wiper canister and then the formed Module leg.
- **4.** Carefully reconnect the Lamp to the Lamp Plug.

NOTE:

Ensure the Quartz Sleeve comes in full contact with the rubber sleeve stop on the Lamp Holder plug after connecting the Lamp to the socket.

Carefully slide the Sleeve Nut up the sleeve to the Sleeve Cup. Hand tighten the Sleeve Nut to ensure assembly is water tight.



CAUTION

When replacing the sleeve nut, ONLY hand-tighten to prevent damage to Module.

6. Return Module to the channel. Follow the Installing and Reconnecting the Module to the System procedure found in this Chapter.



6.5 ActiClean[™] Cleaning System (ACS)

See ActiClean[™] Cleaning System (ACS) Chapter for maintenance instructions.

Note:

Lamps must be fully submerged before initiating a wipe cycle.

Operation of the ACS without the lamps fully submerged may result in damage to the ACS system.



Chapter 7

UV SENSOR







7 UV SENSOR	
7.1 INTRODUCTION	7-1
Description	7-1
Specifications	7-2
Maintenance	7-2
Remove and Replace UV Sensor	7-2





7 UV SENSOR

7.1 Introduction

Description

Trojan Technologies' UV Sensor patented technology, measures the UV intensity produced in each bank of modules.



As only one UV Sensor (also referred to as sensor) is required per bank of modules, the sensor is used in the module in the middle of the bank. If there are an odd number of modules in the bank, the UV Sensor is positioned in the middle module. If an even number of modules is used, the sensor is located in one of the two middle modules.

On 8-lamp modules, the sensor is positioned between the fifth and sixth lamp from the top.

The UV Sensor is maintenance free, since the entire unit remains clean and dry within the quartz sleeve. In systems that use the ActiClean™ Cleaning System (ACS), the quartz sleeve is automatically cleaned at regular intervals. In systems that require manual cleaning or cleaning in a portable or permanent cleaning tank, the sleeve is cleaned according to the maintenance schedule.

The UV Sensor incorporates a photodiode that gathers UV light from the lamp underneath the sensor. The light is then converted into an analog signal displayed in mW/cm² at the Operator Interface in the SCC.

The UV Sensor is inserted into a special sensor sleeve domed at one end and open and flared at the sensor end.

The whole sensor-sleeve assembly is sealed using o-rings and standard sleeve nuts to prevent water from entering the sensor sleeve.

The sleeve end that is opposite of the UV Sensor is supported by a special bracket. The sensor end is mounted on the module leg using a sensor support and a clamping bracket.

The power cord for the UV Sensor extends from the end of the sensor, routes up through the module leg light lock, and follows along a groove on the bottom of the module enclosure. The sensor cord plugs into a receptacle, labeled UVD (for UV Detection), located on the Power Distribution Center (PDC).

The receptacle is connected to an analog input on the Communications Controller Board (CCB) in the PDC. The UV Sensor is operated as a two-wire 4-20mA current loop transmitter. The 4-20 mA signal is converted in the microcontroller into units of intensity (i.e., mW/cm²) and the resulting value is displayed on the UV Intensity Screen at the Operator Interface in the SCC.



Specifications

Item	Value
Input power	UV Sensor is designed to function with a supply voltage between 15 and 30 VDC
Cable	Twisted pair, shielded
Wavelength	UV Sensor responds only to ultraviolet energy
Storage temperature	-40°F to 176°F
Operating temperature	33°F to 140°F

Maintenance

Remove and Replace UV Sensor

 Remove the Module from the channel. Follow the Removing and Disconnecting the Module from the System procedure found in the UV Module Chapter. 2. Remove the Drive Bar. Follow the Disconnect Wiper Drive Bar procedure found in the ActiClean™ Cleaning System chapter.

Note:

For some installations, removing the Wiper Drive Bar to replace the UV Sensor will not be necessary. Assess your system to determine if adequate space is available.

3. If the Drive Bar has not been removed, release the Sensor Canister from the Drive Bar by centering the canister lug in the Drive Bar slot. Gently pull the Drive Bar away from canister to release.



4. Place drip tray under Wiper System. Disconnect the tubing.



Slide cable with plastic bushing and strain relief through module light lock until completely free from module.



6. Loosen screws on sleeve bracket at the end opposite of the sensor.



7. Disassemble the 4 hex head screws.



- **8.** Slide sensor assembly inwards to clear module leg and then swing out and slide outwards to allow for further disassembly.
- 9. Undo sleeve nut.

Note:

Wiper Canister can remain on Quartz Sleeve while replacing UV Sensor.

10. Slide sensor assembly out from sensor sleeve. Remove rubber washer seated at the bottom of the sensor sleeve.



11. Undo 2 set screws and remove clamping piece from sensor assembly. DO NOT disassemble any further.



12. Ensure inside of sensor sleeve is clean. If the UV Sensor has become soiled, gently clean the quartz optics with alcohol and then reinstall UV Sensor.



16. Tighten screws on sleeve bracket at the opposite end.



13. Place rubber washer on replacement UV Sensor. Insert replacement UV Sensor into sleeve, making sure all sealing surfaces are clean and undamaged.



- **14.** Use Anti-seize on sleeve nut. Ensure sleeve nut and all screws are tightened properly.
- **15.** Ensure that the detector on the UV Sensor is facing the lamp below the sensor.

Note:

On 3" spacing modules the sensor is equally spaced from the two adjacent lamps. On 3.5" & 4" spacing modules the sensor is positioned closer to the lamp below.



17. Slide cable with bushing and strain relief through module light lock. Tighten strain relief on plastic bushing.



- 18. If the Wiper Drive Bar was not removed, procede to the next step. If the Drive Bar was removed, follow the Reconnect Wiper Drive Bar procedure found in the ActiClean™ Cleaning System chapter.
- 19. If the Drive Bar has been reconnected, procede to the next step. If not, center the Canister lug with the Drive Bar slot. Centering the lug in the slot will allow enough clearance to pass the lug through the hole.
- 20. Reconnect UV Sensor Wiper Canister tubing.
- **21.** Top up the Wiper System. Follow the Fill Wiper System procedure found in this Chapter.
- **22.** Clean off any hydraulic residue and/or ActiCleanTM gel from the Quartz Sleeves, Wiper Canisters and module legs.
- 23. Return the Module to the channel by following the Reinsert Module into the Channel (Reconnect Module Power and Hydraulics) procedure found in the UV Module Chapter.
- 24. Return Wiping System to park position.



Chapter 8

WATER LEVEL CONTROL







8 Water Level Control	8-1
8.1 WEIRS	8-1
Description	8-1
Specifications	
Maintenance	





8 WATER LEVEL CONTROL

8.1 Weirs

Description

In most TrojanUV3000Plus[™] applications, a weir is used to control the water level.

To achieve proper disinfection, the top of the weir is set at an elevation to control the depth of water above the top lamp. The weir height ensures the lamps will remain submerged in zero or low flow conditions. The Healdsburg, CA project weir is set to an elevation of 97.05' creating a weir height of 30.6".

The headloss associated with a fixed weir is dependent on the length of the weir plate. The shorter the weir plate, the greater the headloss or depth of water over the weir for a given flow. The Healdsburg, CA is a Trapezoidal style serpentine weir and has an overall crest length of 527". This weir length will provide proper effluent levels to allow for disinfection for up to peak flows of 4 MGD.

As effluent depth increases over the weir plate downstream of the UV system, effluent depth upstream of the reactor increases a corresponding amount. Therefore, when using a fixed weir, the hydraulic capacity of the plant upstream of the reactor must be considered under peak flow conditions.

Specifications

Item	Value
Weir	stainless steel. fabrication.
	A drain is usually installed at the bottom of the weir to completely empty the channel if required.

Maintenance



The crest of the weir should be inspected periodically.

If necessary, a high-pressure spray can be used to remove algae or other build-up on the weir.





Chapter 9

$\mathsf{ACTICLEAN}^\mathsf{TM}$ $\mathsf{CLEANING}$ SYSTEM – (ACS)







9 ActiClean [™] Cleaning System (ACS)	9-1
9.1 WIPER SYSTEM	9-1
Description	9-1
Specifications	
Cleaning Agent	
Operation	
9.2 ACTICLEAN™ CLEANING SYSTEM (ACS)	
Cleaning Agent	9-4
Operation	9-4
To Manually extend (EXT) or retract (RET) all Wipers in a Bank	
To manually initiate a complete wipe sequence (SEQ)	9-5
To Set for Automatic Cleaning (REMOTE)	9-5
9.3 MAINTENANCE	9-6
Drain Wiper System	9-6
Fill Wiper System	
9.4 WIPER CANISTER MAINTENANCE/REMOVAL	9-8
Remove and Replace Wiper Seal	9-8
Disconnect Wiper Drive Bar	
Disconnect Wiper Drive Bar	9-12
Reconnect the Wiper Drive Bar	
Grease the Hydraulic Cleaning Cylinder	
Remove and Replace Hydraulic Hoses	9-15
Apply Rust Inhibitor (Safegard M1)	
9.5 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM CENTER (HSC)	9-17
Description	9-17



Trojan<mark>UV3000Plus[™] Operations & Maintenance</mark> 9-iv

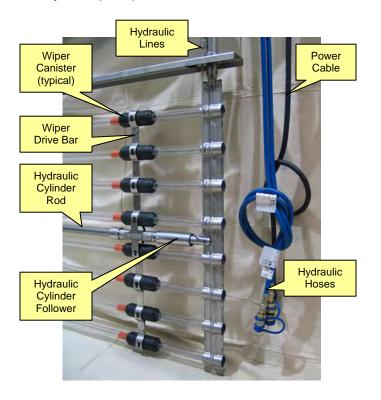


9 ACTICLEAN™ CLEANING SYSTEM (ACS)

9.1 Wiper System

Description

The Trojan UV3000TMPlus uses the patented magnetically coupled submersible Wiper Drive to clean the Lamp sleeves. This Wiper Drive is hydraulically actuated, fully automatic and programmable using the System Control Center (SCC). The Hydraulic System Center (HSC) contains the pump and associated equipment needed to drive the ActiCleanTM Cleaning System (ACS).



Sleeve cleaning is achieved by:

- the mechanical scraping action of the Wiper Canister seals, and
- the chemical action of the cleaning agent within the Wiper Canister.

When a wiping sequence is initiated (either automatically or manually) all the Modules in the Bank are cleaned at once.

Each Module is fitted with a magnetically coupled submersible Wiper Drive. Hydraulic fluid is used within the enclosed rod to push an internal piston in both directions along the rod.

Magnets on the internal piston couple with magnets on the follower. The follower fits like a sleeve over the rod. As the internal piston in the rod is hydraulically pushed, the magnetic follower follows on the outside of the rod.

The Wiper Drive Bar is attached to the Hydraulic Cylinder. The Drive Bar also connects to the Wiper Canisters around each Lamp sleeve. As the Hydraulic Cylinder advances along the Module, it pulls the Drive Bar and Wiper Canisters along. The hydraulic fluid in the rod can be pushed in either direction to achieve a Wiper extend or Wiper retract function along the Module's length.

The Wiper Canisters are filled with a cleaning agent, which is in contact with the Lamp sleeve between the two Wiper Seals. The combined mechanical and chemical wiping of the sleeves effectively cleans the sleeves while they are submersed in the channel.

Specifications

Item	Value
Canister	Plastic Molded
Bar	Stamped Stainless Steel
Wiper Drive	Stainless Steel 290 PSI rated





Cleaning Agent

Only Trojan ActiCleanTM Gel is recommended as a cleaning agent. Specifications are listed in the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) Appendix.

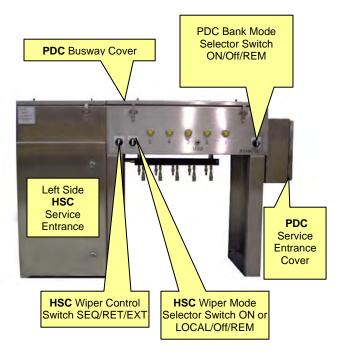
Trojan ActiClean[™] Gel is required to remove hard water scale. Other commercially available cleaning agents are not recommended. Some ingredients in other cleaning chemicals may react with UV and form a coating on the sleeve that is difficult to remove and will impair UV Transmittance.

Note:

ActiClean™ Gel should be stored in a tightly sealed container located in a warm, dry environment. This environment should be between 32°F-122°F. If gel freezes, discard and replace

Operation

For automatic cleaning, the system operates in the Remote Automatic Mode and cleaning occurs at preset intervals determined by the programmed settings in the SCC.



Each HSC has two selector switches (each with 3-positions) on the side of the PDC. There is always one Wiper Control switch and one Wiper Mode Selector switch.

The automatic wiping sequence is typically initiated once a day or as a maximum every 12 hours. However, depending on the wastewater characteristics, the interval between cleaning events can be adjusted at the SCC.

For testing, or troubleshooting, it may be necessary to manually extend or retract the Wipers in a Bank.

Note:

The cleaning system will operate whether or not the Lamps for the Bank are energized.



9.2 ActiClean™ Cleaning System (ACS)

The ActiClean™ Cleaning System (ACS) uses a patented submersible wiper drive to clean the lamp sleeves while they remain submersed in the channel and disinfection continues. The wiper drive is hydraulically actuated by the HSC and programmed through the System Control Center (SCC).

Cleaning of UV lamp sleeves is achieved by the following:

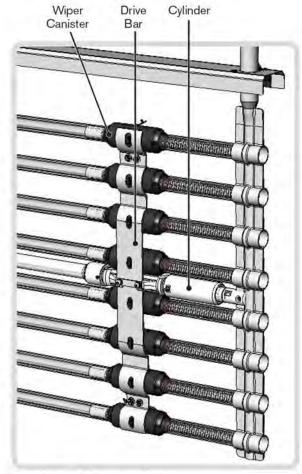
- The mechanical scraping action of the wiper canister seals
- The chemical cleaning action of the agent within the wiper canisters

The HSC pumps hydraulic fluid to manifolds resting below the PDC(s). Extend and retract hoses from each module are plugged into the manifold to complete the hydraulic loop.

Each module is fitted with a magnetically coupled submersible wiper drive. Hydraulic fluid is used within the enclosed rod to push an internal piston in both directions along the rod. Magnets on the internal piston couple with magnets on the wiper drive cylinder, which fits like a sleeve over the rod. As the internal piston in the rod is hydraulically pushed, the magnetic wiper drive cylinder follows on the outside of the rod.

The wiper drive cylinder is attached to a Wiper Drive Bar, which is connected to the wiper canisters filled with a cleaning agent. As the wiper drive advances along the module, the wiper canisters are pulled along and the cleaning agent comes in contact with the lamp sleeve between the two wiper seals.

The combined mechanical and chemical wiping of the lamp sleeves effectively cleans the lamp sleeves while they remain submersed in the channel.



ActiClean™ Cleaning System

In remote mode, the ACS is controlled by the SCC which implements the cleaning cycle to all connected banks and then repeats the cycle at regular time intervals pre-selected by the operator. The ACS wiping sequence can be manually initiated from the SCC.



Specifications:	Value
Item	value
Canister	Plastic Molded
Bar	Stamped Stainless Steel
Wiper Drive	Stainless Steel 290 PSI (2000 kPa) rated
Cylinder	316 SST. Magnetically Coupled Hydraulic Actuated Cylinder

The ACS can also be manually controlled by moving the Wiper Mode Selector switch on the HSC to LOC (local) mode. Placing the Wiper Control switch in the SEQ (sequence) position will initiate the cleaning cycle one bank at a time. The RET (return) and EXT (extend) positions are used primarily for performing maintenance checks on the wiper system.

Cleaning Agent

Only Trojan ActiClean™ Gel is recommended as a cleaning agent. Specifications are listed in the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) Chapter.

Trojan ActiClean™ Gel is required to remove hard water scale. Other commercially available cleaning agents are not recommended. Some ingredients in other cleaning chemicals may react with UV and form a coating on the sleeve that is difficult to remove and will impair UV Transmittance.

Note:

ActiClean™ Gel should be stored in a tightly sealed container located in a warm, dry environment. This environment should be between 32°F-122°F. If gel freezes, discard and replace

Operation

For automatic cleaning, the system operates in the Remote Automatic Mode and cleaning occurs at preset intervals determined by the programmed settings in the SCC.

Each UV system has at least two selector switches (each with 3-positions) on the side of the HSC. There is always one Wiper Control switch on the top and there can be between one to eight Wiper Mode Selector switches below. As one HSC is capable of providing automatic cleaning for a maximum of eight Banks and each Bank of Lamps has its own Wiper Mode Selector switch, there can be up to eight Wiper Mode Selector switches.

The automatic wiping sequence is typically initiated once a day or as a maximum every 2 hours. However, depending on the wastewater characteristics, the interval between cleaning events can be adjusted at the SCC.

For testing, or troubleshooting, it may be necessary to manually extend or retract the Wipers in a Bank.

Note:	The cleaning system will operate whether or not the Lamps for the Bank are energized.
Note:	Lamps must be fully submerged before initiating a wipe cycle. Operation of the ACS without the lamps fully submerged may result in
	damage to the ACS system.



To Manually extend (EXT) or retract (RET) all Wipers in a Bank

Move the Wiper Mode Selector switch to OFF position



2. Set Wiper Control switch to EXT or RET position depending on which direction you want Wiper to move.

Note:

In Remote Automatic Mode (when Wiper Mode Selector switch is turned to REM) all the Modules in the Bank are cleaned simultaneously.

For automatic cleaning to occur while in Remote Automatic Mode, ensure the Wiper Control switch is set to RET.

- Move Wiper Mode Selector switch to the LOCAL position to initiate stroke for that Bank.
- **4.** When complete, return Wiper Mode Selector switch to OFF.



Note:

If more than one Bank needs to be cleaned manually, the Banks will be cleaned in the order in which the Wiper Mode Selector switches are moved to the LOC or ON position.

To manually initiate a complete wipe sequence (SEQ)

- **5.** Move Wiper Mode Selector switch for all Banks into the OFF position.
- 6. Set Wiper Control switch to SEQ position.
- **7.** Move Wiper Mode Selector switch for Bank requiring cleaning to the LOCAL position.

The wiping mechanism will now fully extend, rest at the opposite side until wiping timer has expired (approx. 120 seconds for complete traverse), and then fully retract (within 130 seconds) to home position.

8. When the wipe sequence is complete, return the Wiper Mode Selector switch to OFF.

To Set for Automatic Cleaning (REMOTE)

- Set Wiper Control switch to RET for home position.
- **2.** Set Wiper Mode Selector switch to REMOTE for remote SCC wiper control.
- **3.** HSC will be operated by automatic control...



Wiper Control Switch (RET/EXT/SEQ)



Wiper Mode Selector Switches (OFF/REMOTE/LOCAL)



9.3 Maintenance

A regular inspection of the Wipers and sleeves is recommended for early detection of possible cleaning problems. Dirty sleeves will inhibit the amount of UV light that can enter the wastewater and possibly compromise disinfection. Refer to Regular Maintenance Requirements in the Log Book Appendix for maintenance frequencies.

Note:

If draining the Wiper System for Winterization, follow this procedure then refer to the Winterization of the Cleaning System procedure found in the Start Up and Shut Down chapter of this manual.



WARNING

Wear Protective Gloves!

Always wear protective gloves when working on equipment.



WARNING

Wear UV Resistant Face Shield! Always wear goggles or face shield when working with lamps or sleeves to protect against cuts in the event of breakage.

Drain Wiper System

- Remove the Module from the channel. Follow the Removing and Disconnecting the Module from the System procedure found in the UV Module Chapter.
- 2. Place a bucket underneath wiping system to



catch Trojan ActiClean™ Gel.

3. Disconnect the bottom Quartz Sleeve Nut, slide sleeve back and unplug the Lamp.



CAUTION

Wet sleeve before sliding through Wiper Canister.

- 4. Slowly slide the Quartz Sleeve and Lamp out of the Module Leg, then through the bottom Wiper Canister until the sleeve is completely removed. Store sleeve and lamp in a safe location to prevent breakage.
- Open the top Wiper Filler Plug to facilitate drainage and drain spent Trojan ActiCleanTM Gel into bucket.





6. Once the Wiper System has been completely drained, inspect the bottom Canister for residue or debris. Clean with potable water if necessary or if preparing the system for winterization.



CAUTION

Use only warm water to rinse the inside of the wiper canister. Other cleaning agents may affect UV transmittance through the sleeve.

- 7. Slide the Quartz Sleeve and Lamp back through the Wiper Canister and Mocule Leg. Plug in the Lamp and reconnect the Quartz Sleeve with the Sleeve Cup. Tighten and secure the Sleeve Cup.
- 8. If the Module is being prepared for winterization, proceed to the Winterization of Cleaning System procedure in the Start Up and Shut Down Chapter. If not preparing for winterization, proceed to the Fill the Wiper System procedure found in this chapter.

Note:

If a sleeve breaks, the cleaning agent will need to be topped up.

If the bottom sleeve breaks the entire system will have to be refilled.

If a middle or top sleeve breaks, the system will only need to be topped up to replace the fluid that was lost.

Fill Wiper System

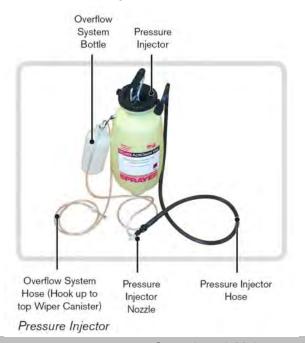
- Use the Pressure Injector with Overflow System as provided in the Operators Kit to fill the Wiper System as the following steps describe.
- Open Wiper Filler Plug of the top canister. Insert the Overflow System Hose into the filler plug hole.
- Insert the Pressure Injector Nozzle into the bottom canister filler plug hole. The Cut-out in the wiper bar provides access to the canister



from the front. Ensure that the Overflow System Clamp is closed.



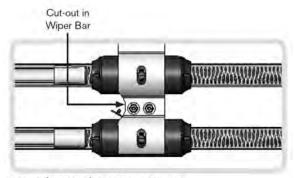
- **4.** Fill until the gel overflows out the top of the filler plug hole, into the Overflow System Bottle.
- 5. When finished filling, open the Overflow System Clamp at the bottom Wiper Canister to allow trapped pressure and excess gel to empty into the overflow bottle.
- **6.** Slowly remove the Overflow System Hose from the top filler plug hole.





ActiClean[™] Cleaning System (ACS)

- 7. Wipe away excess gel from around the top Wiper Filler Plug and close by firmly pushing the plug end into the hole until it snaps together.
- **8.** Remove the Pressure Injector Nozzle slowly from bottom canister filler plug hole to relieve pressure.
- 9. Wipe away excess gel from around bottom canister filler plug and close by firmly pushing the plug end into the hole until it snaps together.
- 10. Ensure all surfaces are free from excess gel.
- 11. If no other Module maintenance is required, return the Module to the channel. Follow the Installing and Reconnecting the Module to the System procedure found in the UV Module Chapter.



Front (Bottom) of Wiper System

9.4 Wiper Canister Maintenance/Removal

Remove and Replace Wiper Seal

Tools Required:

Cap Removal Tool, Small Slotted Screw Driver, 3/16" Allen Key.



- Disconnect Module power and hydraulic lines at PDC. Follow the Removing and Disconnecting the Module from the System procedure found in the UV Module Chapter
- **2.** Drain the Wiper System. Follow the Drain Wiper System procedure found in this Chapter.



CAUTION

Ensure all inner parts of Wiper Canister are reinserted in the proper orientation. Failure to do so will result in an incomplete seal.

- **3.** Disconnect the tubing between the Wiper Canisters.
- **4.** Disconnect the Wiper Canister from the Drive Bar. Follow either Step **4a** or **4b** for each Wiper Canister that will be removed:

4a. Top and Bottom Wiper Canisters:

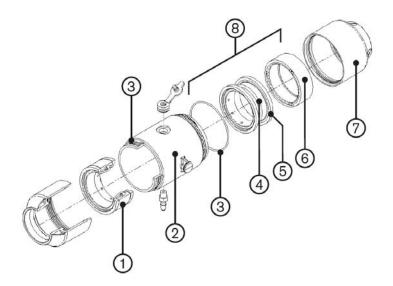
Loosen the top or bottom bracket nuts. Bracket will slide away to release the canister.



Carefully rotate the canister and center the canister lug within its drive bar slot. Proceed to Step #5 to remove Quartz Sleeve and wiper canister.



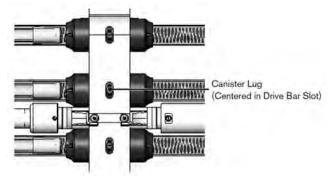




- 1 Wiper Seal (Assembly)
- 2 Canister Body
- 3 O-Ring
- 4 Wiper Seal Spring
- (5) Wiper Seal
- (6) Seal Spacer
- (7) Endcap
- (8) Wiper Seal (Exploded)

4b. Middle Wiper Canisters:

Release all middle canisters by centering each canister lug within its Drive Bar slot. Proceed to Step #5 to remove Quartz Sleeve and wiper canister.



- Remove the Quartz Sleeve. Disconnect the Sleeve Nut, slide sleeve back and unplug the Lamp.
- **6.** Slowly slide the Quartz Sleeve with wiper canister attached out of the Module Leg.
- 7. Carefully detach gel hoses between canisters.
- **8.** Slide the Wiper Canister off the domed end of the Quartz Sleeve over a bucket to catch any

remaining. Ensure the length of the sleeve is supported.

Note:

When removing any inner Canister parts, replace all inner parts included in seal replacement kit for each Canister.

9. Store the lamp and Quartz Sleeve in a secure location to prevent breakage.



CAUTION

Wet the sleeve before sliding it through Module leg.

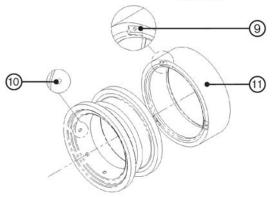
Wet the sleeve before sliding Wiper Canister off.

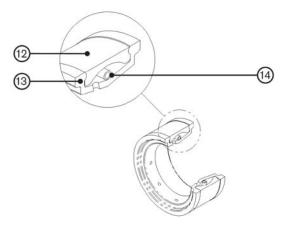
- 10. Clean canister with warm water.
- **11.** Unscrew the endcap from the body using the end cap tool and 3/16" Allen head tool.
- **12.** Remove seal assembly from the endcap.
- 13. Insert a small screw driver under the O-ring to remove it from the Canister Body. Discard the O-ring. Repeat for other O-ring.



- 14. Rinse inside of the End Caps and Canister Body to ensure the inside of each is free of debris.
- 15. Stretch a new O-ring over the threads of each end of the Canister Body. Ensure the O-rings are not rolled or twisted and that they fit in each Canister Body groove.
- 16. Slip the Tension Spring and Seal Spacer over

Ensure Mold Injection Mark (9) and Wiper Seal Vents (10) are on the same side when assembled.





Wiper Seal Orientation

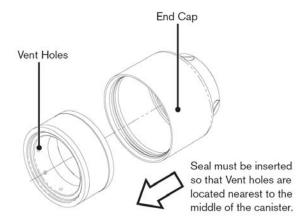
- Mold Injection Mark
- 10 Wiper Seal Vent (Typ.)
- (11) Seal Spacer
- 12 Seal Spacer
- (13) Wiper Seal
- (14) Tension Spring





the Wiper Seal by folding the Wiper Seal slightly. Ensure the vent holes and mold insertion marks face the canister body – see image of *Wiper Seal Orientation*.

- **17.** Install the Wiper Seal with Spring into Seal Spacer to form the Seal Assembly.
- 18. Lubricate Seal ends with soapy water.
- **19.** Slide new Seal Assembly into each End Cap. Ensure Wiper Seal vent holes face out of cap. See image *Wiper Seal Cap Orientation*.
- 20. Thread on Cap Assembly by hand tightening until resistance is felt. Do not over tighten Caps



Wiper Seal Cap Orientation - Vent Holes

21. Using Cap Tool finish tightening cap by turning tool clockwise until it bottoms out.





CAUTION

Do not over tighten End Cap to Canister Body.

22. Reinstall the Canister back onto the drive bar assembly. Follow Step 22a for Top and Bottom Canisters, or Step 22b for Middle Wiper Canisters.

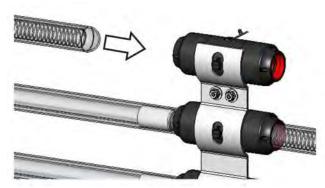
22a. Top and Bottom Wiper Canisters:



CAUTION

Ensure Canister Lug is locked into Drive Bar Slot before installing the Quartz Sleeve.

Slide the top or bottom bracket away from the Canister. Slide canister in between wiper bar and bracket.



Slide the Quartz Sleeve and Lamp through the Wiper Canister and Module Leg. Plug in the Lamp and reconnect the Quartz Sleeve with the Sleeve Cup. Tighten and secure the Sleeve Cup Nut. Inspect tubing for damage or wear and tear and replace as required. Reconnect the canister tubing.

Once the sleeve is installed, slide the top or bottom bracket against the back of the canister. Tighten the bracket nuts to lock the canister lug into place making sure the canister lug is centered within the drive bar slot. Once tight, ensure canister slides

freely in the slot.

22b. Middle Wiper Canisters:

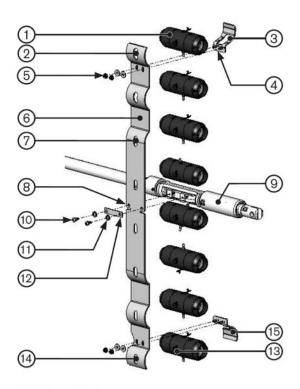
- Center each Canister lug with its Drive Bar slot.
- Inspect tubing for damage or wear and tear and replace as required. Reconnect the canister tubing.

Ensure canister lug is in slot before installing the sleeve. Connected hose will hold canister in place. Slide the Quartz Sleeve and Lamp back through the Wiper Canister and Module Leg. Plug in the Lamp and reconnect the Quartz Sleeve with the Sleeve Cup. Tighten and secure the Sleeve Cup.

- **23.** Refill the Wiper System. Follow the Fill Wiper System procedure found in this Chapter.
- 24. Return the Module to the channel. Follow the Installing and Reconnecting the Module to the System procedure found in the UV Module Chapter.



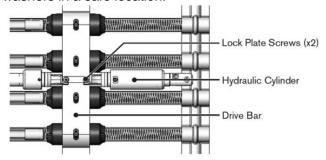




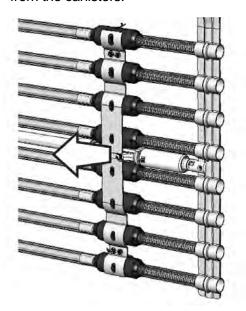
- 1 Wiper Canister
- 2 Top Slot
- 3 Bracket (Upper)
- 4 Bracket Screws
- (5) Bracket Nuts
- (6) Drive Bar
- (7) Slot (Typ.)
- (8) Drive Bar Mount
- 9 Hydraulic Cylinder
- (10) Lock Plate Screws
- (11) Lock Plate Washers
- (12) Lock Plate
- (13) Canister Lug (Typ.)
- (14) Bottom Slot
- (5) Bracket (Lower)

Disconnect Wiper Drive Bar

- Loosen the Wiper Drive Bar top (3) and bottom bracket(15). Brackets will slide away from canisters (note: brackets will be trapped by the hose)
- 2. Align all middle canister lugs with Drive Bar slots.
- 3. Remove the lock plate (12), screws (10) and washers (11) to release the Drive Bar from the Hydraulic Cylinder. Save the plate, screws and washers in a safe location.



- **4.** Remove bracket (Upper and Lower) by removing the bracket nuts.
- **5.** Remove the Drive Bar by gently pulling it away from the canisters.





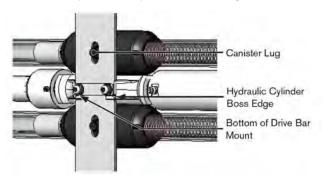
Reconnect the Wiper Drive Bar



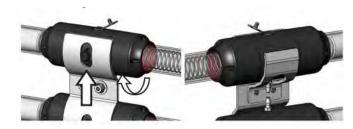
CAUTION

Ensure all canister lugs face the Drive Bar side of the module before lining up the Drive Bar with the canisters.

- Insert Drive Bar top slot onto the top canister lug by sliding back the bracket and rotating the lug into the slot.
- Drop the Drive Bar Down and align all the middle and bottom canisters with the Drive Bar slots.
- **3.** Pre-align the bottom of the Drive Bar Mount with the Hydraulic Cylinder boss edge.



- **4.** For Sensor Module Only: Once the Drive Bar Mount and each Canister lug is aligned, rotate the bottom canister lug into the clearance hole behind the bracket.
- **5.** Ensure the Drive Bar Mount is still aligned with the Hydraulic Cylinder boss edge.
- **6.** Apply Blue Loctite to lock plate screws.
- **7.** Refasten the lock plate, screws and washers. Torque lock plate screws to 40 in. lbs.
- 8. Slide the Quartz Sleeve and Lamp through the Wiper Canister and Module Leg. Once the sleeve is installed, slide the top or bottom bracket against the back of the canister. Tighten the bracket nuts to lock the canister lug into place making sure the canister lug is centered within the drive bar slot. Once tight, ensure canister slides freely in the slot.



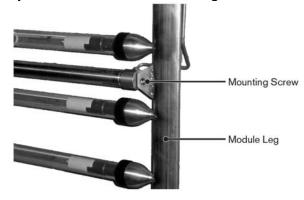
Remove and Replace Hydraulic Cleaning Cylinder

- Remove the Module from the channel. Follow the Removing and Disconnecting the Module from the System procedure found in the UV Module Chapter.
- Place drip tray under hydraulic line connections.
- **3.** Remove the Drive Bar. Follow the Disconnect Wiper Drive Bar procedure found in this chapter.
- **4.** Disconnect the tubing between canisters on either side of the Hydraulic Cylinder.

Note:

Disconnecting the tubing between canisters is not always necessary. Tubing only needs to be disconnected if it will provide easier access to the Hydraulic Cylinder for removal.

- Disconnect the steel hydraulic lines from either end of the Hydraulic Cylinder. Pull away to drain into drip tray.
- **6.** Remove screws securing the Hydraulic Cylinder to each of the Module legs.





8. Apply Blue Loctite to all screws.

order.

9. Install the new Hydraulic Cylinder onto the

10. If tubing between Wiper Canisters was not

canisters. Top up Wiper System gel as required. Follow the Fill Wiper System procedure found in this chapter.

11. Reconnect the Hydraulic Cylinder and the

Bar procedure found in this chapter.

12. Clean off any hydraulic residue and/or

Wiper Canisters and module legs. 13. Top up hydraulic fluid in HSC as required.

Drive Bar. Follow the Reconnect Wiper Drive

Follow the Add Hydraulic Fluid or Flushing and

Installing and Reconnecting the Module to the

ActiClean™ gel from the Quartz Sleeves,

Filling Hydraulic Fluid instructions in this

14. Return the Module to the channel. Follow the

System procedure found in the UV Module

Module leg by following steps 5-7 in reverse

disconnected, proceed to next step. Otherwise, replace and reconnect tubing between the

ActiClean[™] Cleaning System (ACS)

7. Carefully remove the Hydraulic Cylinder by hole. Old grease will be grey whereas new pushing the open end away from the Module grease is white. and sliding the slot end out of the frame.



- **4.** Wipe off excessive grease.
- 5. Replace vent screw. Do not over tighten.
- **6.** Return the Module to the channel. Follow the Installing and Reconnecting the Module to the System procedure found in the UV Module Chapter.

Hydraulic Cylinders must be greased

Grease the Hydraulic Cleaning Cylinder

Tools Required:

Chapter for full details.

-Grease Gun

Chapter.

- -Biodegradable Grease (Provided with Kit)
- 1. Remove the Module from the channel. Follow the Removing and Disconnecting the Module from the System procedure found in the UV Module Chapter.
- 2. Remove the vent screw from the Hydraulic Cylinder with the Allen key provided. Retain screw.
- 3. Grease the Hydraulic Cylinder, using the grease gun containing supplied grease (both provided in the grease kit) through the nipple until new clean grease squirts out of the vent

Note:

every 6 months. For seasonal disinfection sites, every

time the system is removed from the channel or shut down for winter maintenance, the actuators have to be filled up with grease.

Note:

Use only Jet Lube biodegradable grease in cylinder



Remove and Replace Hydraulic Hoses

- Remove the Module from the channel. Follow the Removing and Disconnecting the Module from the System procedure found in the UV Module Chapter.
- **2.** Place a pail for oil drainage under appropriate connection end.



WARNING

Wear UV Resistant Face Shield! Always wear goggles or face shield when working with lamps or sleeves to protect against cuts in the event of breakage.

3. Remove or all four (4) T - Clamps on the underside of the Module Enclosure by loosening the T-Clamp nut till it reaches the end of the stud. Pull down the T-Clamp and twist to clear the hose. Leave the Clamp Assembly attached to prevent lose of parts.



4. Gently pull the hoses down from the underside of the Module Enclosure along the entire



Module length.

5. Place ½" wrench on the adaptor nut and hold rigid. Undo hose swivel nut with 9/16" wrench.





- **6.** Slowly detach the hose. Take care not to damage threads, and ensure that no pressure is trapped in the hose.
- 7. Allow the drip tray to catch all oil.



- Detach existing hose coupler from the existing hose if one is not provided on the new hose assembly.
- **9.** Transfer existing coupler to new hose assembly if new coupler is not provided.
- **10.** Apply pipe sealant to new hose fittings. Finger tighten coupler until snug and tighten 1 (one) additional turn with wrench.
- To reinstall the new hose assembly finger tighten the hose swivel nut onto adaptor.
 Wiggle hose if necessary to ensure alignment.



12. Hold the adaptor and tighten the hose swivel nut until it seats, tighten an additional ¼ turn.



13. Re-route and press fit hose back into slot on underside of Module Enclosure.



- **14.** Twist T-Clamps back into position and tighten the nut.
- 15. Ensure all connections are tight and hose is clamped into the underside of the Module Enclosure (hose must be pushed into Module grooves for proper clearance and to reduce pinching of hose).
- 16. Ensure hoses are not kinked, twisted or bent and ensure adequate slack while hoses are in use.
- **17.** Remove oil residue from Module and work surface.
- **18.** Repeat previous procedures for remaining Module hoses.
- 19. When all hoses have been replaced, return the Module to the channel. Follow the Installing and Reconnecting the Module to the System procedure found in the UV Module Chapter.

TrojanUV3000Plus[™]



Apply Rust Inhibitor (Safegard M1)

To prolong the quick disconnect hydraulic fittings useful life, Trojan recommends that a water based coating be applied to these fittings. Components should be sprayed every six months to prevent corrosion.

- **1.** Identify components to be coated (Hydraulic Components)
- **2.** Prior to application, clean components with clean potable water spray.
- Let components dry before applying rust inhibitor. Ensure that all components are connected (as in normal operation) before spraying to prevent the ends of the hydraulic quick disconnects from being contaminated.
- **4.** Replace the bottle cap with spray head supplied, and spray components until components are wet.
- **5.** Let components dry for 24 hours.
- 6. Repeat the process every 6 months.

Additional information about the SAFEGARD M1 and distributors in your area can be found on the manufacturer's website or through distributors such as McMaster Carr.

http://www.sanchem.com/ http://www.mcmaster.com/

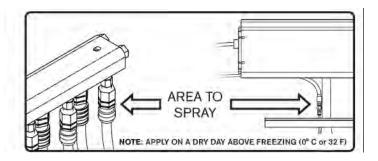
Note:

If product thickens, dilute with clear potable water, shake and apply.

Note:

Apply on a dry day above freezing (32F)

For more details refer to product bulletin 07-PB3P-00



9.5 Hydraulic System Center (HSC)

Description

The wiper drive on the ACS is hydraulically actuated using hydraulic fluid pumped from the HSC.

For a details on the operation and maintenance of the HSC refer to the Combined PDC/HSC Chapter of this O+M Manual.

APPENDIX F

UV System Performance Testing Protocol and Matrix



February 11, 2009

Jeff Naff Overaa Construction 340 Foreman Lane Healdsburg, Ca 95448 Ph: 510-234-0926

Subject: Performance Test Results on the Trojan UV3000+ at Healdsburg California WWTP

Jeff

This letter is intended to summarize the test results on the Trojan Technologies UV3000+ UV Disinfection system at the Healdsburg California Wastewater Treatment Plant.

The Performance test was conducted by Overaa Construction. UV system operating conditions during the performance test were collected through the Healdsburg plant SCADA system. Water samples were taken by composite sampler and the water samples were analyzed by Alpha Analytical Laboratories Inc. 208 Mason St. Ukiah, CA 95482.

Included with this letter is Table 1 – Healdsburg California Performance Test Data Summary Sheet – February 11, 2009. This table summarizes all data and laboratory results provided to Trojan Technologies for the performance testing. The table only includes data taken when the Trojan UVsystem was operated within the performance requirements of section 11300 2.3 of the specification.

From the data included in Table 1, the effluent (post UV) results for total coliform from the performance test indicate:

Median: Non-detect

Maximum:

The Trojan Technologies UV3000+ UV Disinfection system at the Healdsburg California Wastewater Treatment Plant meets the performance requirements for UV Effluent limits as specified in specification section 11300 2.3 B UV Effluent Limits.

Sincerely,

Carl McDonald

Municipal Project Manager

Trojan Technologies

	Table 1 - He	aldsburg C		_					11, 2009		,			
			Bank A	Bank A	Bank B	Bank B	Bank C	Bank C						
			On/Off	Lamp	On/Off	Lamp	ON/Off	Lamp	Cleaning					
DateTime	Flow	Flow	Status	Hours	Status	hours	Status	Hours	Time	Dose	Transmittance	UV Influent		UV Effluent
1									1			Total		Total
									(Minutes			Coliform		Coliform
		l							to next			(MPN/100	TSS	(MPN/100
<u> </u>	(gpm)	(MGD)							clean)	mW-Sec/cm^2	- %	mL)	(mg/L)	mL)
10/20/08 8:00 AM	676.10	0.97	ON	4401	OFF	361	OFF	936	1033	102.57	74.8	2.0	ND	ND
10/20/08 11:00 AM	1807.89	2.60	ON	4404	OFF	361	OFF	936	852	83	74.6	2.0	ND	ND
10/21/08 8:00 AM	349.83	0.50	ON	4425	OFF	361	OFF	936	1032	119.35	74.7	2.0	1.0	NĎ
10/21/08 11:00 AM	1391.23	2.00	ON	4428	OFF	361	OFF	936	852	82.09	74.4	4.0	1.0	. ND
10/22/08 8:00 AM	688.52	0.99	ON	4449	OFF	361	OFF	936	1032	100.61	74.3	8.0	ND	ND
10/22/08 11:00 AM	1080.60	1.56	ON	4452	OFF	361	OFF	936	852	84.25	74.7	ND	1.2	ND
10/23/08 8:00 AM	0.00	0.00	ON	4473	OFF	361	OFF	936	1032	159.54	75.5	4.0	ND	ND
10/23/08 11:00 AM	1477.39	2.13	ON	4476	OFF	361	OFF	936	852	85.6	74.1	900.0	ND	ND
10/24/08 8:00 AM	683.06	0.98	ON	4497	OFF	361	OFF	936	1032	99.53	74.1	4.0	1.2	ND
10/24/08 11:00 AM	1348.03	1.94	ON	4500	OFF	361	OFF	936	852	83.43	73.9	4.0	2.3	ND
10/27/08 8:00 AM	608.56	0.88	ON	4569	OFF	361	OFF	936	1032	107.98	74.2	ND	2.8	ND
10/27/08 11:00 AM	1375.59	1.98	ON	4572	OFF	361	OFF	936	852	113.78	74.1	ND	ND	ND
10/28/08 8:00 AM	668.41	0.96	ON	4593	OFF	361	OFF	936	1032	153.38	74.5	2.0	1.6	ND
10/28/08 11:00 AM	1156.33	1.67	ON	4596	OFF	361	OFF	936	852	113.54	74.1	ND	2.1	ND
10/29/08 8:00 AM	364.72	0.53	ON	4617	OFF	375	OFF	950	1032	118.72	74.6	ND	1.4	ND
10/29/08 11:00 AM	1221.64	1.76	ON	4620	OFF	375	OFF	950	852	81.95	74.5	ND	2.0	ND
10/30/08 8:00 AM	636.87	0.92	ON	4641	OFF	375	OFF	950	1032	110.22	74.7	ND	1.4	ND
10/30/08 11:00 AM	1148.39	1.65	ON	4644	OFF	375	OFF	950	852	83.65	74.5	ND	2.0	ND
10/31/08 8:00 AM	746.87	1.08	ON	4665	OFF	375	OFF	950	1032	97.28	75.2	2.0	ND	ND
10/31/08 11:00 AM	833.03	1.20	ON	4668	OFF	375	OFF	950	852	98.62	74.5	ND	ND	ND
11/3/08 8:00 AM	937.82	1.35	ON	4737	OFF	398	OFF	952	972	83.53	72.1	7.0	ND	ND
11/3/08 11:00 AM	1086.06	1.56	ON	4740	OFF	398	OFF	952	792	84.24	73.1	2.0	ND	ND
11/4/08 8:00 AM	1191.34	1.72	ON	4761	OFF	403	OFF	952	972	82.77	72.2	2.0	1.0	ND
11/4/08 11:00 AM	1596.09	2.30	ON	4764	OFF	405	OFF	952	792	93.97	72.2	7.0	ND	ND
11/5/08 8:00 AM	543.75	0.78	ON	4785	OFF	405	OFF	952	972	141.25	72.4	2.0	ND	ND
11/5/08 11:00 AM	1488.82	2.14	ON	4788	OFF	405	OFF	952	792	85.4	72.8	ND	ND	ND
11/6/08 8:00 AM	643.57	0.93	ON	4809	OFF	405	OFF	952	972	94.21	74.1	ND	ND	ND
11/6/08 11:00 AM	1376.08	1.98	ON	4812	OFF	405	OFF	952	792	80	74.3	50.0	ND	ND
11/7/08 8:00 AM	913.98	1.32	ON	4833	OFF	405	OFF	952	972	85.83	74.9	2.0	ND	ND
11/7/08 11:00 AM	899.08	1.29	ON	4836	OFF	405	OFF	952	792	90.6	75	4.0	ND	ND
11/10/08 8:00 AM	689.51	0.99	ON	4905	OFF	405	OFF	952	972	103.74	75.1	6.0	1.0	ND
11/10/08 11:00 AM	1503.96	2.17	ON	4908	OFF	405	OFF	952	792	81.46	75	2.0	ND.	ND
11/11/08 8:00 AM	352.31	0.51	ON	4929	OFF	405	OFF	952	972	133.44	75.2	2.0	2.0	ND
11/11/08 11:00 AM	1421.28	2.05	ON	4932	OFF	405	OFF	952	792	86.18	74.8	30.0	1.0	ND
11/12/08 8:00 AM	684.30	0.99	ON	4953	OFF	405	OFF	952	972	100.53	74.3	ND	ND	ND
11/12/08 11:00 AM	1502.97	2.16	ON	4956	OFF	405	OFF	952	792	80.04	74	7.0	ND	ND
11/13/08 8:00 AM	536.06	0.77	ON	4977	OFF	405	OFF	952	972	118.23	74.5	2.0	1.0	ND
11/13/08 11:00 AM	514.70	0.74	ON	4980	OFF	405	OFF	952	792	148.14	74.3	13.0	ND	4.0
11/14/08 8:00 AM	549.71	0.79	ON	5001	OFF	406	OFF	952	972	110.12	74.8	ND	1.9	ND
11/14/08 11:00 AM	1013.31	1.46	ON	5004	OFF	406	OFF	952	792	80.83	73.9	17.0	1.0	ND
12/8/08 8:30 AM	15.35	0.02	ON	5574	ON	436	OFF	978	943	292.48	73.2	300.0	1.0	9.0
12/9/08 8:30 AM	2246.41	3.23	ON	5598	ON	436	OFF	978	943	151.09	73.5	300.0		ND
1/13/09 10:13 AM	2718.9	3.92	ON	6430	ON	520	OFF	316	343	131.03	71.9	2.0	1.0	2.0
1/13/09 10:13 AM	2188.6	3.15	ON	6430	ON	520	OFF				71.9	2.0	1.0	2.0
1/13/09 10:28 AM	2416	3.48	ON	6431	ON	520	OFF	<u> </u>	—		72.5	2.0	1.0	2.0
	2766.4	3.48	ON	6434	ON	520	OFF			 		-		2.0
1/13/09 2:06 PM	2448	3.53	ON			522	OFF			 	72.3 72.2	2.0	1.0	2.0
1/13/09 2:22 PM	2448	3.35	UN	6434	ON	222	Utt	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	2.0	1.0	2.0

Median ND Max 9.0

APPENDIX G

Process Monitoring Alarms

PROCESS MONITOR ALARM SUMMARY

Headworks

- Coarse screen fail
- Coarse screen conveyor fail
- Fine screen fail
- Fine screen conveyor fail
- Grit system fail
- Grit washer fail

NPW Pumping

- Pump fail
- Low pressure
- High pressure
- Wet well high level

Extended air process

- Pre-anoxic basin 1 mixer fail
- Pre-anoxic basin 1 mixer fail
- Pre-anoxic basin 2 mixer fail
- Pre-anoxic basin 2 mixer fail
- Influent return pump fail
- Anoxic basin 1a mixer fail
- Anoxic basin 1b mixer fail
- Anoxic basin 2a mixer fail
- Anoxic basin 2b mixer fail
- Recycle pump 1 fail

- Recycle pump 2 fail
- Scum pump 1 fail
- Scum pump 2 fail
- Scum wetwell high level
- Aeration air blower 1 fail
- Aeration air blower 2 fail
- Aeration air blower 3 fail
- Aeration air blower 4 fail

UV Disinfection system

- Lamp failure, identified by bank, module and lamp address
- Low UV intensity
- Multiple lamp failure
- Module communication alarm
- High temperature alarm
- Low water level alarm

Centrifuge dewatering system

- Centrifuge system general alarm
- Sludge screw conveyor stop
- Sludge feed pump stop
- Polymer feed pump stop
- Diverter gate failure, closed
- High torque
- Centrifuge cover open
- Low differential speed

• Centrifuge bowl overspeed

Plant drain system

- Plant drain pump 1 fail
- Plant drain pump 2 fail
- Plant drain wetwell high level

Equalization storage system

- Equalization pump 1 fail
- Equalization pump 2 fail
- Equalization wetwell high level
- Stormwater pump fail
- Stormwater wetwell high level
- Standby generator fail

Client: City of Healdsburg Location: Healdsburg, CA

Project No.: 42251 Revision: 0 Date: 6-Aug-07



Alarm No.	Tag No.	Description	Warning	Cell Shutdown	CIP Hold	Delay	setpoint	Units	Notes		
Alarm 00		Plant Shutdown Occurred									
Alarm 01		Emergency Stop Button	YES	YES							
Alarm 02	204-ZCV-XXX	Limit Switch Open Failure		YES	YES	>3 sec			Valve failure typical for all		
Alarm 03	204-ZCV-XXX	Limit Switch Close Failure		YES	YES	>3 sec			Valve failure typical for all		
Alarm 04	204-FCV-X01 204-FP-150	Air Scour Valve Failure		YES		5 sec			Valve failure typical for all		
Alarm 05 Alarm 06	204-FP-150	Filtrate Pump Failed To Run Filtrate Pump Failed To Stop		YES YES		5 sec 5 sec					
Alarm 07		Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 08		Filtrate Pump Speed Fail		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 09	204-FP-250	Filtrate Pump Failed To Run		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 10		Filtrate Pump Failed To Stop		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 11		Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 12		Filtrate Pump Speed Fail		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 13	204-FP-350	Filtrate Pump Failed To Run		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 14		Filtrate Pump Failed To Stop		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 15 Alarm 16		Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown Filtrate Pump Speed Fail		YES YES		5 sec 5 sec					
Alarm 17	204-FP-450	Filtrate Pump Failed To Run		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 18	20411 400	Filtrate Pump Failed To Stop		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 19		Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 20		Filtrate Pump Speed Fail		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 21	204-FP-550	Filtrate Pump Failed To Run		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 22		Filtrate Pump Failed To Stop		YES		5 sec	ļ	ļ			
Alarm 23		Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec					
Alarm 24	005 10 100	Filtrate Pump Speed Fail	.,	YES		5 sec					
Alarm 25	205-AC-160	Air Compressor, Fail	Yes Yes						Start other compressor		
Alarm 26 Alarm 27	205-AC-260 204-PSH-104	Air Compressor MF Filtrate Pump, High Pressure (Filtrate mode)	Yes	YES			20	PSI	Start other compressor Shutdown Filtrate Pump		
Alarm 28	204-PSH-204	MF Filtrate Pump, High Pressure (Filtrate mode)		YES			20	PSI	Shutdown Filtrate Pump		
Alarm 29	204-PSH-304	MF Filtrate Pump, High Pressure (Filtrate mode)		YES			20	PSI	Shutdown Filtrate Pump		
Alarm 30	204-PSH-404	MF Filtrate Pump, High Pressure (Filtrate mode)		YES			20	PSI	Shutdown Filtrate Pump		
Alarm 31	204-PSH-504	MF Filtrate Pump, High Pressure (Filtrate mode)		YES			20	PSI	Shutdown Filtrate Pump		
Alarm 32	204-PSH-105	MF Filtrate Pump, High Pressure (MC, CIP, SIP mode)		YES	YES		9	PSI	Shutdown Filtrate Pump		
Alarm 33	204-PSH-205	MF Filtrate Pump, High Pressure (MC, CIP, SIP mode)		YES	YES		9	PSI	Shutdown Filtrate Pump		
Alarm 34	204-PSH-305	MF Filtrate Pump, High Pressure (MC, CIP, SIP mode)		YES	YES		9	PSI	Shutdown Filtrate Pump		
Alarm 35	204-PSH-405	MF Filtrate Pump, High Pressure (MC, CIP, SIP mode)		YES	YES		9	PSI	Shutdown Filtrate Pump		
Alarm 36 Alarm 37	204-PSH-505 205-PSL-061	MF Filtrate Pump, High Pressure (MC, CIP, SIP mode)	YES	YES	YES		9 60	PSI PSI	Shutdown Filtrate Pump		
Alarm 38	205-PSL-062	Pressure Switch, MF Compressed Air Receiver Pressure Switch, MF Compressed Air Instrument Line	YES				60	PSI	+		
Alarm 39	205-PSL-063	Pressure Switch, MF Compressed Air Test Line	YES				10	PSI	Close Solenoid 204-XY-X11		
Alarm 40	204-LSH-001	MOS Tank Level High, High, High		YES					Shut down entire MOS System		
Alarm 41	204-LSH-110	Filtrate Prime Failure 1	YES			30 sec			•		
Alarm 42		Filtrate Prime Failure 2	YES			30 sec					
Alarm 43		Filtrate Prime Failure 3		YES		30 sec					
Alarm 44	204-LSH-210	Filtrate Prime Failure 1	YES			30 sec					
Alarm 45		Filtrate Prime Failure 2	YES	\/50		30 sec					
Alarm 46	204-LSH-310	Filtrate Prime Failure 3	YES	YES		30 sec					
Alarm 47 Alarm 48	204-LSH-310	Filtrate Prime Failure 1 Filtrate Prime Failure 2	YES	+		30 sec 30 sec	1	1	1		
Alarm 49		Filtrate Prime Failure 3	IES	YES		30 sec	1	 	1		
Alarm 50	204-LSH-410	Filtrate Prime Failure 1	YES			30 sec	1	1			
Alarm 51		Filtrate Prime Failure 2	YES			30 sec	İ	İ			
Alarm 52		Filtrate Prime Failure 3		YES		30 sec		<u> </u>			
Alarm 53	204-LSH-510	Filtrate Prime Failure 1	YES			30 sec					
Alarm 54		Filtrate Prime Failure 2	YES			30 sec					
Alarm 55		Filtrate Prime Failure 3		YES		30 sec	<u> </u>				
Alarm 56	204-LSL-102	MOS Tank Level Low, Low	+	YES		60sec	1	 	Stop filtration		
Alarm 57 Alarm 58	204-LSL-202 204-LSL-302	MOS Tank Level Low, Low MOS Tank Level Low, Low	+	YES YES		60sec 60sec	1	-	Stop filtration Stop filtration		
Alarm 58 Alarm 59	204-LSL-302 204-LSL-402	MOS Tank Level Low, Low MOS Tank Level Low, Low	+	YES		60sec	1	1	Stop filtration Stop filtration		
Alarm 60	204-LSL-502	MOS Tank Level Low, Low	+	YES		60sec	1	 	Stop filtration		
Alarm 61	204-LT-102	MOS Tank Level High, High		YES		0000	115	inches			
Alarm 62		MOS Tank Level Low	1	YES		60sec	<104	inches	Stop filtration		
Alarm 63	204-LT-202	MOS Tank Level High, High		YES			115	inches			
Alarm 64		MOS Tank Level Low		YES		60sec	<104	inches	Stop filtration		
Alarm 65	204-LT-302	MOS Tank Level High, High		YES			115	inches			
Alarm 66		MOS Tank Level Low		YES		60sec	<104	inches	Stop filtration		
Alarm 67	204-LT-402	MOS Tank Level High, High		YES			115	inches			
Alarm 68	20417 502	MOS Tank Level Low	+	YES		60sec	<104	inches	Stop filtration		
Alarm 69	204-LT-502	MOS Tank Level Low	+	YES YES		60sec	115 <104	inches	Stop filtration		
Alarm 70		MOS Tank Level Low	l	YES	ı	bUSEC	<104	inches	Stop filtration		

Client: City of Healdsburg Location: Healdsburg, CA

Project No.: 42251 Revision: 0 Date: 6-Aug-07



									4
Alarm No.	Tag No.	Description	Warning	Cell Shutdown	CIP Hold	Delay	setpoint	Units	Notes
Alarm 71	203-LSH-150	Acception Desire Level High High	YES				VV		Plant Alarm
Alarm 71 Alarm 72	203-LSH-150 203-LSH-250	Aeration Basin Level High, High Aeration Basin Level High, High	YES				XX		Plant Alarm Plant Alarm
Alarm 73	203-L3H-250 203-LT-150	Aeration Basin Level High, High	YES				XX		Place Cell off line / Stop Filtration
Alarm 74	200 ET 100	Aeration Basin Level Low, Low	120	YES			XX		Shut down entire MOS System
Alarm 75		Aeration Basin Level High	YES				XX		Place another Cell cell online
Alarm 76	203-LT-250	Aeration Basin Level Low	YES				XX		Place Cell off line / Stop Filtration
Alarm 77		Aeration Basin Level Low, Low		YES			XX		Shut down entire MOS System
Alarm 78		Aeration Basin Level High	YES			_	XX		Place another Cell cell online
Alarm 79	203-MFP-100	Feed Pump Failed To Run		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 80 Alarm 81		Feed Pump Failed To Stop Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown		YES YES		5 sec	_		Shutdown 1 Cell Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 82	203-MFP-200	Feed Pump Failed To Run		YES		5 sec 5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 83	200 WII I 200	Feed Pump Failed To Stop		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 84		Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 85	203-MFP-300	Feed Pump Failed To Run		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 86		Feed Pump Failed To Stop		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 87		Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 88	203-MFP-400	Feed Pump Failed To Run		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 89		Feed Pump Failed To Stop Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown		YES YES		5 sec	_		Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 90 Alarm 91	203-MFP-500	Feed Pump Failed To Run		YES		5 sec 5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 92	203-1011 1 -300	Feed Pump Failed To Stop		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 93		Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 94	203-MFP-600	Feed Pump Failed To Run		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 95		Feed Pump Failed To Stop		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 96		Filtrate Pump General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 1 Cell
Alarm 97	250-BLWR-500	Air Scour Blower Failed To Run		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 2 Cells
Alarm 98		Air Scour Blower Failed To Stop		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 2 Cells
Alarm 99	250-BLWR-600	Air Scour Blower General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 2 Cells
Alarm 100 Alarm 101	250-BLVVK-000	Air Scour Blower Failed To Run Air Scour Blower Failed To Stop		YES YES		5 sec 5 sec			Shutdown 2 Cells Shutdown 2 Cells
Alarm 102		Air Scour Blower Failed 10 Stop Air Scour Blower General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 2 Cells
Alarm 103	250-BLWR-700	Air Scour Blower Failed To Run		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 2 Cells
Alarm 104		Air Scour Blower Failed To Stop		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 2 Cells
Alarm 105		Air Scour Blower General Drive Shutdown		YES		5 sec			Shutdown 2 Cells
Alarm 106	204-FIT-100	ML Feed Flow, Low	YES				2112	GPM	
Alarm 107		ML Feed Flow, Low, Extended		YES		8 hrs	2112	GPM	
Alarm 108	004 FIT 000	ML Feed Flow, Low, Low	7.50	YES		60 sec	2050	GPM	
Alarm 109 Alarm 110	204-FIT-200	ML Feed Flow, Low ML Feed Flow, Low, Extended	YES	YES		8 hrs	2112 2112	GPM GPM	
Alarm 111		ML Feed Flow, Low, Extended ML Feed Flow, Low, Low		YES		60 sec	2050	GPM	
Alarm 112	204-FIT-300	ML Feed Flow, Low	YES	ILO		00 360	2112	GPM	
Alarm 113	201111 000	ML Feed Flow, Low, Extended	.20	YES		8 hrs	2112	GPM	
Alarm 114		ML Feed Flow, Low, Low		YES		60 sec	2050	GPM	İ
Alarm 115	204-FIT-400	ML Feed Flow, Low	YES				2112	GPM	
Alarm 116		ML Feed Flow, Low, Extended		YES		8 hrs	2112	GPM	
Alarm 117		ML Feed Flow, Low, Low	=-	YES		60 sec	2050	GPM	
Alarm 118	204-FIT-500	ML Feed Flow, Low	YES	V/F0		0.1	2112	GPM	
Alarm 119 Alarm 120		ML Feed Flow, Low, Extended ML Feed Flow, Low, Low		YES YES		8 hrs 60 sec	2112 2050	GPM GPM	
Alarm 121	204-FIT-106	Filtrate Flow, No Flow		YES		00 Sec	<70	GPM	
Alarm 122	204111 100	Filtrate Flow, Low	YES	120			<80	GPM	
Alarm 123		Filtrate Flow, High	YES	1		8hrs	600	GPM	
Alarm 124		Filtrate Recirculation Flow, Low	YES		YES	60 sec	.9 * 595	GPM	For MC/CIP/SIP only
Alarm 125		Filtrate MC/Backwash Flow, High	YES		YES	60 sec	1.1 * 595	GPM	
Alarm 126	204-FIT-206	Filtrate Flow, No Flow		YES			<70	GPM	
Alarm 127		Filtrate Flow, Low	YES	+		6:	<80	GPM	
Alarm 128		Filtrate Flow, High	YES		VEO	8hrs	600	GPM	For MC/CID/CID
Alarm 129 Alarm 130		Filtrate Recirculation Flow, Low Filtrate MC/Backwash Flow, High	YES YES		YES YES	60 sec 60 sec	.9 * 595 1.1 * 595	GPM GPM	For MC/CIP/SIP only
Alarm 130 Alarm 131	204-FIT-306	Filtrate MC/Backwash Flow, High	TES	YES	150	ou sec	1.1 ° 595 <70	GPM	1
Alarm 132	207111-000	Filtrate Flow, No Flow	YES	120			<80	GPM	+
Alarm 133		Filtrate Flow, High	YES	1		8hrs	600	GPM	
Alarm 134		Filtrate Recirculation Flow, Low	YES		YES	60 sec	.9 * 595	GPM	For MC/CIP/SIP only
Alarm 135		Filtrate MC/Backwash Flow, High	YES		YES	60 sec	1.1 * 595	GPM	
Alarm 136	204-FIT-406	Filtrate Flow, No Flow		YES			<70	GPM	
Alarm 137		Filtrate Flow, Low	YES				<80	GPM	
Alarm 138		Filtrate Flow, High	YES	1		8hrs	600	GPM	
Alarm 139		Filtrate Recirculation Flow, Low	YES	+	YES	60 sec	.9 * 595	GPM	For MC/CIP/SIP only
Alarm 140 Alarm 141	204-FIT-506	Filtrate MC/Backwash Flow, High	YES	VEO	YES	60 sec	1.1 * 595	GPM	+
ridIII 141	∠∪4-୮11-5∪6	Filtrate Flow, No Flow		YES		I	<70	GPM	1

Client: City of Healdsburg Location: Healdsburg, CA

Project No.: 42251 Revision: 0 Date: 6-Aug-07



								7	
Alarm No.	Tag No.	Description	Warning	Cell Shutdown	CIP Hold	Delay	setpoint	Units	Notes
Alarm 142		Filtrate Flow, Low	YES				<80	GPM	
Alarm 143		Filtrate Flow, High	YES			8hrs	600	GPM	
Alarm 144		Filtrate Recirculation Flow, Low	YES		YES	60 sec	.9 * 595	GPM	For MC/CIP/SIP only
Alarm 145		Filtrate MC/Backwash Flow, High	YES		YES	60 sec	1.1 * 595	GPM	
Alarm 146	204-FIT-015	Filtrate Effluent Flow, Low	YES				<300	GPM	
Alarm 147	204-FIT-101	Air Scour Flow, Low	YES			30 sec	.9*813	SCFM	
Alarm 148		Air Scour Flow, Low Continued	7.50	YES		60 sec	.9*813	SCFM	
Alarm 149		Air Scour Flow, High	YES	V/50		30 sec	1.1*813	SCFM SCFM	
Alarm 150	204-FIT-201	Air Scour Flow, High Continued	YES	YES		60 sec	1.1*813 .9*813	SCFM	
Alarm 151	204-F11-201	Air Scour Flow, Low Air Scour Flow, Low Continued	YES	YES		30 sec	.9*813	SCFM	
Alarm 152 Alarm 153		Air Scour Flow, Low Continued Air Scour Flow, High	YES	TES		60 sec 30 sec	1.1*813	SCFM	
Alarm 154		Air Scour Flow, High Continued	IES	YES		60 sec	1.1*813	SCFM	
Alarm 155	204-FIT-301	Air Scour Flow, Low	YES	123		30 sec	.9*813	SCFM	
Alarm 156	204-111-301	Air Scour Flow, Low Continued	TES	YES		60 sec	.9*813	SCFM	
Alarm 157		Air Scour Flow, High	YES	120		30 sec	1.1*813	SCFM	
Alarm 158		Air Scour Flow, High Continued		YES		60 sec	1.1*813	SCFM	
Alarm 159	204-FIT-401	Air Scour Flow, Low	YES	120		30 sec	.9*813	SCFM	
Alarm 160		Air Scour Flow, Low Continued		YES		60 sec	.9*813	SCFM	
Alarm 161		Air Scour Flow, High	YES			30 sec	1.1*813	SCFM	
Alarm 162		Air Scour Flow, High Continued		YES		60 sec	1.1*813	SCFM	
Alarm 163	204-FIT-501	Air Scour Flow, Low	YES			30 sec	.9*813	SCFM	
Alarm 164		Air Scour Flow, Low Continued		YES		60 sec	.9*813	SCFM	
Alarm 165		Air Scour Flow, High	YES			30 sec	1.1*813	SCFM	
Alarm 166		Air Scour Flow, High Continued		YES		60 sec	1.1*813	SCFM	
Alarm 167	204-PIT-103	TMP High	YES			30 sec	6.5 @ ADF	psi	
Alarm 168		TMP High Continued	YES			3 hrs	6.5 @ ADF	psi	Cell goes into standby
Alarm 169		TMP High, High		YES		15 sec	7.5 @ADF	psi	CIP Required
Alarm 170		TMP High, High		YES		15 sec	9	psi	CIP Required
Alarm 171	004 BIT 000	TMP High Rate of TMP Rise	7.50	YES			0.15 / day	psi	Call Factory
Alarm 172	204-PIT-203	TMP High	YES			30 sec	6.5 @ ADF	psi	0 " "
Alarm 173		TMP High Continued	YES	YES		3 hrs	6.5 @ ADF 7.5 @ADF	psi	Cell goes into standby
Alarm 174 Alarm 175		TMP High, High TMP High, High, High		YES		15 sec 15 sec	7.5 @ADF	psi	CIP Required CIP Required
Alarm 176		TMP High Rate of TMP Rise		YES		13 Sec	0.15 / day	psi psi	Call Factory
Alarm 177	204-PIT-303	TMP High	YES	123		30 sec	6.5 @ ADF	psi	Call I actory
Alarm 178	204111 000	TMP High Continued	YES	+		3 hrs	6.5 @ ADF	psi	Cell goes into standby
Alarm 179		TMP High, High		YES		15 sec	7.5 @ADF	psi	CIP Required
Alarm 180		TMP High, High, High		YES		15 sec	9	psi	CIP Required
Alarm 181		TMP High Rate of TMP Rise		YES			0.15 / day	psi	Call Factory
Alarm 182	204-PIT-403	TMP High	YES			30 sec	6.5 @ ADF	psi	•
Alarm 183		TMP High Continued	YES			3 hrs	6.5 @ ADF	psi	Cell goes into standby
Alarm 184		TMP High, High		YES		15 sec	7.5 @ADF	psi	CIP Required
Alarm 185		TMP High, High, High		YES		15 sec	9	psi	CIP Required
Alarm 186		TMP High Rate of TMP Rise		YES			0.15 / day	psi	Call Factory
Alarm 187	204-PIT-503	TMP High	YES			30 sec	6.5 @ ADF	psi	
Alarm 188		TMP High Continued	YES			3 hrs	6.5 @ ADF	psi	Cell goes into standby
Alarm 189		TMP High, High		YES		15 sec	7.5 @ADF	psi	CIP Required
Alarm 190		TMP High, High, High		YES		15 sec	9	psi	CIP Required
Alarm 191	005 DIT 050	TMP High Rate of TMP Rise		YES			0.15 / day	psi	Call Factory
Alarm 192	205-PIT-050	Air Scour Blower Pressure, High		YES			5.7	psi	Shut down entire MOS System
Alarm 193	00F DIT 000	Air Scour Blower Pressure, Low	7/50	YES		40	4	psi	Shut down entire MOS System
Alarm 194	205-PIT-060	Compressed Air Pressure, Low	YES	VEO		10 sec	60	psi	Object design and a MOO Occasion
Alarm 195 Alarm 196	204-TIT-014	Compressed Air Pressure, Low, Low Filtrate Temperature, High	YES	YES		10 sec 10 sec	50 > 95	psi deg F	Shut down entire MOS System
Alarm 196 Alarm 197	204-111-014 205-TIT-050	Air Scour Blower Temperature, High	TES	YES	+	TO Sec	> 95 XX	deg F	Shut down entire MOS System
Alarm 198	205-111-050 204-AE-107	Turbidity, High	YES	IEO		5 sec	0.2	NTU	Gridi down entire ivios system
Alarm 199	404-4E-101	Turbidity, High 4 hrs	YES			4 hrs	0.2	NTU	Recirculation
Alarm 200		Turbidity, High 12 hrs	120	YES	+	12 hrs	0.2	NTU	
Alarm 201		Turbidity, High, High	YES	1		5 sec	0.5	NTU	Recirculation
Alarm 202		Turbidity, High, High, 1 hr		YES		1 hrs	0.5	NTU	
Alarm 203	204-AE-207	Turbidity, High	YES			5 sec	0.2	NTU	
Alarm 204	-	Turbidity, High 4 hrs	YES			4 hrs	0.2	NTU	Recirculation
Alarm 205		Turbidity, High 12 hrs	-	YES		12 hrs	0.2	NTU	
Alarm 206		Turbidity, High, High	YES			5 sec	0.5	NTU	Recirculation
Alarm 207		Turbidity, High, High, 1 hr		YES		1 hrs	0.5	NTU	
Alarm 208	204-AE-307	Turbidity, High	YES			5 sec	0.2	NTU	
Alarm 209		Turbidity, High 4 hrs	YES			4 hrs	0.2	NTU	Recirculation
Alarm 210		Turbidity, High 12 hrs		YES		12 hrs	0.2	NTU	
Alarm 211		Turbidity, High, High	YES			5 sec	0.5	NTU	Recirculation
Alarm 212		Turbidity, High, High, 1 hr		YES		1 hrs	0.5	NTU	

Client: City of Healdsburg Location: Healdsburg, CA

Project No.: 42251 Revision: 0 Date: 6-Aug-07



Alarm No.	Tag No.	Description	Warning	Cell Shutdown	CIP Hold	Delay	setpoint	Units	Notes
Alarm 213	204-AE-407	Turbidity, High	YES			5 sec	0.2	NTU	
Alarm 214		Turbidity, High 4 hrs	YES			4 hrs	0.2	NTU	Recirculation
Alarm 215		Turbidity, High 12 hrs		YES		12 hrs	0.2	NTU	
Alarm 216		Turbidity, High, High	YES			5 sec	0.5	NTU	Recirculation
Alarm 217		Turbidity, High, High, 1 hr		YES		1 hrs	0.5	NTU	
Alarm 218	204-AE-507	Turbidity, High	YES			5 sec	0.2	NTU	
Alarm 219		Turbidity, High 4 hrs	YES			4 hrs	0.2	NTU	Recirculation
Alarm 220		Turbidity, High 12 hrs		YES		12 hrs	0.2	NTU	
Alarm 221		Turbidity, High, High	YES			5 sec	0.5	NTU	Recirculation
Alarm 222		Turbidity, High, High, 1 hr		YES		1 hrs	0.5	NTU	

APPENDIX H

Recycled Water User Agreements

AGREEMENT FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF RECYCLED WATER (METERED SERVICE)

This Agreement is made and entered into in Healdsburg, California, as of

this day of, 20, between the City of Healdsburg, a municipal corporation (City), and (User), and provides as follows:
RECITALS:
A. City owns and operates a wastewater treatment plant at 340 Foremen Lane in Healdsburg, Sonoma County, California, which is within the jurisdiction of the North Coast Region of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board ("Regional Board"). City collects and treats wastewater, and either discharges treated wastewater to the Basalt Pond, or will recycle treated wastewater generated within City's service area for irrigation purposes.
B. User owns approximately acres of land in Sonoma County, California, more particularly described in Exhibit "A" attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference, which land has been improved with vineyard plantings (the "Property").
C. City intends to recycle treated wastewater as a means of reducing the amount of wastewater being discharged into the Basalt Pond.
D. City is authorized to sell Recycled Water, pursuant to Order adopted by the Regional Board on, together with all attachments thereto (all collectively referred to as "the Order"), a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "B", and is incorporated herein.
E. User desires to purchase Recycled Water from City to be used and applied only in such ways as are specifically permitted pursuant to the Order.
F. City agrees to sell to User, and User agrees to purchase from City, Recycled Water on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.
DEFINITIONS:
The following terms shall have the meanings described below:
Agreement means this Agreement for the Purchase and Sale of Recycled Water.
Regional Board or "RWQCB" means the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, North Coast Region.

<u>Check Dams</u> means dams located on User's property and designed to prevent Recycled Water runoff from leaving User's property while under irrigation with Recycled Water (not used).

<u>City</u> means City of Healdsburg, a municipal corporation established pursuant to the laws of the State of California.

Delivery Period means May 15th through September 30th of each year.

<u>Delivery Quantity</u> means those amounts so specified in the Agreement at ___.

Engineer means the City of Healdsburg's City Engineer.

<u>HCF</u> means hundred cubic feet (one HCF = 748 gallons)

<u>Meter Station</u> means control valve and metering station located on User's property, and the point of delivery.

<u>Irrigated Land</u> or <u>Land</u> means property designated by User to be irrigated with Recycled Water in accordance with these Specifications and the Agreement.

<u>Order</u> means all of the following: (a) the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, or successor permit, establishing requirements for the City's discharge of treated wastewater, (b) and, if separate, the Water Reclamation Permit, or successor permit, establishing requirements for reuse of Recycled Water, as may be issued, modified or reissued by the Regional Board or successor governmental entity.

<u>Property</u> means the parcels described in Exhibit A.

<u>Recycled Water</u> means water which, as a result of treatment of wastewater influent to Healdsburg's wastewater treatment facility in accordance with the Order, is suitable for the direct beneficial uses allowable for Disinfected Tertiary Treated Wastewater as defined by Title 22, Division 4 of the California Code of Regulations, Section 60301.

<u>User's Recycled Water System</u> means the facilities and infrastructure installed by User to facilitate the delivery of Recycled Water from City to User.

<u>User</u> means the person or persons using Recycled Water provided by the City pursuant to the Agreement.

<u>Water Reclamation Facility (or "WRF")</u> means the City's wastewater treatment plant located at 340 Foreman Lane, Healdsburg, CA.

AGREEMENT:

1. <u>Term:</u> This Agreement shall become effective on the date first above written and shall remain in effect until _______, 2015, unless otherwise terminated in accordance with Section 12, below. City shall provide a written notice to User of this Agreement's expiration six months in advance of the expiration date. The Parties understand and agree that during the six months preceding the expiration of this Agreement, rates may be adjusted by the City, and this Agreement is subject to re-negotiation and amendment as related to the adjustment of rates.

2. <u>Delivery Quantities, Billing and Payment:</u>

A. Minimum Delivery Quantity: Minimum Delivery Quantity shall be _____ HCF (__ million gallons) for each Delivery Period. The City shall make Minimum Delivery Quantity available to User, subject to Maximum Delivery Rate and all other provisions of the Agreement. User agrees to make reasonable efforts to take Minimum Delivery Quantity during each Delivery Period. If desired by the User, City shall endeavor to provide User with volumes in excess of Minimum Delivery Quantity during Delivery Period, however City is not obligated to provide such additional volumes of Recycled Water. In addition, provided that such deliveries are allowed under the Order, the City may, at its sole discretion, deliver Recycled Water to User outside of Delivery Period.

- B. Maximum Rate of Delivery: Maximum Delivery Rate shall be 550 gallons per minute (gpm).
 - C. Monthly Service Charges: (To be determined)
- D. From the commencement of delivery of Recycled Water through the year ending December 201_, the charges applied to all Recycled Water taken during the Delivery Period shall be as follows:

Total volume taken during Delivery Period, HCF

Less than 50% of Minimum Delivery Quantity: \$3X/HCF >50% to 80% of Minimum Delivery Quantity: \$2X/HCF >80% to 100% of Minimum Delivery Quantity: \$1X/HCF >100% of Minimum Delivery Quantity: \$0/HCF

Total volume taken outside of Delivery Period, HCF

\$1X/HCF

To the extent that the total volume taken during Delivery Period is reduced under circumstances described in Section 6.D, below, the applicable rate per HCF shall be determined as if the reduction had not occurred.

- E. User shall be billed annually and payment shall be due and payable within thirty (30) days of the date of the bill. Interest shall accrue on any amount not paid within thirty (30) days of the date of the bill at the rate of one (1%) percent per month. If User shall fail to pay any amount due within ninety (90) days of the date of a bill therefore, City may at its option suspend deliveries of Recycled Water until the account is brought current.
- F. Beginning January 1, 201_, and each calendar year thereafter during the term of this Agreement, the cost (if costs are incurred; see schedule above) of Recycled Water shall be increased by 3%.

3. Designation of Site Supervisor

- A. User shall designate an individual as User's Site Supervisor who shall be User's coordinator and direct contact person between City and User. User agrees that the Site Supervisor shall be responsible for the proper operation of User's Recycled Water System, implementing the requirements of the Order and this Agreement relative to the onsite use of Recycled Water, monitoring of User's Recycled Water System for prevention of potential hazards, and coordination with City and the regulatory agencies, when necessary. City shall assist in the training of User's Site Supervisor. User shall notify City of the name, position and phone number of User's Site Supervisor at least 60 days prior to startup of User's Recycled Water System and shall promptly inform City of any change of designated Site Supervisor and/or contact information during the term of this Agreement.
- B. The Site Supervisor shall be responsible for the avoidance of cross-connections during the installation, operation and maintenance of the User's pipelines and equipment. The Site Supervisor shall attend a training course, conducted by the City, specific to Recycled Water use, the Order, and prevention of cross-connections.
- C. The Site Supervisor shall communicate no less frequently than quarterly to inform the City of any system modifications, system irregularities, and to verify employee training. Unusual occurrences which cause or threaten to cause any violation of this Agreement shall be promptly communicated to the City.

4. Compliance With Water Quality Control Board Order

A. City and User shall comply with all provisions and requirements of the Order, as it may subsequently be amended. User acknowledges to City that User is aware that the water sold pursuant to this Agreement is Recycled Water to be used for only specified and limited uses, as further described in Section 10, below. User has received a copy of the Order. User is familiar with and understands all of the provisions and requirements contained in the Order and hereby agrees that those provisions and requirements are reasonable. User

covenants and warrants that it shall comply with all the provisions and requirements of the Order and this Agreement in the purchase and use of Recycled Water.

- B. User also shall comply with all of the additional provisions and requirements established by City, in the purchase and use of the Recycled Water, which are set forth in the City's Recycled Water Engineering Report, as further described in Exhibit "C", attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.
- C. User shall use the Recycled Water delivered hereunder only for those uses authorized in the Recycled Water User permit and consistent with the Order and this Agreement, including the requirements of City set forth in Exhibit "C".

5. Quality of Recycled Water Sold

- A. User understands that the Recycled Water that will be delivered to User hereunder has undergone an advanced tertiary treatment process at City's WRF and is commonly referred to as "Unrestricted Use Recycled Water".
- B. The quality of the Recycled Water sold pursuant to this Agreement shall substantially comply with the quality criteria established by the Order, although the Recycled Water's quality may vary within those criteria. City shall test the Recycled Water as required in the Order to ensure that it substantially complies with the quality criteria set forth in the Order. The results of this testing program shall be available to User for its review upon request at any time during City's normal business hours. The results of said tests shall be maintained at City's WRF and may be reviewed or a copy obtained by User by telephoning City. An annual report of the test values shall be sent by mail to User in accordance with annual reporting requirements established in the Order.

Delivery and Availability of Recycled Water; Interruption of Service.

A. City will deliver the Recycled Water to User through a pipeline extension from City's WRF, to the Meter Stations on User's Property shown on Exhibit "A". The Recycled Water shall be delivered to the Meter Stations between 25 and 90 pounds per square inch. City shall be responsible for the installation, operation, maintenance and repair of the pipeline transporting Recycled Water to the Meter Station, and for installation of the Meter Station.

Irrigation equipment downstream of Meter Station(s) on the Property shall be provided, replaced and repaired as necessary by User, at User's discretion. User shall complete all work and shall be responsible for all costs of construction, operation and maintenance of all other modifications and improvements on Users property, which are not the responsibility of the City. Such other modifications include marking and signing required by the Order, e.g.:

- Placing of appropriate signs, to be provided by the City, on the site perimeter that notify User employees and the public of the use of Recycled Water on the site.
- Marking all solenoid valve boxes on the User's Recycled Water System by placing an appropriate purple tag on the existing valve box lid, of by replacing with a new purple lid.
- Repair or replacement of above ground or buried irrigation equipment on User's property and/or located downstream of Meter Stations. Any additional irrigation equipment, or replacement or repair of irrigation equipment, shall be provided by User at User's sole expense.

User acknowledges and understands that City's delivery of Recycled Water during the winter discharge period is subject to the Order and the waste discharge requirements imposed by the Regional Board, as such may be amended from time to time.

- C. User agrees to cooperate with City, at City's request, in the establishment of reasonable and mutually agreeable delivery schedules for the Recycled Water. User recognizes that the requests of various users may overload the capacity of City's WRF and delivery system and that City therefore may need to reduce the rates at which Recycled Water is delivered to the various users from time to time. In the event that the City reduces User's requested rate of delivery, City shall use reasonable efforts to restore the requested rate of delivery as soon as feasible and provide User with that amount of water it would have received had its rate of delivery not been reduced.
- D. City shall use reasonable efforts to ensure that service to User is provided consistent with the established delivery schedules, and User shall use its best efforts to accept Recycled Water as provided herein. However, both parties acknowledge that City's supply and delivery of Recycled Water and User's ability to take delivery of said water may occasionally be interrupted or curtailed due to causes outside of its control, including:
 - acts of God
 - power failures
 - accident
 - fire
 - strikes, riots, war
 - facility failure, facility repairs/improvements
 - actions or decisions by a governmental agency
 - any condition outside of a party's control.

Neither party shall be liable to the other for damages arising out of interruption or curtailment of service for these reasons. Insofar as feasible, the party whose performance hereunder is affected by such condition shall give the

other party at least 72 hours advance notice of a temporary discontinuance or reduction in its delivery (in the case of City) or in its acceptance (in the case of User) of Recycled Water, except in the case of emergency, in which case notice need not be given. In the event of such discontinuance or reduction, the parties shall deliver or accept, as appropriate, upon resumption of service and as nearly as may be feasible, the quantity of Recycled Water that would have been delivered or accepted in the absence of such discontinuance or reduction.

- 7. <u>Measurement of Delivered Recycled Water.</u> All Recycled Water delivered pursuant to this Agreement shall be measured by the City at the Meter Station. City shall own, inspect, operate, maintain, repair and replace the measuring equipment. All determinations relative to the measuring of Recycled Water shall be made by the City. Upon request by User, the accuracy of a measurement shall be investigated by the City and any error appearing therein shall be adjusted. User may inspect such measuring equipment for the purpose of determining the accuracy thereof.
- 8. <u>Monitoring Reports.</u> User shall provide monitoring reports on the form prescribed by the City on a weekly basis or as otherwise required by the City and submit them to City by the fifth (5th) day of each month following the preceding month. Movement of Recycled Water off-site by spray or runoff shall be fully reported by User in such reports, which shall also state what corrective action(s) were taken to prevent such movement from reccurring.
- 9. Record Drawings: Within 30 days of execution of this Agreement, User shall provide City with record drawings showing the complete User's Recycled Water System. Following any onsite modifications and changes to User's Recycled Water System and/or User's potable water systems, User shall provide City with record drawings showing the complete Recycled Water irrigation system and modifications and changes made by User on Irrigated Land. User shall provide City with record drawings each time User modifies or changes User's Recycled Water System on the site during the term of this Agreement. The record drawings shall clearly show the locations of all pipelines, controllers, valves, fountains, buildings, structures, property boundaries, wells and any other features known or considered to be pertinent to or affected by the onsite use of Recycled Water.
- 10. <u>Use of Recycled Water:</u> The conditions and mitigation measures contained in that (cite CEQA documentation), dated ______, 20__ are hereby incorporated into this Agreement. These conditions and mitigation measures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - All Recycled Water delivered by City to User pursuant to this Agreement shall be used only on the Property and only for ____ irrigation purposes.
 - User's use of Recycled Water for _____ irrigation purposes shall be restricted to agronomic rates of application (rates necessary to satisfy plant uptake requirements).

- User's rights to Recycled Water deliveries hereunder are not transferable or assignable. User shall not sell, give, transfer or distribute any of the Recycled Water purchased by it pursuant to this Agreement to any other party for any use, and User shall be the sole party using the Recycled Water.
- 11. <u>Permission to Enter:</u> User hereby grants City, acting through its duly authorized employees, agents, or representatives, reasonable access to User's property for any necessary work associated with this Agreement, including, but not limited to, meter reading, monitoring of Recycled Water use by User, and/or repair of City-owned Meter Station equipment.
 - 12. Reserved.
 - 13. Termination.
- (A) Notice: Should one party breach any of the terms and conditions in this Agreement, written notice of such breach shall be given to the breaching party by the other party. If reasonable steps toward correcting the breaching conditions are not taken within 5 days from such notice, the other party may, in addition to any remedies provided in this Agreement and/or by law, terminate this Agreement on 30 days' written notice to the breaching party.
- (B) <u>Termination</u>: Notwithstanding subsections (A) above, CITY may terminate this Agreement immediately if:
 - (1) CITY, at its sole determination, is or will be unable to deliver properly and adequately treated recycled water to USER for any reason whatsoever for a period greater than 30 days.
 - (2) The RWQCB changes CITY'S discharge requirements for irrigation and CITY determines that it cannot reasonably meet any of the new RWQCB requirements.
 - (3) CITY is ordered to cease delivery of recycled water to USER by a governmental authority.
- 14. User understands and acknowledges that City is not permitted to discharge recycled water during certain times of the year, and will rely on delivery of recycled wastewater to User (and others) to comply with this requirement. Therefore, City is relying on a good-faith performance of User in accepting and using recycled wastewater in accordance with the Order and this Agreement. If User, as reasonably determined by City, fails to accept and dispose of the recycled wastewater as agreed herein, City will suffer irreparable harm and will not be adequately compensated by money damages for said harm. User and City agree that CITY may obtain an injunction compelling specific performance of this Agreement together with such other relief as may be allowed by law. In addition to any other remedy available at law, including without limitation, an order for specific

performance or a prohibitory injunction, City shall be entitled to terminate this Agreement, in its sole discretion and without notice, in the event of a default or material breach of this Agreement by User. Default events shall include, but not be limited to, cessation by User of recycled water irrigation without cause, material violations of the terms and conditions of this Agreement, or actions by User which result directly or indirectly in enforcement actions against the City or User by regulatory agencies.

- 15. <u>Hold Harmless and Indemnification</u>. Each party hereto agrees to protect, indemnify, defend and hold harmless the other party and its directors, officers, employees, agents, successors and assigns from and against any and all actual or potential claims, liabilities, damages, losses, fines, penalties, judgments, awards, costs and expenses (including without limitation reasonable attorneys' fees and costs and all foreseeable, unforeseeable and consequential damages) asserted against, resulting to, imposed upon or incurred by said other party by reason of the first party's breach of any provisions of this Agreement or the Order. This indemnification shall survive the termination of this Agreement.
- 16. <u>Notices.</u> Any notice, action, or demand by either party to the other in connection with this Agreement shall be deemed to have been fully given or made when such notice, action, or demand is written and deposited in a sealed envelope postage prepaid, and addressed as designated below. Either party may change its address by giving the other party written notice of its new address.

City:	City of Healdsburg	User:	
-	Attn: City Engineer		
	401 Grove Street		
	Healdsburg, CA 95448	3	
	O.	MININ TO THE RESERVE THE PERSON TO THE PERSO	

- 17. <u>Entire Agreement.</u> This Agreement shall constitute the entire agreement between the parties relating to the rights granted and obligations assumed in this Agreement. Any oral representations or modifications concerning this Agreement shall be of no force and effect unless contained in a subsequent written modification signed by both parties.
- 18. <u>Amendments.</u> This Agreement may not be amended except by a written instrument that is signed by both parties.
- 19. <u>Interpretation.</u> This Agreement shall be construed, interpreted, and applied according to the laws of the State of California.
- 20. <u>Successors.</u> This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the respective successors and assigns of the parties; provided that User has complied with paragraph 9 hereof.

- 21. <u>Attorneys' Fees.</u> If either party commences an action at law or in equity, arbitration or other proceeding against the other party to enforce or interpret this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover from the losing party reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of such proceeding, in addition to any other amounts which may be awarded.
- 22. <u>Severability.</u> If any clause or provision of the Agreement is or becomes illegal, invalid, or unenforceable because of present or future laws, or any rules or regulations of any governmental body or entity, effective during its term, the intention of the parties is that the remaining parts of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect if the fundamental purpose of the Agreement is not destroyed.
- 23. <u>Covenants Running with the Land.</u> User declares that its covenants and obligations specified in this Agreement constitute covenants running with the land within the meaning of California Civil Code Section 1468, shall benefit the City's WRF, and shall burden the real property described in Exhibit "A" attached.
- 24. <u>Exhibits to this Agreement.</u> Exhibits A, B, C, D, and E are incorporated into this Agreement by this reference in their entirety. They shall be available for inspection in the the Clerk's Office, 401 Grove Street, Healdsburg, California 9448, during regular business hours.

* * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * *	* * *
In Witness Thereof, this Ag above written.	reement is ente	red into as of the date first
City: City of Healdsburg	User:	
By :City Manager	_ By:	
ATTEST:		Print Name and Title
City Clerk		

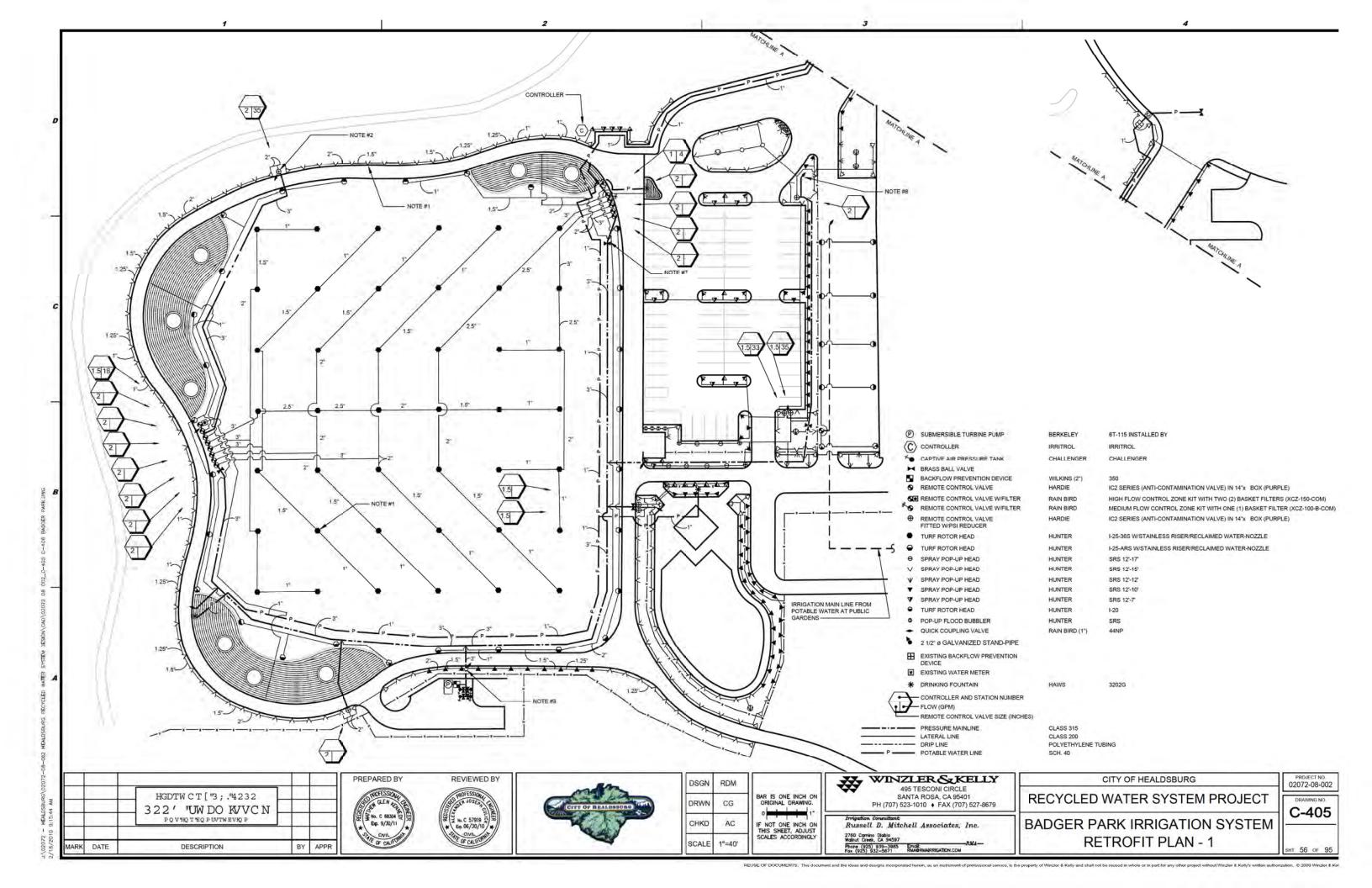
EXHIBITS TO AGREEMENT FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF RECYCLED WATER

(EXHIBITS B, C, D, AND E ARE AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION DURING REGULAR BUSINESS HOURS IN CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, 401 GROVE STREET, HEALDSBURG, CA 95448)

A Description of Land Covered by this Agreement
B RWQCB Order No. ______
C Recycled Water Engineering Report
D Map Showing Delivery Point for Recycled Water
E Memorandum of Agreement

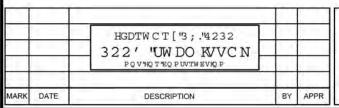
APPENDIX I

Use Area Designs



IRRIGATION NOTES - BADGER PARK

- REPLACE EXISTING HUNTER I-25 AND 12" POP-UP SPRAY COVERS WITH PURPLE COVERS TO DESIGNATE RECYCLED WATER -QUANTITY AS FOLLOWS: 38 HUNTER I-25, 180 12" POP-UP SPRAYS.
- EACH REMOTE CONTROL VALVE SHALL BE TAGGED WITH A RECYCLED WATER IDENTIFICATION TAG WITH THE WORDS, "WARNING-RECYCLED WATER-NOT FOR DRINKING" ON ONE SIDE AND "AVISO-NO ES PARA BEBER" ON THE OTHER. IDENTIFICATION TAGS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY AFFIXED TO THE REMOTE CONTROL VALVE, USE CHRISTY 3" X 4" (MAXI) POLYURETHANE TAGS. APPROXIMATELY 20 TOTAL. VERIFY QUANTITY IN FIELD PRIOR TO PLACING ORDER.
- 3. EXISTING 3" MAIN TO BE CUT AND CAPPED IN BOTH DIRECTIONS. PROVIDE 4 FEET SEPARATELY BETWEEN CAPS, DIMENSION LOCATIONS OF EACH CAP FROM TWO PERMANENT FEATURES ON THE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS.
- CONNECT THE NEW RECYCLED MAIN LINE TO EXISTING 3" PVC IRRIGATION MAIN LINE IN PLAY FIELD, INSTALL A NEW 2" TURBO WATER METER PER CITY STANDARDS (WL 002). THE STATIC WATER PRESSURE WILL BE 61 PSI AND THE REQUIRED FLOW RATE WILL BE 110 GALLONS PER
- REPLACE EXISTING QUICK COUPLING VALVE BOX COVERS WITH PURPLE COVERS. COVER SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STAMPED OR MOLDED WITH THE WORDS, "RECYCLED WATER-DO NOT DRINK." BOXES ARE STANDARD 10" DIAMETER. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY BOX MANUFACTURER FOR PROPER FIT. EACH QUICK COUPLING VALVE SHALL BE TAGGED WITH A RECYCLED WATER IDENTIFICATION TAG WITH THE WORDS, "WARNING-RECYCLED WATER-NOT FOR DRINKING" ON ONE SIDE AND "AVISO-NO ES PARA BEBER" ON THE OTHER. IDENTIFICATION TAGS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY AFFIXED TO THE REMOTE CONTROL VAL USE CHRISTY 3" X 4" (MAXI) POLYURETHANE TAGS, APPROXIMATELY 9 TOTAL, VERIFY QUANTITY IN FIELD PRIOR TO PLACING ORDER.
- CROSS CONNECTION VERIFICATION AND TESTING: TURN OFF THE VALVE TO IRRIGATION MAIN LINE FROM NEW RECYCLED WATER LINE, VERIFY THAT NO WATER IS PRESENT AT THE QUICK COUPLING VALVES, REMOTE CONTROL VALVES AND THE PLUMBING AT THE EXISTING WELL SITE. TURN OFF THE WATER METER SERVICING THE DRINKING FOUNTAIN AND DOG PARK. VERIEY THAT NO WATER IS PRESENT AT THE DRINKING FOUNTAINS AND THE DOG WATERING DEVICE. TURN ON THE RECYCLED WATER SOURCE AND VERIFY ONCE AGAIN THAT NO WATER IS PRESENT IN THE DRINKING FOUNTAIN AND DOG WATERING DEVICE.
- 7. PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING NEW SPRINKLERS TO THE CITY OF HEALDSBURG: 7-HUNTER MODEL 1-25-ARS
- ADJUST AND/OR RENOZZLE ALL SPRAY SPRINKLERS IN THE PARKING LOT AREA TO ELEIMINATE OVERSPRAY ON ASPHALT.
- REMOVE ALL HUNTER I-20 SPRINKLERS IN THE 3 PLANTERS WHERE PICNIC TABLES ARE LOCATED. ABANDON PIPING. INSTALL A NEW DRIP SYSTEM PER PLANS AND DETAILS.











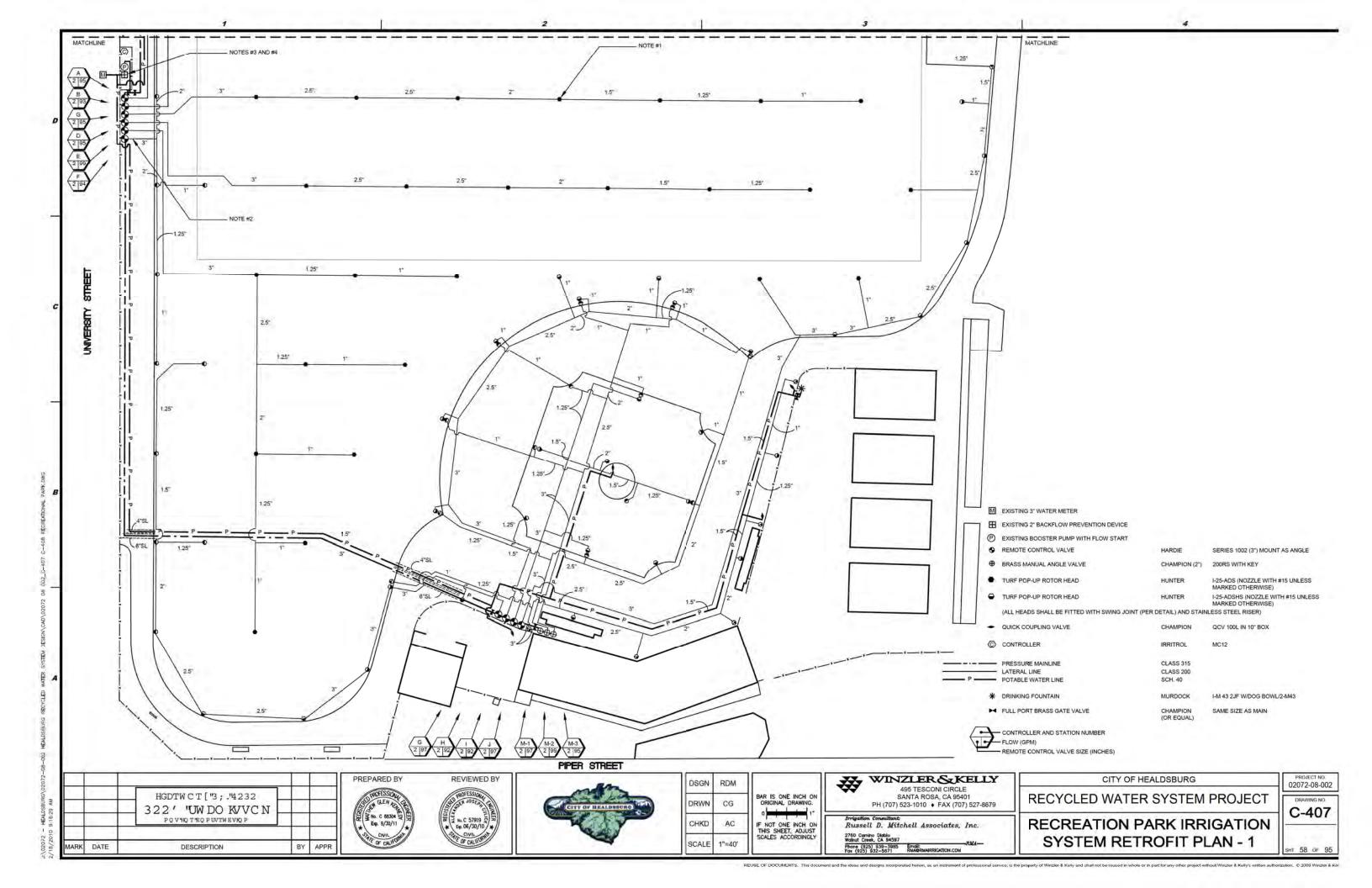
IF NOT ONE INCH ON THIS SHEET, ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY

2760 Camine Diable Walnut Creek, CA 9459 Phone (925) 939-3985 Email: Fax (925) 932-5671 RMADRMARRIGATION.COM CITY OF HEALDSBURG

02072-08-002

C-406

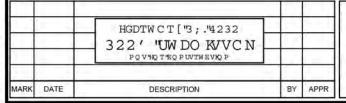
WINZLER & KELLY DSGN RDM 495 TESCONI CIRCLE SANTA ROSA, CA 95401 BAR IS ONE INCH ON RECYCLED WATER SYSTEM PROJECT PH (707) 523-1010 • FAX (707) 527-8679 BADGER PARK IRRIGATION SYSTEM Russell D. Mitchell Associates, Inc. **RETROFIT PLAN - 2**



IRRIGATION NOTES

- REPLACE EXISTING HUNTER I-25 COVERS WITH PURPLE COVERS TO DESIGNATE RECYCLED WATER QUANTITY AS FOLLOWS:
- REPLACE EXISTING REMOTE CONTROL VALVE BOX AND CRATE VALVE BOX COVERS WITH PURPLE COVERS. COVER SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STAMPED OR MOLDED WITH THE WORDS, "RECYCLED WATER-DO NOT DRINK," BOXES ARE STANDARD 14" X 19", CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY BOX MANUFACTURER FOR PROPER FIT. EACH REMOTE CONTROL VALVE SHALL BE TAGGED WITH A RECYCLED WATER IDENTIFICATION TAG WITH THE WORDS, "WARNING-RECYCLED WATER-NOT FOR DRINKING" ON ONE SIDE AND "AVISO-NO ES PARA REBER" ON THE OTHER, IDENTIFICATION TAGS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY AFFIXED TO THE REMOTE CONTROL VALVE. USE CHRISTY 3" X 4" (MAXI) POLYURETHANE TAGS.

 APPROXIMATELY 16 TOTAL, VERIFY QUANTITY IN FIELD PRIOR TO PLACING ORDER.
- REMOVE DISCHARGE LINE BETWEEN BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY AND BOOSTER PUMP. RECONNECT THE DISCHARGE OF THE BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY INTO THE 1 1/2" POTABLE WATER LINE THAT SERVICES THE DRINKING FOUNTAINS, RESTROOMS, AND QUICK COUPLING VALVES, CUT AND CAP THE 1 1/2" POTABLE WATER LINE THAT IS PRESENTLY CONNECTED INTO THE 2" LINE BETWEEN THE EXISTING WATER METER AND THE BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY.
- CONNECT THE NEW RECYCLED WATER MAIN LINE TO THE EXISTING SUCTION LINE TO THE BOOSTER PUMP. INSTALL A NEW 2" TURBO WATER METER IN THE RECYCLED WATER MAIN LINE. THE STATIC WATER PRESSURE WILL BE APPROXIMATELY 48 PSI AND THE REQUIRED FLOW WILL BE 125 GALLONS PER MINUTE. THE EXISTING BOOSTER PUMP WILL BE LEFT IN SERVICE WITH A PRESSURE SETTING OF 85 PSI.
- CROSS CONNECTION VERIFICATION AND TESTING, TURN OFF THE VALVE TO IRRIGATION MAIN LINE FROM NEW RECYCLED WATER LINE, VERIFY THAT NO WATER IS PRESENT AT THE REMOTE CONTROL VALVES AND THE PLUMBING AT THE EXISTING BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY. TURN OFF THE WATER METER SERVICING THE DRINKING FOUNTAINS, RESTROOM, QUICK COUPLING VALVES, FFA OUTLETS, PIPER STREET RESTROOMS, BOYS AND GIRLS CLUB STADIUM, VERIFY THAT NO WATER IS PRESENT AT THE DRINKING FOUNTAINS, RESTROOM, STADIUM, VERIFY THAT NO WATER IS PRESENT AT THE DRINKING FOUNTAINS, RESTROOM, QUICK COUPLING VALVES, FFA OUTLETS, PIPER STREET RESTROOMS, BOYS AND GIRLS CLUB STADIUM. TURN ON THE RECYCLED WATER SOURCE AND VERIFY ONCE AGAIN THAT NO WATER IS PRESENT IN THE DRINKING FOUNTAINS, RESTROOM, QUICK COUPLING VALVE, FFA OUTLETS, PIPER STREET RESTROOMS, BOYS AND GIRLS CLUB STADIUM.









١	DSGN	RDM	
l	DRWN	CG	
l	CHKD	AC]
	SCALE	1"=40"	

BAR IS ONE INCH OF ORIGINAL DRAWING. IF NOT ONE INCH ON THIS SHEET, ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY



WINZLER & KELLY 495 TESCONI CIRCLE

SANTA ROSA, CA 95401 PH (707) 523-1010 • FAX (707) 527-8679

Russell D. Mitchell Associates, Inc. 2760 Carnino Diablo Walnut Creek, CA 94597

CITY OF HEALDSBURG

RECYCLED WATER SYSTEM PROJECT

RECREATION PARK IRRIGATION SYSTEM RETROFIT PLAN - 2

02072-08-002

C-408